



Corrections and Community Supervision

Community Supervision

Legislative Report

2019

Community Supervision Legislative Report 2019

This annual report was produced in response to legislation enacted in 2011 that merged the former Department of Correctional Services and the former Division of Parole into the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision (see Correction Law Section 201 (15)).

That legislation required the Commissioner of the new agency to provide an annual report to the legislature regarding: parolees released from prison to community supervision, parolees supervised on community supervision, parolees whose community supervision was revoked for violating the conditions of release, parolees who were returned to prison for a new offense, and parolees under community supervision who were transferred out of state to be supervised. This report provides the legislature with the required information. The Department has issued six previous reports and they can be found at <http://www.doccs.ny.gov/Research/Research.html>. All references to community supervision refer to parole supervision; probationers are not included in the report.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	i
SECTION 1 <i>Parolees Released to Community Supervision</i>	1
SECTION 2 <i>Parolees Under Community Supervision</i>	5
SECTION 3 <i>Violation Process</i>	19
SECTION 4 <i>Parolees Removed from Community Supervision</i>	22
SECTION 5 <i>Parolees Supervised Out-of-State</i>	29
SECTION 6 <i>Parolees Supervised from Other States</i>	30

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- There were 20,969 releases to supervision during 2018. This was a decrease of 15% from the 24,647 releases in 2009 (Table 1).
- In 2018, 6,514 or 31% of releases to community supervision were Board Releases. This was a decrease of 10% from the 7,270, Board Releases in 2009 (Table 1). This decrease was primarily a result of the change in drug offender sentencing from indeterminate to determinate beginning in 2004.
- Between 2017 and 2018, Board Releases increased by 18% as the result of an increase in Parole Board approved rates.
- Between 2009 and 2018, the proportion of Violent Felony Offenders (VFO) and A-I Violent Offenders released to community supervision increased from 33% to 41%. During the same period of time, the proportion of Drug Offenders released to community supervision decreased from 37% to 22% (Table 2).
- Since 2014, the active parolee population under community supervision has increased from 35,634 to 36,127, which represents an increase of 1%. During the same period of time, the incarcerated offender population has decreased by 11%, from 53,103 to 47,459 (Figure 1).
- While the total number of parolees under community supervision decreased between 2009 and 2018, the number and proportion of parolees under community supervision for violent offenses increased from 16,665 (43%) at the end of 2009 to 19,215 (53%) at the end of 2018 (Table 7).
- On December 31, 2018, 31% of parolees on the street were supervised at COMPAS Supervision Level 1 (25:1), 13% at Level 2 (40:1), 25% at Level 3 (80:1), and 30% at Level 4 (160:1) (Table 12).
- The number of ultimate violation process outcomes for parole violators with sustained charges increased by 5%, from 12,202 in 2014 to 12,822 during 2018. The majority of violation outcomes in 2018 (72%) were ordered to prison, Willard or an Alternative 90 or 45 Day Program, while 28% were revoked and restored to the street or a program in the community (Table 15).
- The number of parolees returned to prison for new felony convictions declined 14% between 2009 and 2018. The number of parolees returned to prison for violating the conditions of parole decreased 20% during the same time period (Table 17).
- While 31% of the parolees being supervised were Level 1, 45% of the parolees returned to prison were Level 1. Conversely, 30% of parolees were supervised at Level 4, but only 9% of parolees returned to prison were Level 4 (Table 22).

- Among 2018 returns to prison for violating the conditions of parole, the largest proportion started the violation process with an absconder warrant (40%), followed by a technical warrant (32%) (Table 23).
- At the end of 2018, there were 1,512 parolees from New York who were being supervised out-of-state under the Interstate Compact. This was an increase of 16% since 2014 (Table 24).
- At the end of 2018, there were 1,193 parolees from other states who were being actively supervised in New York under the Interstate Compact. This was an increase of 8% since 2014 (Table 25).

Section 1 – Parolees Released to Community Supervision

There are four major mechanisms through which parolees are released to parole supervision in the community: 1) Board of Parole decision, 2) Presumptive Release, 3) Conditional Release, and 4) Other Release.

Board releases are the result of the Parole Board making decisions to release parolees from prison to parole supervision. Board releases include releases as a result of Final Deportation and Shock interviews.

Presumptive releases are releases from prison in which the Commissioner of the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision (DOCCS) makes determinations that inmates should be released from prison after having served at least 5/6 of their minimum sentences. For these releases, the Board of Parole sets the conditions of parole supervision in the community.

Conditional releases are releases in which inmates have reached their conditional release dates (typically 6/7 of a determinate sentence; 2/3 of an indeterminate sentence) and are automatically released from prison on that date, unless good time has been lost while in prison.

The Other Release category includes: being on parole supervision in another state and requesting transfer to New York (Co-op cases), being judicially sentenced to parole supervision (i.e., Judicially Sentenced to the Willard Drug Treatment Campus), being a juvenile offender released to parole supervision directly from The Office of Children and Family Services (OCFS), being placed on parole supervision directly from local jail, and being placed on a specialized sex offender caseload in the community after a determination is made by the court (SIST¹).

- There were 20,969 releases to supervision during 2018, an increase of 1% from the 20,695 releases in 2017 and a decrease of 15% from the 24,647 releases in 2009 (Table 1).
- In 2018, 6,514 or 31% of releases to community supervision were Board releases. This was a decrease of 10% (-756) since 2009, when 29% of releases were Board releases. This decrease of 756 releases since 2009 was primarily a result of changes in drug offender sentencing from indeterminate to determinate beginning in 2004. This represented an increase of 18% (+985) due to an increase in Parole Board approval rates between 2017 and 2018 (Table 1).

