



Corrections and Community Supervision

DOCCS FACT SHEET

January 1, 2022

The management and operation of prisons is difficult work. It requires an equal measure of patience, discipline and creativity. DOCCS is responsible for the care, custody, and treatment of individuals sentenced to state prison, working with these incarcerated individuals to ensure successful re-entry into the community and supervising those who are placed on parole. That's our Department's mission and it's the guide we follow to carry out the very serious responsibility entrusted to us.

The material contained within this Fact Sheet is based on statistical information compiled by DOCCS and it is intended to provide insight into the function and operation of the Department's 50 facilities that house 30,746 incarcerated individuals and 31,582 parolees under DOCCS' responsibility.

Prison Safety

Statewide Assaults*						
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Assaults on Staff Statewide**	759	799	972	1,033	1,048	1,173
Assaults on Incarcerated Individuals Statewide**	1,135	1,224	1,165	1,265	1,205	1,106

*Excludes Willard, Edgecombe and Parole Diversion Programs.

**Includes disciplinary confinement SHU 200 units and Regional Medical Units.

Maximum vs. Medium Facility Incarcerated Individual-on-Staff Assaults* 2016-2021						
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Assaults on Staff Statewide	759	799	972	1,033	1,048	1,173
Maximum-Security*	552	567	722	769	774	885
Medium-Security	198	214	237	249	262	284

Excludes Willard, Edgecombe and Parole Diversion Programs.

*Includes disciplinary confinement SHU 200 units and Regional Medical Units.

Note: Unlike the Penal Law where physical injury is a required element, any attack by an incarcerated individual is classified by DOCCS as an assault. This includes events where no physical injury occurs and events where any object, including a small object, is thrown at and hits another person. By contrast, in the Penal Law, an assault requires physical injury, which means impairment of physical condition or substantial pain.

2021 4 th Quarter Assaults				
	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Assault on Incarcerated Individual	82	101	113	296
Assault on Staff	104	109	125	338
Total	186	210	238	634

Assault Degree of Injury to Staff				
Incident Type: Staff Injured during an Incarcerated Individual on Incarcerated Individual Assault				
	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
No Injury	335	407	417	1,159
Minor*	8	3	10	21
Moderate**	0	0	0	0
Serious***	0	0	0	0
Severe****	0	0	0	0
Total	343	410	427	1,180
Incident Type: Staff Injured during an Incarcerated Individual on Staff Assault				
	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
No Injury	448	444	511	1,403
Minor*	145	192	164	501
Moderate**	20	6	5	31
Serious***	6	4	1	11
Severe****	0	0	0	0
Total	619	646	681	1,946

Note: Excludes Willard, Edgecombe, residential treatment facilities and Parole Diversion Programs and is based upon staff injuries sustained in Unusual Incidents each month, including employee accidents. Effective October 1, 2014 per Article VII bill, DOCCS added a category of severe and redefined injury definitions.

*Injuries that require either no treatment, minimal treatment (scratch, bruise, aches/pain) or precautionary treatment.

** Injuries such as lacerations, concussions, 2nd degree burns, serious sprains, dislocation, and muscle or ligament damage.

***Injuries that require transport to an outside hospital but are not considered life-threatening at the preliminary report.

**** Injuries that cause obvious disfigurement, protracted impairment of health, loss or impairment of organ function, amputation, and injuries that risk cause of death.

Escape Incidents

- The last escape from within a maximum security secure perimeter was 2015 at Clinton Correctional Facility; prior to 2015 the last escape was in 2003.
- The last escape from within a medium security secure perimeter was 1992 at Mid-Orange Correctional Facility.

Prison Closures

- Since 1999, New York's prison population has declined by 57.7 percent, from a high of 72,649 incarcerated individuals (includes Willard DTC) to 30,746 (1/1/22).

- Since 2011, the State has eliminated more than 10,000 prison beds and closed a total of 18 correctional facilities due to excess bed capacity resulting in an overall annual savings of approximately \$300 million.
- DOCCS security staff reductions have been consistent with incarcerated population declines. In each of the prison closure years, more than 96% of affected employees remained employed, retired or resigned.

DOCCS Security Staff and Incarcerated Population							
December	Correction Officers Sergeants Lieutenants Positions Filled	Numeric Change	Percent Change	Incarcerated Population (includes Willard)	Numeric Change	Percent Change	Staffing Ratio Incarcerated Population Versus Filled Uniform Staff Positions
2003	20,794	-464	-2.2%	66,110	-1,549	-2.3%	3.2
2004	21,068	274	1.3%	64,905	-1,205	-1.8%	3.1
2005	21,420	352	1.7%	63,930	-975	-1.5%	3.0
2006	21,505	85	0.4%	64,410	480	0.8%	3.0
2007	21,414	-91	-0.4%	63,425	-985	-1.5%	3.0
2008	21,404	-10	0.0%	60,933	-2,492	-3.9%	2.8
2009	20,602	-802	-3.7%	59,279	-1,654	-2.7%	2.9
2010	20,652	50	0.2%	57,229	-2,050	-3.5%	2.8
2011	19,647	-1,005	-4.9%	55,979	-1,250	-2.2%	2.8
2012	19,192	-455	-2.3%	54,865	-1,114	-2.0%	2.9
2013	19,145	-47	-0.2%	54,142	-723	-1.3%	2.8
2014	19,002	-143	-0.7%	53,103	-1,039	-1.9%	2.8
2015	19,360	358	1.9%	52,344	-759	-1.4%	2.7
2016	19,233	-127	-0.7%	51,466	-878	-1.7%	2.7
2017	19,242	9	0.0%	50,271	-1,195	-2.3%	2.6
2018	19,295	53	0.3%	47,459	-2,812	-5.6%	2.5
2019	19,072	-223	-1.2%	44,334	-3,125	-6.6%	2.3
2020	18,541	-531	-2.8%	34,446	-9,888	-22.3%	1.9
2021	17,415	-1,126	-6.1%	30,746	-3,700	-10.7	1.8

