

DOCCS FACT SHEET

June 1, 2025

The management and operation of prisons is difficult work. It requires an equal measure of patience, discipline and creativity. DOCCS is responsible for the care, custody, and treatment of individuals sentenced to state prison, working with these incarcerated individuals to ensure successful re-entry into the community and supervising those who are placed on parole. That's our Department's mission and it's the guide we follow to carry out the very serious responsibility entrusted to us.

The material contained within this Fact Sheet is based on statistical information compiled by DOCCS and it is intended to provide insight into the function and operation of the Department's 42 facilities that house 31,194 incarcerated individuals and the supervision of 17,835 active releasees in New York State. In total, there are 24,610 parolees currently under DOCCS' responsibility, which includes parolees actively reporting in New York and out-of-state, those in the violation process, in absconding status, deported, or locally incarcerated.

Prison Safety

Statewide Assaults									
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025									
Assaults on Staff Statewide	1,052	1,177	1,473	1,671	2,069	785			
Assaults on Incarcerated Individuals Statewide	1,207	1,107	1,489	2,112	2,980	984			

Maximum vs. Medium Facility Incarcerated Individual-on-Staff Assaults* 2020-2025										
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025				
Assaults on Staff Statewide	1,052	1,177	1,473	1,671	2,069	785				
Maximum-Security*	773	886	1,014	957	1,318	544				
Medium-Security	263	287	435	694	727	239				

^{*}Includes disciplinary confinement SHU units and Regional Medical Units.

Note: Unlike the Penal Law where physical injury is a required element, any attack by an incarcerated individual is classified by DOCCS as an assault. This includes events where no physical injury occurs and events where any object, including a small object, is thrown at and hits another person. By contrast, in the Penal Law, an assault requires physical injury, which means impairment of physical condition or substantial pain.

2025 1st Quarter Assaults				
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Total
Assault on Incarcerated Individual	252	165	184	601
Assault on Staff	165	162	147	474
Total	417	327	331	1,075

	Assault Degree of Injury to Staff											
Incident Type: Staf	Incident Type: Staff Injuries during an Incarcerated Individual on Incarcerated Individual Assault											
	Mar '25	Apr '25	May '25		Total							
No Injury	647	719	589		1955							
Minor*	22	25	16		63							
Moderate**	0	1	0		1							
Serious***	0	0	0		0							
Severe****	0	0	0		0							
Total	669	745	605		2019							
Incident Type: Staff	Injuries during	g an Incarc	erated Indiv	idua	on Staff Assault							
	Mar '25	Apr '25	May '25		Total							
No Injury	661	659	611		1931							
Minor*	162	130	234		526							
Moderate**	23	15	18		56							
Serious***	3	0	1		4							
Severe****	0	0	0		0							
Total	849	804	864		2517							

Note: This table is based upon the number of staff injuries sustained in assaults on staff and assaults on incarcerated individuals each month and not the number of incidents.

Effective October 1, 2014, per Article VII bill, DOCCS added a category of severe and redefined injury definitions.

Escape Incidents

- The last escape from within a maximum security secure perimeter was 2015 at Clinton Correctional Facility; prior to 2015 the last escape was in 2003.
- The last escape from within a medium security secure perimeter was 1992 at Mid-Orange Correctional Facility.

Prison Closures

- Since 1999, New York's prison population has declined by approximately 54 percent, from a high of 72.649 incarcerated individuals to 31,194 (6/2/25).
- Since 2011, the State has eliminated more than 15,000 prison beds and closed a total of 26 correctional facilities due to excess bed capacity resulting in an overall annual savings of approximately \$492 million.
- DOCCS security staff reductions have been consistent with incarcerated population declines.
 In each of the prison closure years, more than 96% of affected employees remained employed, retired or resigned.

^{*}Injuries that require either no treatment, minimal treatment (scratch, bruise, aches/pain) or precautionary treatment.

^{**} Injuries such as lacerations, concussions, 2nd degree burns, serious sprains, dislocation, and muscle or ligament damage.

^{***}Injuries that require transport to an outside hospital but are not considered life-threatening at the preliminary report.

^{****} Ínjuries that cause obvious disfigurement, protracted impairment of health, loss or impairment of organ function, amputation, and injuries that risk cause of death.

	DC	OCCS Sec	urity Staff	f and Incarcer	ated Popu	lation	
End of Year	Correction Officers Sergeants Lieutenants Positions Filled	Numeric Change	Percent Change	Incarcerated Population	Numeric Change	Percent Change	Staffing Ratio (Incarcerated Population vs. Filled Uniform Staff Positions)
2003	20,794	-464	-2.2%	66,110	-1,549	-2.3%	3.2
2004	21,068	274	1.3%	64,905	-1,205	-1.8%	3.1
2005	21,420	352	1.7%	63,930	-975	-1.5%	3.0
2006	21,505	85	0.4%	64,410	480	0.8%	3.0
2007	21,414	-91	-0.4%	63,425	-985	-1.5%	3.0
2008	21,404	-10	0.0%	60,933	-2,492	-3.9%	2.8
2009	20,602	-802	-3.7%	59,279	-1,654	-2.7%	2.9
2010	20,652	50	0.2%	57,229	-2,050	-3.5%	2.8
2011	19,647	-1,005	-4.9%	55,979	-1,250	-2.2%	2.8
2012	19,192	-455	-2.3%	54,865	-1,114	-2.0%	2.9
2013	19,145	-47	-0.2%	54,142	-723	-1.3%	2.8
2014	19,002	-143	-0.7%	53,103	-1,039	-1.9%	2.8
2015	19,360	358	1.9%	52,344	-759	-1.4%	2.7
2016	19,233	-127	-0.7%	51,466	-878	-1.7%	2.7
2017	19,242	9	0.0%	50,271	-1,195	-2.3%	2.6
2018	19,295	53	0.3%	47,459	-2,812	-5.6%	2.5
2019	19,072	-223	-1.2%	44,334	-3,125	-6.6%	2.3
2020	18,541	-531	-2.8%	34,446	-9,888	-22.3%	1.9
2021	17,415	-1,126	-6.1%	30,746	-3,700	-10.7	1.8
2022	16,178	-1,237	-7.1%	31,329	583	1.8%	1.9
2023	15,143	-1,035	-6.4%	32,766	1,437	4.6%	2.2
2024	14,095	-1,048	-6.9%	33,677	911	2.7%	2.4