¹ SIST stands for Strict and Intensive Supervision and Treatment. Sex offender parolees can be placed on this type of community supervision caseload as part of the civil management process in New York. Parolees must be referred (usually by DOCCS) for civil management prior to release from prison or discharge from parole supervision and evaluated by the Office of Mental Health (OMH). If OMH determines that the parolee suffers from a “mental abnormality”, the case is referred to the Attorney General for possible litigation. If the Attorney General proceeds with litigation, the parolee is entitled to a jury trial; a unanimous verdict is required for a parolee to be involuntarily confined or placed under intensive supervision. If the court finds that the parolee warrants Civil Management, but can safely be supervised in the community, he or she will be allowed to live in the community while supervised on a SIST caseload, as long as he or she complies with all the conditions set by the Board of Parole, does not break the law and receives the treatment he or she needs. For additional information on this topic, the following report can be referenced:

http://www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/nsor/somta_report_april2008.pdf

- There were 12,944 conditional releases during 2018, which was a decrease of 5% from 2017 (Table 1).
- The number of Conditional releases decreased by 2,557 or 16% between 2009 and 2018 (Table 1).
- Presumptive releases began in 2003. There were 21 presumptive releases during 2018. This was a decrease of 96% from the 541 presumptive releases in 2008 (Table 1).
- Among Other Releases, the number of Judicially Sanctioned (JS) offender releases increased by 65% from 535 in 2009 to 881 in 2018 (Table 1).
- In 2018, there were 509 Co-Ops released from other states to Community Supervision, representing a decrease of 2% since 2009 (Table 1).
- The number of Juvenile Offender releases decreased by 55% from 131 releases in 2009 to 59 releases in 2018 (Table 1).
- Between 2009 and 2018, the proportion of VFO and A-I Violent Offenders released to community supervision increased from 33% to 41%. During the same period of time, the proportion of Drug Offenders released to community supervision decreased from 37% to 22% (Table 2).
- The COMPAS supervision model was implemented in January 2012. The four supervision levels and the accompanying supervision ratios (25:1, 40:1, 80:1, and 160:1) and reporting requirements were determined based on a number of risk factors, including: risk of absconding, risk of any arrest, and risk of VFO arrest. SIST cases are supervised at a 10:1 ratio and are included in the Level 1 category. Sex offenders and discretionary mental health cases are also supervised at Level 1.
- During 2018, 32% of offenders released to supervision were supervised at Level 1 (25:1), 14% were supervised at Level 2 (40:1), 27% at Level 3 (80:1) and 24% at Level 4 (160:1) (Table 3).
- Among 2018 releases, the Western region had the largest proportion of offenders supervised at Level 1, with 39%. Queens and Central NY regions had the smallest proportion of offenders supervised at Level 1, with 29% (Table 3).
- Among 2018 releases, the Brooklyn region had the largest proportion of offenders supervised at Level 4 (30%), while the Central NY and Western regions had the smallest proportion (20%) (Table 3).

TABLE 1: OFFENDERS RELEASED TO COMMUNITY SUPERVISION 2009-2018

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Releases to Community Supervision										
Board Releases	6,490	6,024	5,673	5,433	4,688	4,663	4,359	4,624	5,004	6,025
Final Deportations	74	48	65	54	40	29	23	15	23	19
Shock Board	706	790	868	719	778	659	547	530	503	470
Total Board	7,270	6,862	6,606	6,206	5,506	5,351	4,929	5,169	5,530	6,514
<i>Board Percent of Total Releases</i>	<i>29%</i>	<i>29%</i>	<i>29%</i>	<i>27%</i>	<i>25%</i>	<i>25%</i>	<i>24%</i>	<i>25%</i>	<i>27%</i>	<i>31%</i>
Presumptive Release	541	268	158	80	94	56	35	21	20	21
Total Board/Presumptive Release	7,811	7,130	6,764	6,286	5,600	5,407	4,964	5,190	5,550	6,535
<i>Board/Presumptive Percent of Total Releases</i>	<i>32%</i>	<i>30%</i>	<i>29%</i>	<i>28%</i>	<i>25%</i>	<i>25%</i>	<i>24%</i>	<i>25%</i>	<i>27%</i>	<i>30%</i>
Conditional Releases	15,501	15,595	15,230	15,298	15,179	14,759	14,064	14,296	13,655	12,944
<i>Conditional Percent of Total Releases</i>	<i>63%</i>	<i>65%</i>	<i>66%</i>	<i>67%</i>	<i>69%</i>	<i>68%</i>	<i>69%</i>	<i>68%</i>	<i>66%</i>	<i>62%</i>
Co-Ops from Other States	522	481	515	518	631	540	589	508	548	509
Judicially Sanctioned	535	539	527	586	624	741	763	828	834	881
Juvenile Offenders	131	102	86	70	84	92	62	69	61	59
Local Releases	117	52	27	20	15	22	11	16	14	12
SIST	30	15	21	23	19	22	38	38	33	29
Total Other Releases	1,335	1,189	1,176	1,217	1,373	1,417	1,463	1,459	1,490	1,490
<i>Other Percent of Total Releases</i>	<i>5%</i>	<i>5%</i>	<i>5%</i>	<i>5%</i>	<i>6%</i>	<i>7%</i>	<i>7%</i>	<i>7%</i>	<i>7%</i>	<i>7%</i>
GRAND TOTAL RELEASES	24,647	23,914	23,170	22,801	22,152	21,583	20,491	20,945	20,695	20,969

**TABLE 2: ORIGINAL CRIME OF COMMITMENT
OFFENDERS RELEASED TO COMMUNITY SUPERVISION 2009 TO 2018**

Calendar Year	A-I Violent and Legislative VFO		Other Coercive		Drug Offenses		Major Property		Other Felony		YO/JO		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2009	8,120	33%	1,727	7%	8,935	37%	3,257	13%	1,733	7%	758	3%	24,530	100%
2010	8,227	34%	1,604	7%	8,085	34%	3,355	14%	1,891	8%	700	3%	23,862	100%
2011	8,613	37%	1,607	7%	7,215	31%	3,085	13%	1,956	9%	667	3%	23,143	100%
2012	8,840	39%	1,726	8%	6,181	27%	3,208	14%	2,106	9%	720	3%	22,781	100%
2013	9,001	41%	1,620	7%	5,498	25%	3,279	15%	2,062	9%	677	3%	22,137	100%
2014	9,094	42%	1,642	8%	5,022	23%	3,256	15%	1,947	9%	600	3%	21,561	100%
2015	8,574	42%	1,636	8%	4,715	23%	3,123	15%	1,871	9%	563	3%	20,482	100%
2016	8,974	43%	1,891	9%	4,665	22%	3,195	15%	1,670	8%	535	3%	20,930	100%
2017	8,648	42%	1,962	9%	4,576	23%	3,172	15%	1,788	9%	535	3%	20,681	100%
2018	8,587	41%	2,036	10%	4,682	22%	3,286	16%	1,868	9%	498	2%	20,957	100%

Note: CY 2009 excludes 117 Local Releases. CY 2010 excludes 52 Local Releases. CY 2011 excludes 27 Local Releases. CY 2012 excludes 20 Local Releases. CY 2013 excludes 15 Local Releases. CY 2014 excludes 22 Local Releases. CY 2015 excludes 11 Local Releases. CY 2016 excludes 16 Local Releases. CY 2017 excludes 14 Local Releases. CY 2018 excludes 12 Local Releases.

