



Corrections and Community Supervision

DOCCS FACT SHEET

September 1, 2023

The management and operation of prisons is difficult work. It requires an equal measure of patience, discipline and creativity. DOCCS is responsible for the care, custody, and treatment of individuals sentenced to state prison, working with these incarcerated individuals to ensure successful re-entry into the community and supervising those who are placed on parole. That's our Department's mission and it's the guide we follow to carry out the very serious responsibility entrusted to us.

The material contained within this Fact Sheet is based on statistical information compiled by DOCCS and it is intended to provide insight into the function and operation of the Department's 44 facilities that house 32,333 incarcerated individuals and 25,093 parolees under DOCCS' responsibility.

Prison Safety

Statewide Assaults						
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Assaults on Staff Statewide	990	1,043	1,052	1,177	1,473	1,027
Assaults on Incarcerated Individuals Statewide	1,166	1,267	1,206	1,107	1,488	1,348

Maximum vs. Medium Facility Incarcerated Individual-on-Staff Assaults* 2018-2023						
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023 YTD
Assaults on Staff Statewide	990	1043	1,052	1,177	1,473	1,027
Maximum-Security*	722	769	774	887	1,019	601
Medium-Security	237	249	262	286	430	410

*Includes disciplinary confinement SHU 200 units and Regional Medical Units.

Note: Unlike the Penal Law where physical injury is a required element, any attack by an incarcerated individual is classified by DOCCS as an assault. This includes events where no physical injury occurs and events where any object, including a small object, is thrown at and hits another person. By contrast, in the Penal Law, an assault requires physical injury, which means impairment of physical condition or substantial pain.

2022 2 nd Quarter Assaults					
	Apr	May	Jun		Total
Assault on Incarcerated Individual	157	208	180		545
Assault on Staff	112	112	147		371
Total	269	320	327		916

Assault Degree of Injury to Staff					
Incident Type: Staff Injuries during an Incarcerated Individual on Incarcerated Individual Assault					
	June	July	Aug		Total
No Injury	624	782	600		2,006
Minor*	15	15	12		42
Moderate**	1	0	0		1
Serious***	0	0	0		0
Severe****	0	0	0		0
Total	640	797	612		2,049
Incident Type: Staff Injuries during an Incarcerated Individual on Staff Assault					
	June	July	Aug		Total
No Injury	550	554	694		1,798
Minor*	206	219	278		703
Moderate**	21	12	18		51
Serious***	10	2	4		16
Severe****	0	0	0		0
Total	787	787	994		2,568

Note: This table is based upon the number of staff injuries sustained in assaults on staff and assaults on incarcerated individuals each month and not the number of incidents.

Effective October 1, 2014, per Article VII bill, DOCCS added a category of severe and redefined injury definitions.

*Injuries that require either no treatment, minimal treatment (scratch, bruise, aches/pain) or precautionary treatment.

** Injuries such as lacerations, concussions, 2nd degree burns, serious sprains, dislocation, and muscle or ligament damage.

***Injuries that require transport to an outside hospital but are not considered life-threatening at the preliminary report.

**** Injuries that cause obvious disfigurement, protracted impairment of health, loss or impairment of organ function, amputation, and injuries that risk cause of death.

Escape Incidents

- The last escape from within a maximum security secure perimeter was 2015 at Clinton Correctional Facility; prior to 2015 the last escape was in 2003.
- The last escape from within a medium security secure perimeter was 1992 at Mid-Orange Correctional Facility.

Prison Closures

- Since 1999, New York's prison population has declined by 55.5 percent, from a high of 72,649 incarcerated individuals to 32,327 (8/1/23).
- Since 2011, the State has eliminated more than 13,000 prison beds and closed a total of 24 correctional facilities due to excess bed capacity resulting in an overall annual savings of approximately \$442 million.
- DOCCS security staff reductions have been consistent with incarcerated population declines. In each of the prison closure years, more than 96% of affected employees remained employed, retired or resigned.

