



Corrections and Community Supervision

DOCCS FACT SHEET

March 1, 2023

The management and operation of prisons is difficult work. It requires an equal measure of patience, discipline and creativity. DOCCS is responsible for the care, custody, and treatment of individuals sentenced to state prison, working with these incarcerated individuals to ensure successful re-entry into the community and supervising those who are placed on parole. That's our Department's mission and it's the guide we follow to carry out the very serious responsibility entrusted to us.

The material contained within this Fact Sheet is based on statistical information compiled by DOCCS and it is intended to provide insight into the function and operation of the Department's 44 facilities that house 31,616 incarcerated individuals and 26,034 parolees under DOCCS' responsibility.

Prison Safety

Statewide Assaults*						
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Assaults on Staff Statewide**	990	1,043	1,052	1,177	1,471	231
Assaults on Incarcerated Individuals Statewide**	1,166	1,267	1,206	1,107	1,488	279

*Excludes Edgecombe and Parole Diversion Programs.

**Includes disciplinary confinement SHU 200 units and Regional Medical Units.

Maximum vs. Medium Facility Incarcerated Individual-on-Staff Assaults* 2017-2023						
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023 YTD
Assaults on Staff Statewide	972	1033	1,047	1,177	1,469	231
Maximum-Security*	722	769	774	885	1,015	143
Medium-Security	237	249	262	284	430	82

Excludes Edgecombe and Parole Diversion Programs.

*Includes disciplinary confinement SHU 200 units and Regional Medical Units.

Note: Unlike the Penal Law where physical injury is a required element, any attack by an incarcerated individual is classified by DOCCS as an assault. This includes events where no physical injury occurs and events where any object, including a small object, is thrown at and hits another person. By contrast, in the Penal Law, an assault requires physical injury, which means impairment of physical condition or substantial pain.

2022 4 th Quarter Assaults					
	Oct	Nov	Dec		Total
Assault on Incarcerated Individual	125	133	145		403
Assault on Staff	119	118	119		356
Total	244	251	264		759

Assault Degree of Injury to Staff					
Incident Type: Staff Injured during an Incarcerated Individual on Incarcerated Individual Assault					
	Dec	Jan	Feb		Total
No Injury	474	538	412		1,424
Minor*	11	12	9		32
Moderate**	0	0	0		0
Serious***	0	0	0		0
Severe****	0	0	0		0
Total	485	550	421		1,456
Incident Type: Staff Injured during an Incarcerated Individual on Staff Assault					
	Dec	Jan	Feb		Total
No Injury	448	461	458		1,367
Minor*	151	182	185		518
Moderate**	9	9	5		23
Serious***	3	4	4		11
Severe****	0	0	0		0
Total	611	656	652		1,919

Note: Excludes Edgecombe, residential treatment facilities and Parole Diversion Programs and is based upon staff injuries sustained in Unusual Incidents each month, including employee accidents. Effective October 1, 2014, per Article VII bill, DOCCS added a category of severe and redefined injury definitions.

*Injuries that require either no treatment, minimal treatment (scratch, bruise, aches/pain) or precautionary treatment.

** Injuries such as lacerations, concussions, 2nd degree burns, serious sprains, dislocation, and muscle or ligament damage.

***Injuries that require transport to an outside hospital but are not considered life-threatening at the preliminary report.

**** Injuries that cause obvious disfigurement, protracted impairment of health, loss or impairment of organ function, amputation, and injuries that risk cause of death.

Escape Incidents

- The last escape from within a maximum security secure perimeter was 2015 at Clinton Correctional Facility; prior to 2015 the last escape was in 2003.
- The last escape from within a medium security secure perimeter was 1992 at Mid-Orange Correctional Facility.

Prison Closures

- Since 1999, New York's prison population has declined by 56.5 percent, from a high of 72,649 incarcerated individuals to 31,616 (3/1/23).
- Since 2011, the State has eliminated more than 13,000 prison beds and closed a total of 24 correctional facilities due to excess bed capacity resulting in an overall annual savings of approximately \$442 million.

- DOCCS security staff reductions have been consistent with incarcerated population declines. In each of the prison closure years, more than 96% of affected employees remained employed, retired or resigned.

DOCCS Security Staff and Incarcerated Population							
December	Correction Officers Sergeants Lieutenants Positions Filled	Numeric Change	Percent Change	Incarcerated Population	Numeric Change	Percent Change	Staffing Ratio Incarcerated Population Versus Filled Uniform Staff Positions
2003	20,794	-464	-2.2%	66,110	-1,549	-2.3%	3.2
2004	21,068	274	1.3%	64,905	-1,205	-1.8%	3.1
2005	21,420	352	1.7%	63,930	-975	-1.5%	3.0
2006	21,505	85	0.4%	64,410	480	0.8%	3.0
2007	21,414	-91	-0.4%	63,425	-985	-1.5%	3.0
2008	21,404	-10	0.0%	60,933	-2,492	-3.9%	2.8
2009	20,602	-802	-3.7%	59,279	-1,654	-2.7%	2.9
2010	20,652	50	0.2%	57,229	-2,050	-3.5%	2.8
2011	19,647	-1,005	-4.9%	55,979	-1,250	-2.2%	2.8
2012	19,192	-455	-2.3%	54,865	-1,114	-2.0%	2.9
2013	19,145	-47	-0.2%	54,142	-723	-1.3%	2.8
2014	19,002	-143	-0.7%	53,103	-1,039	-1.9%	2.8
2015	19,360	358	1.9%	52,344	-759	-1.4%	2.7
2016	19,233	-127	-0.7%	51,466	-878	-1.7%	2.7
2017	19,242	9	0.0%	50,271	-1,195	-2.3%	2.6
2018	19,295	53	0.3%	47,459	-2,812	-5.6%	2.5
2019	19,072	-223	-1.2%	44,334	-3,125	-6.6%	2.3
2020	18,541	-531	-2.8%	34,446	-9,888	-22.3%	1.9
2021	17,415	-1,126	-6.1%	30,746	-3,700	-10.7	1.8
2022	16,178	-1,237	-7.1%	31,329	583	1.8%	1.9