**TABLE 3: COMPAS SUPERVISION LEVEL BY REGION FOR PAROLEES
RELEASED TO COMMUNITY SUPERVISION IN 2018**

Region	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Pending		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Queens-LI	802	29%	456	16%	772	27%	736	26%	45	2%	2,811	100%
Brooklyn	699	30%	212	9%	671	29%	692	30%	49	2%	2,323	100%
Manhattan	641	30%	244	11%	605	28%	624	29%	40	2%	2,154	100%
Bronx	697	32%	230	11%	607	28%	590	27%	47	2%	2,171	100%
Hudson Valley	917	32%	434	15%	751	26%	728	25%	48	2%	2,878	100%
Central NY	1,250	29%	767	18%	1,294	30%	839	20%	96	2%	4,246	100%
Western	1,694	39%	684	16%	1,007	23%	852	20%	57	1%	4,294	100%
Total	6,700	32%	3,027	14%	5,707	27%	5,061	24%	382	2%	20,877	100%

Note: Releases to Willard are included in the Central NY figures.
Note: Does not include offenders in NYC BSSN, Out of State, and unknown regions.

Section 2 – Parolees Under Community Supervision

This section presents information about parolees who were under supervision on December 31 of a particular year. This population reflects parolees under active supervision and, except where specifically reported, excludes parolees who are incarcerated in DOCCS facilities. Parolees on temporary release from prison and in community preparation status are also excluded from the figures.

- Since 2014, the active parolee population under community supervision has declined 1% from 35,634 to 36,127. This reduction is smaller than the 11% decrease in the prison population during the same time period (Figure 1).
- Between 2017 and 2018, the parolee population increased by 2%, while the prison population decreased by 6%.
- On December 31, 2018, the total parolee population was 46,413. Sixty percent (27,660) were streeted, or actively reporting to a parole officer. Out-of-state parolees made up 20% (9,477) of the parolee population. Eleven percent (5,106) were confined in local jails, federal or other facilities or in a DOCCS facility (Table 4).
- On December 31, 2018, there were 815 parolees incarcerated in DOCCS facilities. The majority of these individuals (65%) were housed in Parole Program Facilities, including Willard, Edgecombe Residential Treatment, Hale Creek PDP, and Orleans PDP (Table 5).
- On December 31, 2018, Property Offenders and Drug Offenders each accounted for 32% of the 815 incarcerated parolees under supervision (Table 6).
- The number of parolees under community supervision for drug offenses decreased 45% from 13,062 at the end of 2009 to 7,248 at the end of 2018. In 2009, 33% of parolees were drug offenders, compared to only 20% in 2018 (Table 7).
- While the total number of parolees under community supervision decreased between 2009 and 2018, the number of parolees under community supervision for violent offenses increased by 15% from 16,665 at the end of 2009 to 19,215 at the end of 2018. The proportion of parolees under supervision for violent offenses increased from 43% to 53% during the same time period. (Table 7).
- Almost half (47%) of the parolees under community supervision on December 31, 2018 were African-American. The median age of parolees was 38 and over half (51%) were from New York City. The large majority (93%) of parolees under supervision were male (Table 8).
- Fifty-four percent of parolees under community supervision had a history of drug abuse (Table 8).

- Of the parolees under community supervision, 3,360 or 9% were registered sex offenders (Tables 9A and 9B).
- Among the 2,490 female parolees under community supervision at the end of 2018, 31% were convicted of a Legislative VFO. The next largest crime category was Drug Offenses, which represented 26% of the female parolees (Tables 10A and 10B).
- On December 31, 2018, there were 162 Juvenile Offenders under community supervision. Nearly half (45%) of these Juvenile Offenders were age 25 or older (Table 11).
- On December 31, 2018, 31% of parolees on the street were supervised at COMPAS Supervision Level 1 (25:1), 13% at Level 2 (40:1), 25% at Level 3 (80:1), and 30% at Level 4 (160:1) (Table 12).
- Of the 36,127 active parolees on December 31, 2018, 4% or 1,443 were reported as veterans. The percentage of veterans among streeted parolees on December 31, 2018, was slightly higher at 5% (Table 13).