DOCCS Security Staff and Incarcerated Population

December	Correction Officers Sergeants Lieutenants Positions Filled	Numeric Change	Percent Change	Incarcerated Population	Numeric Change	Percent Change	Staffing Ratio (Incarcerated Population vs. Filled Uniform Staff Positions)
2003	20,794	-464	-2.2%	66,110	-1,549	-2.3%	3.2
2004	21,068	274	1.3%	64,905	-1,205	-1.8%	3.1
2005	21,420	352	1.7%	63,930	-975	-1.5%	3.0
2006	21,505	85	0.4%	64,410	480	0.8%	3.0
2007	21,414	-91	-0.4%	63,425	-985	-1.5%	3.0
2008	21,404	-10	0.0%	60,933	-2,492	-3.9%	2.8
2009	20,602	-802	-3.7%	59,279	-1,654	-2.7%	2.9
2010	20,652	50	0.2%	57,229	-2,050	-3.5%	2.8
2011	19,647	-1,005	-4.9%	55,979	-1,250	-2.2%	2.8
2012	19,192	-455	-2.3%	54,865	-1,114	-2.0%	2.9
2013	19,145	-47	-0.2%	54,142	-723	-1.3%	2.8
2014	19,002	-143	-0.7%	53,103	-1,039	-1.9%	2.8
2015	19,360	358	1.9%	52,344	-759	-1.4%	2.7
2016	19,233	-127	-0.7%	51,466	-878	-1.7%	2.7
2017	19,242	9	0.0%	50,271	-1,195	-2.3%	2.6
2018	19,295	53	0.3%	47,459	-2,812	-5.6%	2.5
2019	19,072	-223	-1.2%	44,334	-3,125	-6.6%	2.3
2020	18,541	-531	-2.8%	34,446	-9,888	-22.3%	1.9
2021	17,415	-1,126	-6.1%	30,746	-3,700	-10.7%	1.8
2022	16,178	-1,237	-7.1%	31,329	583	1.8%	1.9

Staffing and Population Differences

	12/31/99	9/1/23	Numeric Difference	Percent Change
Correction Officers Sergeants Lieutenants	22,112	15,418	6,694	-30.3%
Incarcerated Individuals	72,649	32,333	40,322	-55.5%

DOCCS Correctional Facility Security Personnel (Council 82/NYSCOPBA Staff)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Council 82														
Lieutenants	521	458	483	482	472	475	471	480	478	470	436	413	407	429
NYSCOPBA														
Sergeants	1,256	1,169	1,196	1,190	1,175	1,172	1,179	1,193	1,184	1,171	1,094	1,028	1,052	1,029
Officers	18,930	17,945	17,741	17,627	17,569	17,635	17,601	17,581	17,528	17,431	17,071	15,974	14,846	13,960
Subtotal	20,186	19,114	18,937	18,817	18,744	18,807	18,780	18,774	18,712	18,602	18,165	17,002	15,898	14,989
Total	20,707	19,572	19,420	19,300	19,216	19,282	19,251	19,254	19,190	19,072	18,601	17,415	16,305	15,418

**Number and Percent of Incarcerated Individuals Convicted of a Violent Felony Offense
In Male Maximum and Medium Security Facilities
September 1st of Selected Years (Males Only)**

	2013 YTD			2018 YTD			2023 YTD		
	Number of VFOs	Incarcerated Individuals	%	VFO	Incarcerated Individuals	%	VFO	Incarcerated Individuals	%
Maximum Facilities	18,695	22,987	81.3%	16,931	20,634	82.1%	12,604	14,407	87.5%
Medium Facilities	15,292	27,043	56.5%	13,324	23,621	56.4%	10,207	15,799	64.6%