Staffing and Population Differences				
	12/31/99	3/1/23	Numeric Difference	Percent Change
Correction Officers Sergeants Lieutenants	22,112	16,091	6,021	-27.2%
Incarcerated Individuals	72,649	31,616	41,033	-56.5%

DOCCS Correctional Facility Security Personnel
Council 82/NYSCOPBA Staff

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Council 82														
Lieutenants	521	458	483	482	472	475	471	480	478	470	436	413	407	431
NYSCOPBA														
Sergeants	1,256	1,169	1,196	1,190	1,175	1,172	1,179	1,193	1,184	1,171	1,094	1,028	1,052	1,038
Officers	18,930	17,945	17,741	17,627	17,569	17,635	17,601	17,581	17,528	17,431	17,071	15,974	14,846	14,622
Subtotal	20,186	19,114	18,937	18,817	18,744	18,807	18,780	18,774	18,712	18,602	18,165	17,002	15,898	15,660
Total	20,707	19,572	19,420	19,300	19,216	19,282	19,251	19,254	19,190	19,072	18,601	17,415	16,305	16,091

**Number and Percent of Incarcerated Individuals Convicted of a Violent Felony Offense
In Male Maximum and Medium Security Facilities
March 1st of Selected Years**

	2013 YTD			2018 YTD			2023 YTD		
	VFO	Incarcerated Individuals	%	VFO	Incarcerated Individuals	%	VFO	Incarcerated Individuals	%
Maximum Facilities	18,540	22,921	80.9%	17,109	21,061	81.2%	12,549	14,256	88.0%
Medium Facilities	15,369	27,320	56.3%	13,522	24,306	55.6%	9,946	15,302	65.0%

Note: This table includes incarcerated individuals at the following parole program facilities: Edgecombe, Orleans, and Hudson PDP.

**SHU Cell Occupants
Effective Beginning of Business**

Inmate Status	12/1/2022	1/1/2023	2/1/2023	3/1/2023
SHU Disciplinary Sanction	285	205	203	279
KEEPLOCK Disciplinary Sanction	0	0	0	0
Administrative Segregation	0	0	0	0
Involuntary Protective Custody	0	0	0	0
Pending Disciplinary Hearing	113	159	146	130
Pending Movement From Unit	0	0	2	1
Pending Investigation	0	0	0	1
Special Watch	0	0	0	0
Voluntary Protective Custody	0	0	0	0
TOTAL SHU Cell Occupants (Excluding Youthful Offenders)	398	364	351	411

Statewide Incarcerated Individuals Convicted of a Violent Felony Offense

End of Year	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023 YTD
Violent Offenders	29,623	25,193	22,706	23,208	23,408

Note: This table includes individuals at the following parole program facilities: Edgecombe Residential Treatment, and Orleans and Hudson Parole Diversion Program

2018 Releases by Return Rate							
Release Type And Release Cohort	Total Released	Total Returned		Return Type New Commitment		Return Type Parole Violator	
2018 Releases	20,921	6,613	31.6%	1,198	5.7%	5,415	25.9%
Parole	9,804	3,889	39.7%	528	5.4%	3,361	34.3%
Conditional Release	9,173	2,473	27.0%	419	4.6%	2,054	22.4%
Maximum Expiration	1,944	251	12.9%	251	12.9%	N/A	N/A

Note: DOCCS defines recidivism as recommitment or return to NYS DOCCS custody after an incarcerated individual's sanctioned release to the community.

Note: DOCCS followed a 2018 release cohort of formerly incarcerated individuals for three years to obtain the return rate data in the above table.

Community Supervision Staffing and Cases by Region/Bureau*		
(start of month data - excludes staff and parolees in the revocation process)		
Region/Bureau	Number of Parolees	Number of Parole Officers & Senior Parole Officers
Bronx Region		
Bureau II	507	16
Bureau III	425	13
Bureau IV	650	13
Bureau V	584	14
Brooklyn Region		
Bureau I	516	18
Bureau II	507	13
Bureau III	528	16
Bureau IV	600	18
Central New York		
Syracuse	817	24
Utica	638	22
Watertown Sub	466	7
Northern Front	242	0
Elmira	414	16
Binghamton Sub	322	11
Hudson Valley Region		
New Rochelle	549	14
Peekskill Sub	156	14
Albany	817	22
Poughkeepsie	918	18
Albany Belt	878	0
Manhattan/Staten Island		
Manhattan Bureau II	435	16
Manhattan Bureau III	542	11
Manhattan Bureau IV	290	12
Manhattan Bureau VI	656	21
Staten Island Sub	312	9

Queens/Long Island		
Queens Bureau I	825	10
Queens Bureau II	721	18
Suffolk	820	14
Nassau	489	15
Western Region		
Buffalo Metro	653	18
Niagara Frontier	300	10
Rochester Metro	565	19
Rochester Belt	422	15
Rochester SOU	531	27
Southern Tier Sub	462	12

***Average case load size cannot be determined using this data**