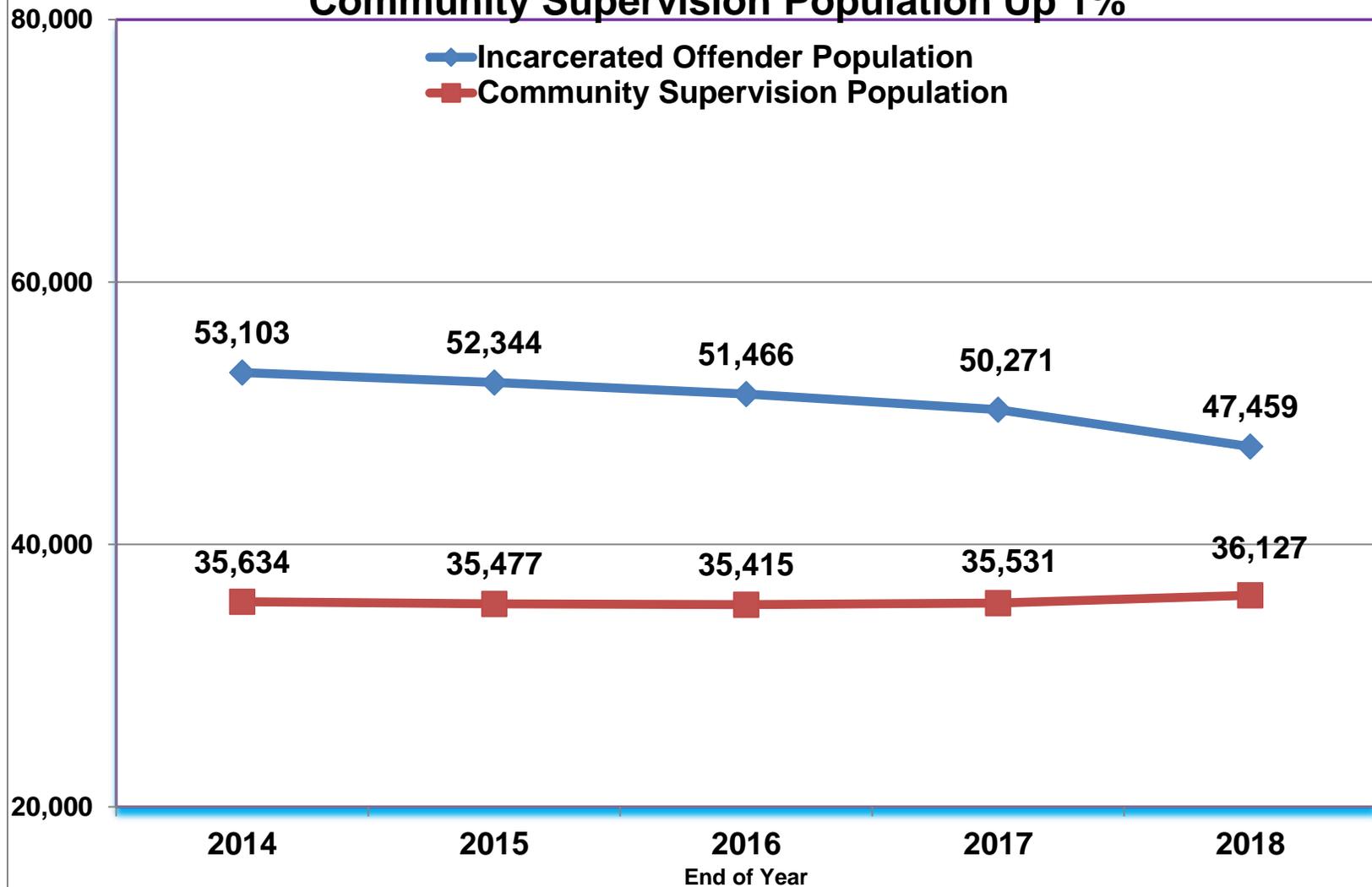
TABLE 4: COMMUNITY SUPERVISION POPULATION ALLOCATION
December 31, 2018

Total Streeted Parolees	27,660	59.6%
Absconders	3,320	7.2%
Other Active ¹	41	0.1%
In Violation Proceedings	5,106	11.0%
Total Active Parolee Population	36,127	77.8%
Incarcerated Parolees in DOCCS Facilities	815	1.7%
Out of State Parolees ²	9,477	20.4%
Total Parolee Population	46,419	100%

¹ Parolees whose deaths have not yet been verified or are in inactive supervision status.

² Parolees who have been deported, transferred to another state via the Interstate Compact or are incarcerated out of state.

**Figure 1: Incarcerated Offender Population Down 11% ;
Community Supervision Population Up 1%**



**TABLE 5: SECURITY LEVEL AND FACILITY BY GENDER
INCARCERATED PAROLEES UNDER CUSTODY DECEMBER 31, 2018**

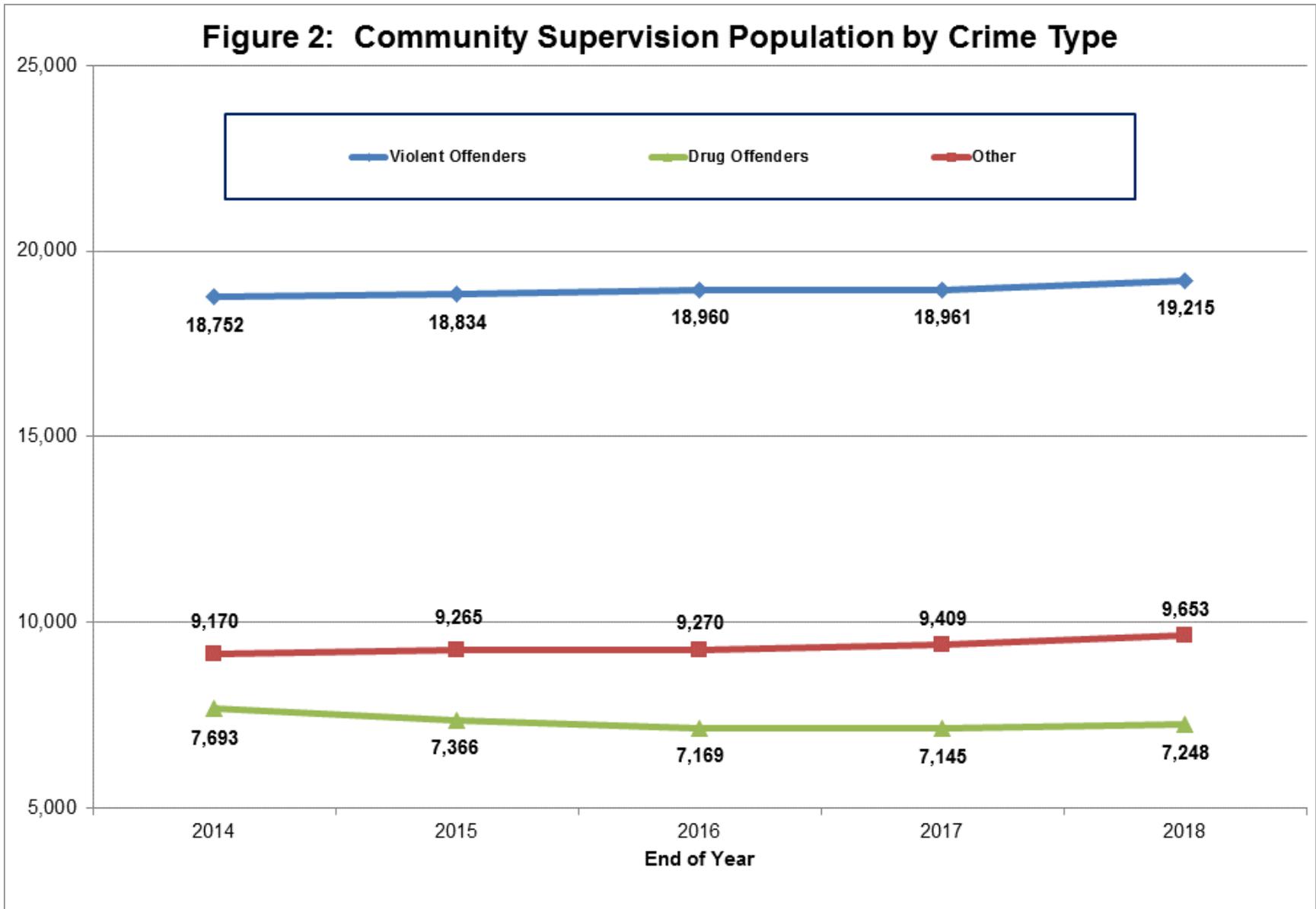
		GENDER		TOTAL
		MALE	FEMALE	
MAXIMUM SECURITY	AUBURN	7	0	7
	BEDFORD HILLS	0	18	18
	CLINTON	2	0	2
	DOWNSTATE	15	0	15
	EASTERN	0	0	0
	ELMIRA	17	0	17
	FISHKILL SHU200	3	0	3
	FIVE POINTS	20	0	20
	GREAT MEADOW	0	0	0
	GREEN HAVEN	22	0	22
	MOHAWK (WALSH)	2	0	2
	SULLIVAN	2	0	2
	WENDE	6	0	6
		SUBTOTAL	96	18
MEDIUM SECURITY	ALBION FEMALE	0	3	3
	ALBION INTAKE	0	3	3
	FISHKILL	110	0	110
	FRANKLIN	4	0	4
	HALE CREEK PDP*	6	0	6
	LIVINGSTON	1	0	1
	MARCY	5	0	5
	MID-STATE	7	0	7
	OLEANS	2	0	2
	TACONIC	0	3	3
	ULSTER	11	0	11
	WOODBOURNE	4	0	4
	SUBTOTAL	150	9	159
MINIMUM SECURITY	QUEENSBORO GENERAL	16	0	16
		SUBTOTAL	16	0
PAROLE PROGRAM FACILITY	EDGECOMBE RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT	60	0	60
	HALE CREEK PDP	41	0	41
	ORLEANS PDP	59	0	59
	WILLARD	295	0	295
	WILLARD FEMALE	0	71	71
	SUBTOTAL	455	71	526
GRAND TOTAL		717	98	815