Staffing and Population Differences				
	12/31/99	1/1/22	Numeric Difference	Percent Change
Correction Officers Sergeants Lieutenants	22,112	17,415	4,697	-21.2%
Incarcerated Individuals (includes Willard)	72,649	30,746	41,903	-57.7%

DOCCS Correctional Facility Security Personnel
Council 82/NYSCOPBA Staff

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Council 82														
Lieutenants	535	526	521	458	483	482	472	475	471	480	478	470	436	413
NYSCOPBA														
Sergeants	1,289	1,236	1,256	1,169	1,196	1,190	1,175	1,172	1,179	1,193	1,184	1,171	1,094	1,028
Officers	19,522	18,955	18,930	17,945	17,741	17,627	17,569	17,635	17,601	17,581	17,528	17,431	17,071	15,974
Subtotal	20,811	20,191	20,186	19,114	18,937	18,817	18,744	18,807	18,780	18,774	18,712	18,602	18,165	17,002
Total	21,346	20,717	20,707	19,572	19,420	19,300	19,216	19,282	19,251	19,254	19,190	19,072	18,601	17,415

**Number and Percent of Incarcerated Individuals Convicted of a Violent Felony Offense
In Male Maximum and Medium Security Facilities
January 1st of Selected Years**

	2012			2017			2022		
	VFO	Incarcerated Individuals	%	VFO	Incarcerated Individuals	%	VFO	Incarcerated Individuals	%
Maximum Facilities	19,224	24,115	79.7%	17,682	21,795	81.1%	12,696	14,593	87.0%
Medium Facilities	14,826	27,228	54.5%	13,853	25,259	54.8%	9,132	14,003	65.2%

Note: This table includes incarcerated individuals at the following parole program facilities: Edgecombe, Willard, Orleans, and Hudson PDP.

**SHU Cell Occupants
Effective Beginning of Business**

Inmate Status	10/1/2021	11/1/2021	12/1/2021	1/1/2022
SHU Disciplinary Sanction	1,136	1,131	1,174	1,268
KEEPLOCK Disciplinary Sanction	330	304	101	44
Administrative Segregation	8	8	7	7
Involuntary Protective Custody	31	30	33	36
Pending Disciplinary Hearing	277	260	325	319
Pending Movement From Unit	37	54	55	64
Pending Investigation	0	0	0	0
Special Watch	0	5	1	2
Voluntary Protective Custody	24	22	31	20
TOTAL SHU Cell Occupants (Excluding Youthful Offenders)	1,843	1,814	1,727	1,760

Statewide Incarcerated Individuals Convicted of a Violent Felony Offense

End of Year	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent Offenders	32,908	32,236	31,093	29,623	25,193	22,706

Note: This table includes individuals at the following parole program facilities: Edgecombe Residential Treatment, Orleans and Hudson Parole Diversion Programs and Willard Drug Treatment Campus.

2015 Releases by Return Rate							
Release Type And Release Cohort	Total Released	Total Returned		Return Type New Commitment		Return Type Parole Violator	
2015 Releases	20,776	8,744	42.1%	1,831	8.8%	6,913	33.3%
Parole	8,352	4,377	52.4%	681	8.2%	3,696	44.3%
Conditional Release	10,259	3,946	38.5%	729	7.1%	3,217	31.4%
Maximum Expiration	2,165	421	19.4%	421	19.4%	N/A	N/A

Note: DOCCS defines recidivism as recommitment or return to NYS DOCCS custody after an incarcerated individual's sanctioned release to the community.

Note: DOCCS followed a 2015 release cohort of formerly incarcerated individuals for three years to obtain the return rate data in the above table.

Community Supervision Staffing and Cases by Region/Bureau*		
(start of month data - excludes staff and parolees in the revocation process)		
Region/Bureau	Number of Parolees	Number of Parole Officers & Senior Parole Officers
Bronx Region		
Bureau I	925	19
Bureau II	754	19
Bureau III	616	13
Bureau IV	658	15
Bureau V	740	15
Brooklyn Region		
Bureau I	937	22
Bureau II	716	14
Bureau III	1,040	19
Bureau IV	1,015	17
Central New York		
Northeast	583	16
Plattsburgh Sub	363	8
Syracuse Belt	596	15
Syracuse	975	27
Utica	1,028	28
Watertown Sub	357	8
Hudson Valley Region		
New Rochelle	803	16
Peekskill	784	18
Albany	1,034	24
Schenectady	915	23
Poughkeepsie	898	20
Manhattan/Staten Island		
Manhattan Bureau II	572	16
Manhattan Bureau III	1,027	12
Manhattan Bureau IV	967	12

Manhattan Bureau VI	707	23
Staten Island	526	11
Queens/Long Island		
Queens Bureau I	674	12
Queens Bureau II	1,057	19
Queens Bureau III	792	16
Long Island SOU	704	16
Suffolk	870	16
Nassau	661	16
Western Region		
Buffalo Metro	1,110	25
Niagara Frontier	497	12
Elmira	642	16
Binghamton Sub	524	10
Rochester Metro	1,115	20
Rochester Belt	651	18
Rochester SOU	847	24
Southern Tier Sub	766	16

***Average case load size cannot be determined using this data**