**SHU Cell Occupants
Effective Beginning of Business**

Inmate Status	6/1/2023	7/1/2023	8/1/2023	9/1/2023
SHU Disciplinary Sanction	218	338	218	161
KEELOCK Disciplinary Sanction	0	0	0	0
Administrative Segregation	0	0	0	0
Involuntary Protective Custody	0	0	0	0
Pending Disciplinary Hearing	134	101	187	140
Pending Movement From Unit	2	2	1	1
Pending Investigation	0	0	0	0
Special Watch	0	0	0	0
Voluntary Protective Custody	0	0	0	0
TOTAL SHU Cell Occupants (Excluding Youthful Offenders)	354	441	406	302

Statewide Incarcerated Individuals Convicted of a Violent Felony Offense

End of Year	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023 YTD
Violent Offenders	29,623	25,193	22,706	23,208	23,755

2018 Releases by Return Rate

Release Type And Release Cohort	Total Released	Total Returned		Return Type New Commitment		Return Type Parole Violator	
2018 Releases	20,921	6,613	31.6%	1,198	5.7%	5,415	25.9%
Parole	9,804	3,889	39.7%	528	5.4%	3,361	34.3%
Conditional Release	9,173	2,473	27.0%	419	4.6%	2,054	22.4%
Maximum Expiration	1,944	251	12.9%	251	12.9%	N/A	N/A

Note: DOCCS defines recidivism as recommitment or return to NYS DOCCS custody after an incarcerated individual's sanctioned release to the community.

Note: DOCCS followed a 2018 release cohort of formerly incarcerated individuals for three years to obtain the return rate data in the above table.

Correctional Facility by Manner of Death: YTD 2023						
Facility	Manner of Death					
	Accident	Homicide	Natural Causes	Suicide	Unknown	Total
Albion	0	0	0	0	1	1
Attica	0	0	0	0	2	2
Auburn	0	0	0	0	3	3
Bare Hill	0	0	1	0	0	1
Bedford Hills	0	0	1	0	0	1
Clinton	0	0	0	3	0	3
Collins	0	0	0	0	1	1
Coxsackie	0	0	5	0	0	5
Elmira	0	0	1	1	3	5
Fishkill	0	0	2	0	1	3
Five Points	0	0	0	0	2	2
Gouverneur	0	0	0	0	2	2
Great Meadow	0	0	1	0	1	2
Green Haven	0	0	2	2	1	5
Hudson	0	0	0	0	1	1
Marcy	0	0	1	0	0	1
Mohawk	0	0	11	0	1	12
Sing Sing	0	0	0	0	2	2
Upstate	0	0	0	1	0	1
Walkill	0	0	0	0	1	1
Wende	0	0	8	1	3	12
Total	0	0	33	8	26	66

Note: Unusual Incident Data is preliminary as of September 1, 2023 and is subject to change. Deaths are categorized during unusual incident reporting and are subject to change upon receipt of an official autopsy report.

Community Supervision Staffing and Cases by Region/Bureau*		
(start of month data - excludes staff and parolees in the revocation process)		
Region/Bureau	Number of Parolees	Number of Parole Officers & Senior Parole Officers
Bronx Region		
Bureau II	465	17
Bureau III	447	11
Bureau IV	599	16
Bureau V	523	16
Brooklyn Region		
Bureau I	455	12
Bureau II	497	10
Bureau III	500	12
Bureau IV	587	14

Central New York		
Syracuse	795	27
Utica	647	19
Watertown Sub	434	13
Northern Front	226	7
Elmira	407	14
Binghamton Sub	290	10
Hudson Valley Region		
New Rochelle	633	16
Albany	836	20
Poughkeepsie	889	19
Albany Belt	849	25
Manhattan/Staten Island		
Manhattan Bureau II	470	8
Manhattan Bureau III	501	11
Manhattan Bureau IV	364	10
Manhattan Bureau VI	615	19
Staten Island Sub	308	9
Queens/Long Island		
Queens Bureau I	819	18
Queens Bureau II	705	21
Suffolk	788	22
Nassau	490	18
Western Region		
Buffalo Metro	604	17
Niagara Frontier	302	8
Rochester Metro	533	14
Rochester Belt	408	14
Rochester SOU	490	21
Southern Tier Sub	474	13

***Average case load size cannot be determined using this data**