*These individuals were judicially sanctioned to Willard, but were deemed medically unsuitable and are therefore participating in alternative programming at Hale Creek.

**TABLE 6: CRIME BY GENDER
INCARCERATED PAROLEES UNDER CUSTODY ON DECEMBER 31, 2018**

COMMITMENT OFFENSE TYPE		GENDER		TOTAL
		MALE	FEMALE	
VIOLENT FELONY	MURDER	2	0	2
	ATTEMPTED MURDER	2	0	2
	MANSLT 1ST, AG 2ND	3	0	3
	RAPE 1ST	18	0	18
	ROBBERY 1ST	14	0	14
	ROBBERY 2ND	23	1	24
	ASSAULT 1ST	4	0	4
	ASSAULT 2ND	11	0	11
	BURGLARY 1ST	2	0	2
	BURGLARY 2ND	26	0	26
	ARSON 1ST, 2ND	1	0	1
	SODOMY 1ST	5	0	5
	SEX AB 1ST, AG 2	47	0	47
	WEAPONS OFFENSES	19	0	19
	KIDNAPPING 1ST, 2ND	1	0	1
	OTHER VFO SEX OFFENSES	18	0	18
	OTHER VIOLENT	1	0	1
	SUBTOTAL	197	1	198
	<i>PERCENT VIOLENT FELONY</i>	<i>27%</i>	<i>1%</i>	<i>24%</i>
	OTHER COERCIVE	MANSLAUGHTER 2ND	2	0
ROBBERY 3RD		21	3	24
ATT ASSAULT 2ND		6	0	6
CONSPIRACY 2,3,4		5	0	5
OTHER WEAPONS		8	0	8
OTHER SEX OFFENSES		23	0	23
OTHER COERCIVE		5	0	5
SUBTOTAL		70	3	73
<i>PERCENT OTHER COERCIVE</i>	<i>10%</i>	<i>3%</i>	<i>9%</i>	
DRUG OFFENSES	DRUG SALE	83	17	100
	DRUG POSSESSION	133	30	163
	SUBTOTAL	216	47	263
<i>PERCENT DRUG OFFENSES</i>	<i>30%</i>	<i>48%</i>	<i>32%</i>	
PROPERTY & OTHER	BURGLARY 3RD	76	14	90
	GRAND LARCENY	42	10	52
	FORGERY	12	10	22
	STOLEN PROPERTY	19	1	20
	DRIVE INTOXICATED	22	8	30
	CONTEMPT 1ST	8	0	8
	ALL OTHER FELONIES	36	4	40
	SUBTOTAL	215	47	262
<i>PERCENT PROPERTY AND OTHER OFFENSES</i>	<i>30%</i>	<i>48%</i>	<i>32%</i>	
YOUTHFUL OFFENDER	SUBTOTAL	19	0	19
<i>PERCENT YOUTHFUL OFFENDER</i>	<i>3%</i>	<i>0%</i>	<i>2%</i>	
GRAND TOTAL	717	98	815	

Figure 2: Community Supervision Population by Crime Type



**TABLE 7: ORIGINAL CRIME OF COMMITMENT
OFFENDERS UNDER COMMUNITY SUPERVISION
DECEMBER 31**

The proportion of Violent Felony Offenders and A-I Violent Offenders among those under supervision has increased in recent years primarily due to early discharge options for non-violent offenders. As of December 31, 2018 over half (53%) of all offenders under Community Supervision were Violent Felony Offenders while one-fifth (20%) were Drug Offenders.

December 31	A-I Violent and Legislative VFO		Other Coercive		Drug Offenses		Major Property		Other Felony		YO/JO		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2009	16,665	43%	2,170	6%	13,062	33%	4,130	11%	2,124	5%	937	2%	39,088	100%
2010	16,857	44%	2,065	5%	11,913	31%	4,127	11%	2,276	6%	815	2%	38,053	100%
2011	17,495	47%	2,044	6%	10,587	29%	3,858	10%	2,293	6%	778	2%	37,055	100%
2012	18,133	50%	2,170	6%	9,285	25%	3,851	11%	2,377	6%	760	2%	36,576	100%
2013	18,385	51%	2,070	6%	8,331	23%	3,930	11%	2,493	7%	746	2%	35,955	100%
2014	18,752	53%	2,166	6%	7,693	22%	3,942	11%	2,361	7%	701	2%	35,615	100%
2015	18,834	53%	2,223	6%	7,366	21%	3,964	11%	2,335	7%	743	2%	35,465	100%
2016	18,960	54%	2,671	8%	7,169	20%	3,939	11%	1,982	6%	678	2%	35,399	100%
2017	18,961	53%	2,737	8%	7,145	20%	3,925	11%	2,088	6%	659	2%	35,515	100%
2018	19,215	53%	2,899	8%	7,248	20%	3,983	11%	2,146	6%	625	2%	36,116	100%

Note: Table 121 locals on December 31, 2009, 54 locals on December 31, 2010, 28 locals on December 31, 2011, 23 locals on December 31, 2012, 14 locals on December 31, 2013, 19 locals on December 31, 2014, 12 locals on December 31, 2015, 16 locals on December 31, 2016, 16 locals on December 31, 2017, and 11 locals on December 31, 2018.