Staffing and Population Differences									
12/31/99 6/2/25 Numeric Percent Change									
Correction Officers, Sergeants, Lieutenants	22,112	11,089	11,023	-49.9%					
Incarcerated Individuals	72,649	31,194	40,955	-57.1%					

	D	occs	Correc	ctional	Facility	Secur	ity Pers	onnel	(Counc	il 82/N`	YSCOPB	A Staff)	
As of December	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	June 2025
Council 82														
Lieutenants	483	482	472	475	471	480	478	470	436	413	407	424	393	366
NYSCOPBA														
Sergeants	1,196	1,190	1,175	1,172	1,179	1,193	1,184	1,171	1,094	1,028	1,052	1,043	1,002	910
Officers	17,741	17,627	17,569	17,635	17,601	17,581	17,528	17,431	17,071	15,974	14,846	13,676	12,700	9813
Subtotal	18,937	18,817	18,744	18,807	18,780	18,774	18,712	18,602	18,165	17,002	15,898	14,719	13,702	10723
Total	19,420	19,300	19,216	19,282	19,251	19,254	19,190	19,072	18,601	17,415	16,305	15,143	14,095	11,089

Community Supervision Staffing as of June 2, 2025						
Supervising Parole Officers	26					
Senior Parole Officers	86					
Parole Officers	397					
Total	509					

^{*}Average caseload cannot be determined using this data

	Number and Percent of Incarcerated Individuals Convicted of a Violent Felony Offense In Male Maximum and Medium Security Facilities June 1 st of Selected Years (<i>Males Only</i>)									
		2016			2021			2025		
	Number of VFOs	Incarcerated Individuals	%	Number of VFOs	Incarcerated Individuals	%	Number of VFOs	Incarcerated Individuals	%	
Maximum Facilities	17,917	22,158	80.9%	13,779	16,088	85.6%	12,505	14,241	87.8%	
Medium Facilities	14,180	25,647	55.3%	8,991	13,755	65.4%	9,747	14,892	65.5%	

SHU Cell Occupants Effective Beginning of Business									
Inmate Status	3/1/2025	4/1/2025	5/1/2025	6/1/2025					
SHU Disciplinary Sanction	142	326	343	310					
KEEPLOCK Disciplinary Sanction	0	0	0	0					
Administrative Segregation	0	0	0	0					
Involuntary Protective Custody	0	0	0	0					
Pending Disciplinary Hearing	243	173	124	131					
Pending Movement From Unit	20	4	4	1					
Pending Investigation	0	0	0	0					
Special Watch	0	0	0	0					
Voluntary Protective Custody	0	0	0	0					
TOTAL SHU Cell Occupants									
(Excluding Youthful Offenders)	405	503	471	442					

Statewide Incarcerated Individuals Convicted of a Violent Felony Offense Under Custody Population at End of Year 2021-2025								
End of Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025 YTD			
Violent Offenders	22,706	23,208	24,020	24,392	23,177			

	2020 Releases by Return Rate											
Release Type And Release Cohort	Total Released	Total Returned Return Type New Commitment			Return Type Parole Violator							
2020 Releases	15,809	3,022	19.1%	1,168	7.4%	1,854	11.7%					
Parole	7,216	1,694	23.5%	536	7.4%	1,158	16.0%					
Conditional Release	7,402	1,162	15.7%	466	6.3%	696	9.4%					
Maximum Expiration	1,191	166	13.9%	166	13.9%	N/A	N/A					

Note: DOCCS defines recidivism as recommitment or return to NYS DOCCS custody after an incarcerated individual's sanctioned release to the community.

Note: DOCCS followed a 2020 release cohort for three years to obtain the return rate data in the above table. *This recidivism information is from the 2019 and 2020 Release from Custody Three Year Post-Release Follow-Up Report

Correctional Facility by Manner of Death: YTD 2025							
Facility	Manner of Death						
	Accident	Homicide	Natural Causes	Suicide	Overdose	Unknown	Total
Albion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attica	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Auburn	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
Bare Hill	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bedford Hills	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Cayuga	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Clinton	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Collins	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Coxsackie	0	0	6	1	0	4	11
Eastern	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elmira	0	0	1	1	0	3	5
Fishkill	0	0	3	0	0	1	4
Five Points	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Franklin	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Gouverneur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green Haven	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Greene	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Groveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Marcy	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Mid-State	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Mohawk	0	0	6	0	0	2	8
Queensboro	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Shawangunk	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sing Sing	0	0	0	0	0	5	5
Ulster	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Upstate	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Wallkill	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wende	0	0	1	1	0	4	6
Woodbourne	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Wyoming	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Total	0	0	19	3	0	37	59

Note: Unusual Incident Data is preliminary as of June 1, 2025 and is subject to change. Deaths are categorized during unusual incident reporting and are subject to change upon receipt of an official autopsy report.