The data in this table reflects parolees under community supervision in New York state and excludes parolees incarcerated in DOCCS facilities.

The sums of the percentage subtotals may not equal 100% due to rounding.

Major Property includes Burglary 3, Grand Larceny, Forgery and Stolen Property.

TABLE 8: COMMUNITY SUPERVISION OFFENDER FACTS*

The community supervision offender population is largely minority, poorly educated and underemployed. Over half (58%) of parolees live in New York City and Long Island.

December 31, 2018

Ethnicity		Service Needs	
47% - African-American		54% - Drug Abuse	
23% - Hispanic		39% - Alcohol Abuse	
26% - White		47% - Unemployment	
4% - Other		36% - No High School Diploma or Equivalency	
Sex		Residence	
93% - Male		51% - New York City	
7% - Female		7% - Long Island	
Age		42% - Upstate	
Median - 38			
Mean - 41			
Conviction Crime**			
<u>A-I Violent*** and VFO Offenses 53%</u>		<u>Drugs 20%</u>	
13% - Robbery		10% - Sale	
10% - Weapons		10% - Possesion	
9% - Burglary		<u>Property/Other 17%</u>	
8% - Assault		5%-Burglary	
7% - Murder/Manslaughter		4% - Larceny	
5% - Sex Offenses		3% - Other theft	
1% - Kidnapping/Arson		2% - DWI	
		3% - Other	
<u>Other Coercive 8%</u>		<u>YO/JO 2%</u>	
2% - Robbery		2% - YO/JO	
6% - Other			

* This information is for parolees under supervision in New York State and excludes parolees incarcerated in New York state correctional facilities.

**All conviction crimes reflect top charge.

***A-1 violent offenses include Murder, Attempted Murder 1st, Arson 1st and Kidnapping 1st. VFOs include other legislatively-designated violent felony offenses.

TABLE 9A: COMMUNITY SUPERVISION OFFENDER CHARACTERISTICS (NUMBERS)
December 31, 2018

The following table presents the characteristics of offenders supervised within New York State by Region. The figures exclude temporary release, community preparation and parolees incarcerated in DOCCS facilities.

	QUEENS/ LI	BROOKLYN	NYC ABSCONDERS*	MANHATTAN	BRONX	HUDSON VALLEY	CENTRAL NY	WESTERN NY	IN-STATE TOTAL
GENDER									
Male	5,258	4,436	1,988	3,796	4,477	3,669	4,494	5,519	33,637
Female	298	190	131	197	203	306	575	590	2,490
AGE									
16-17 years	5	1	0	2	5	3	3	4	23
18-20 years	59	42	7	44	41	47	72	90	402
21-29 years	1,301	1,010	217	828	1,024	987	1,251	1,512	8,130
30-39 years	1,785	1,362	368	1,118	1,349	1,282	1,813	2,065	11,142
40-49 years	1,168	1,011	482	862	999	818	977	1,231	7,548
50-59 years	914	916	575	801	904	595	659	831	6,195
60 years or older	324	284	470	338	358	243	294	376	2,687
RACE/ETHNICITY									
African American	2,896	3,084	835	2,095	2,331	1,810	1,320	2,657	17,028
Hispanic	1,226	1,099	997	1,411	2,007	680	417	639	8,476
White	1,130	312	200	347	196	1,343	3,190	2,670	9,388
Other	289	124	83	126	138	130	122	139	1,151
Unknown	15	7	4	14	8	12	20	4	84
DRUG ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	2,830	1,594	1,166	1,665	2,324	2,488	3,362	4,041	19,470
No	2,567	2,893	653	2,238	2,251	1,365	1,551	1,874	15,392
Unknown	159	139	300	90	105	122	156	194	1,265
ALCOHOL ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	2,012	990	801	989	1,393	1,900	2,612	3,418	14,115
No	3,384	3,495	1,002	2,914	3,181	1,953	2,301	2,497	20,727
Unknown	160	141	316	90	106	122	156	194	1,285
EMPLOYMENT STATUS**									
Employed	1,922	1,585	0	1,110	1,459	1,624	1,614	2,254	11,568
Unemployed	1,822	1,772	0	1,696	1,806	1,386	2,066	2,274	12,822
Unable to be Employed	161	191	0	207	235	183	333	384	1,694
Unknown	263	234	0	146	155	166	224	302	1,490
EDUCATION									
No Degree	1,850	1,838	1,157	1,659	2,129	1,143	1,473	1,873	13,122
High School Grad/GED	3,388	2,549	885	2,110	2,308	2,586	3,425	4,039	21,290
At Least Some College	318	239	77	224	243	246	171	197	1,715
ORIGINAL CONVICTION OFFENSE									
A-1 Violent	259	362	31	195	299	164	95	221	1,626
Legislative VFO	2,896	2,469	826	2,124	2,477	1,897	1,880	3,020	17,589
Other Coercive	486	386	113	300	349	302	473	490	2,899
Drug Offenses	969	656	874	836	945	800	1,222	949	7,251
Major Property	595	495	173	342	401	434	791	752	3,983
Other Felony	245	188	68	136	137	323	498	558	2,153
Youthful Offender	100	52	32	51	54	44	101	113	547
Juvenile Offender	6	18	2	9	18	11	9	6	79
SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY OFFENSE									
Yes	335	156	90	402	277	407	907	786	3,360
No	5,221	4,470	2,029	3,591	4,403	3,568	4,162	5,323	32,767
TOTAL CASES	5,556	4,626	2,119	3,993	4,680	3,975	5,069	6,109	36,127 ***

Notes:

* NYC Absconder Caseloads assigned to the Bureau of Special Services.

** Employment status is based on active offenders under supervision only so this information is not available for absconders.

*** Excludes 11 Local releases.

TABLE 9B: COMMUNITY SUPERVISION OFFENDER CHARACTERISTICS (PERCENTS)
December 31, 2018

The following table presents the characteristics of offenders supervised within New York State by Region. The figures exclude temporary release, community preparation and incarcerated parolees and have been adjusted for missing information.

	QUEENS/ LI	BROOKLYN	NYC ABSCONDERS*	MANHATTAN	BRONX	HUDSON VALLEY	CENTRAL NY	WESTERN NY	IN-STATE TOTAL
GENDER									
Male	95%	96%	94%	95%	96%	92%	89%	90%	93%
Female	5%	4%	6%	5%	4%	8%	11%	10%	7%
AGE									
16-17 years	<1%	<1%	0%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%
18-20 years	1%	1%	<1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
21-29 years	23%	22%	10%	21%	22%	25%	25%	25%	23%
30-39 years	32%	29%	17%	28%	29%	32%	36%	34%	31%
40-49 years	21%	22%	23%	22%	21%	21%	19%	20%	21%
50-59 years	16%	20%	27%	20%	19%	15%	13%	14%	17%
60 years or older	6%	6%	22%	8%	8%	6%	6%	6%	7%
RACE/ETHNICITY									
African American	52%	67%	39%	52%	50%	46%	26%	43%	47%
Hispanic	22%	24%	47%	35%	43%	17%	8%	10%	23%
White	20%	7%	9%	9%	4%	34%	63%	44%	26%
Other	5%	3%	4%	3%	3%	3%	2%	2%	3%
Unknown	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%
DRUG ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	51%	34%	55%	42%	50%	63%	66%	66%	54%
No	46%	63%	31%	56%	48%	34%	31%	31%	43%
Unknown	3%	3%	14%	2%	2%	3%	3%	3%	4%
ALCOHOL ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	36%	21%	38%	25%	30%	48%	52%	56%	39%
No	61%	76%	47%	73%	68%	49%	45%	41%	57%
Unknown	3%	3%	15%	2%	2%	3%	3%	3%	4%
EMPLOYMENT STATUS**									
Employed	46%	42%	N/A	35%	40%	48%	38%	43%	42%
Unemployed	44%	47%	N/A	54%	49%	41%	49%	44%	47%
Unable to be Employed	4%	5%	N/A	7%	6%	5%	8%	7%	6%
Unknown	6%	6%	N/A	5%	4%	5%	5%	6%	5%
EDUCATION									
No Degree	33%	40%	55%	42%	45%	29%	29%	31%	36%
High School Grad/GED	61%	55%	42%	53%	49%	65%	68%	66%	59%
At Least Some College	6%	5%	4%	6%	5%	6%	3%	3%	5%
ORIGINAL CONVICTION OFFENSE									
A-1 Violent	5%	8%	1%	5%	6%	4%	2%	4%	5%
Legislative VFO	52%	53%	39%	53%	53%	48%	37%	49%	49%
Other Coercive	9%	8%	5%	8%	7%	8%	9%	8%	8%
Drug Offenses	17%	14%	41%	21%	20%	20%	24%	16%	20%
Major Property	11%	11%	8%	9%	9%	11%	16%	12%	11%
Other Felony	4%	4%	3%	3%	3%	8%	10%	9%	6%
Youthful Offender	2%	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%	2%
Juvenile Offender	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%
SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY OFFENSE									
Yes	6%	3%	4%	10%	6%	10%	18%	13%	9%
No	94%	97%	96%	90%	94%	90%	82%	87%	91%
TOTAL CASES									
	5,556	4,626	2,119	3,993	4,680	3,975	5,069	6,109	36,127 ***
REGIONAL PERCENT									
	15%	13%	6%	11%	13%	11%	14%	17%	100% ***

Notes:

* NYC Absconder Caseloads assigned to the Warrant Squads and Bureau of Special Services.

** Employment status is based on streeted offenders under supervision only so this information is not available for absconders.

*** Excludes 11 Local releases.

**** Subtotal percentages may not equal 100% due to rounding.

TABLE 10A: CHARACTERISTICS OF FEMALE OFFENDERS UNDER COMMUNITY SUPERVISION (NUMBERS)
December 31, 2018

The following table presents the characteristics of offenders supervised within New York State by Region. The figures exclude temporary release, community preparation and parolees incarcerated in DOCCS facilities.

	QUEENS/ LI	BROOKLYN	NYC ABSCONDERS*	MANHATTAN	BRONX	HUDSON VALLEY	CENTRAL NY	WESTERN NY	IN-STATE TOTAL
AGE									
16-17 years	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
18-20 years	1	1	0	2	1	2	2	7	16
21-29 years	70	47	16	53	46	70	130	157	589
30-39 years	95	70	19	52	71	112	239	224	882
40-49 years	57	35	31	44	44	72	113	113	509
50-59 years	56	27	42	30	32	39	75	67	368
60 years or older	19	10	23	16	8	11	16	22	125
RACE/ETHNICITY									
African American	143	125	61	110	120	94	89	146	888
Hispanic	47	42	40	50	58	31	23	23	314
White	97	22	27	32	23	174	454	404	1,233
Other	11	0	2	4	1	6	6	15	45
Unknown	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	2	6
DRUG ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	148	78	78	87	111	207	431	436	1,576
No	142	107	34	109	89	87	123	144	835
Unknown	8	5	19	1	3	12	21	10	79
ALCOHOL ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	110	52	44	60	71	153	310	343	1,143
No	180	133	67	136	129	141	244	237	1,267
Unknown	8	5	20	1	3	12	21	10	80
EMPLOYMENT STATUS**									
Employed	100	72	0	50	65	114	164	191	756
Unemployed	114	67	0	96	87	121	282	270	1,037
Unable to be Employed	21	15	0	12	15	26	39	57	185
Unknown	12	8	0	6	5	13	32	23	99
EDUCATION									
No Degree	105	88	74	86	90	86	133	152	814
High School Grad/GED	152	91	51	93	96	197	410	393	1,483
At Least Some College	41	11	6	18	17	23	32	45	193
ORIGINAL CONVICTION OFFENSE									
A-1 Violent	15	8	0	9	8	5	7	8	60
Legislative VFO	121	82	32	83	93	96	104	170	781
Other Coercive	34	16	8	17	24	32	46	34	211
Drug Offenses	51	32	69	36	45	74	202	128	637
Major Property	59	37	16	38	23	67	145	156	541
Other Felony	16	11	4	10	8	31	67	83	230
Youthful Offender	2	4	2	3	1	1	4	11	28
Juvenile Offender	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY OFFENSE									
Yes	7	1	1	3	1	4	18	16	51
No	291	189	130	194	202	302	557	574	2,439
TOTAL CASES	298	190	131	197	203	306	575	590	2,490 ***

Notes:

* NYC Absconder Caseloads assigned to the Warrant Squads and Bureau of Special Services.

** Employment status is based on streeted offenders under supervision only so this information is not available for absconders.

*** Includes 2 Local releases.

TABLE 10B: CHARACTERISTICS OF FEMALE OFFENDERS UNDER COMMUNITY SUPERVISION (PERCENTS)

December 31, 2018

The following table presents the characteristics of offenders supervised within New York State by Region. The figures exclude temporary release, community preparation and incarcerated parolees and have been adjusted for missing information.

	QUEENS/ LI	BROOKLYN	NYC ABSCONDERS*	MANHATTAN	BRONX	HUDSON VALLEY	CENTRAL NY	WESTERN NY	IN-STATE TOTAL
AGE									
16-17 years	0%	0%	0%	0%	<1%	0%	0%	0%	<1%
18-20 years	<1%	<1%	0%	<1%	<1%	1%	<1%	1%	1%
21-29 years	23%	25%	12%	27%	23%	23%	23%	27%	24%
30-39 years	32%	37%	15%	26%	35%	37%	42%	38%	35%
40-49 years	19%	18%	24%	22%	22%	24%	20%	19%	20%
50-59 years	19%	14%	32%	15%	16%	13%	13%	11%	15%
60 years or older	6%	5%	18%	8%	4%	4%	3%	4%	5%
RACE/ETHNICITY									
African American	48%	66%	47%	56%	59%	31%	15%	25%	36%
Hispanic	16%	22%	31%	25%	29%	10%	4%	4%	13%
White	33%	12%	21%	16%	11%	57%	79%	68%	50%
Other	4%	0%	2%	2%	<1%	2%	1%	3%	2%
Unknown	0%	<1%	1%	0%	<1%	0%	<1%	<1%	<1%
DRUG ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	50%	41%	60%	44%	55%	68%	75%	74%	63%
No	48%	56%	26%	55%	44%	28%	21%	24%	34%
Unknown	3%	3%	15%	1%	1%	4%	4%	2%	3%
ALCOHOL ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	37%	27%	34%	30%	35%	50%	54%	58%	46%
No	60%	70%	51%	69%	64%	46%	42%	40%	51%
Unknown	3%	3%	15%	1%	1%	4%	4%	2%	3%
EMPLOYMENT STATUS**									
Employed	40%	44%	0	30%	38%	42%	32%	35%	36%
Unemployed	46%	41%	0	59%	51%	44%	55%	50%	50%
Unable to be Employed	9%	9%	0	7%	9%	9%	8%	11%	9%
Unknown	5%	5%	0	4%	3%	5%	6%	4%	5%
EDUCATION									
No Degree	35%	46%	56%	44%	44%	28%	23%	26%	33%
High School Grad/GED	51%	48%	39%	47%	47%	64%	71%	67%	60%
At Least Some College	14%	6%	5%	9%	8%	8%	6%	8%	8%
ORIGINAL CONVICTION OFFENSE									
A-1 Violent	5%	4%	0%	5%	4%	2%	<1%	1%	2%
Legislative VFO	41%	43%	24%	42%	46%	31%	18%	29%	31%
Other Coercive	11%	8%	6%	9%	12%	10%	8%	6%	8%
Drug Offenses	17%	17%	53%	18%	22%	24%	35%	22%	26%
Major Property	20%	19%	12%	19%	11%	22%	25%	26%	22%
Other Felony	5%	6%	3%	5%	4%	10%	12%	14%	9%
Youthful Offender	1%	2%	2%	2%	<1%	<1%	1%	2%	1%
Juvenile Offender	0%	0%	0%	1%	<1%	0%	0%	0%	<1%
SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY OFFENSE									
Yes	2%	1%	1%	2%	0%	2%	3%	3%	2%
No	98%	99%	99%	98%	100%	99%	97%	97%	98%
TOTAL CASES									
	298	190	131	197	203	306	575	590	2,490
REGIONAL PERCENT									
	12%	8%	5%	8%	8%	12%	23%	24%	100% ***

Notes:

* NYC Absconder Caseloads assigned to the Warrant Squads and Bureau of Special Services.

** Employment status is based on streeted offenders under supervision only so this information is not available for absconders.

*** Includes 2 Local releases.

*** Subtotal percentages may not equal 100% due to rounding.

Table 11: CHARACTERISTICS OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS UNDER COMMUNITY SUPERVISION
December 31, 2018

The following table presents the characteristics of Juvenile Offenders supervised within New York State by Region. The figures exclude temporary release, community preparation and unassigned cases and have been adjusted for missing information.

	QUEENS/ LI	BROOKLYN	NYC ABSCONDERS*	MANHATTAN	BRONX	HUDSON VALLEY	CENTRAL NY	WESTERN NY	IN-STATE TOTAL
GENDER									
Male	22	28	6	20	28	17	15	15	151
Female	0	1	1	3	2	1	1	2	11
TOTAL GENDER	22	29	7	23	30	18	16	17	162
AGE									
16-17 years	4	1	0	1	5	2	2	3	18
18-20 years	9	6	0	10	5	4	5	7	46
21-22 years	3	5	0	3	2	1	0	0	14
23-24 years	2	2	0	1	2	2	1	1	11
25 years or Older	4	15	7	8	16	9	8	6	73
TOTAL AGE	22	29	7	23	30	18	16	17	162
RACE/ETHNICITY									
African American	15	24	3	15	15	10	13	11	106
Hispanic	5	3	1	8	14	6	1	2	40
White	1	2	0	0	1	2	2	4	12
Other	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	4
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL RACE/ETHNICITY	22	29	7	23	30	18	16	17	162
DRUG ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	15	8	6	11	16	9	9	14	88
No	6	19	1	12	14	8	7	3	70
Unknown	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	4
TOTAL DRUG ABUSE	22	29	7	23	30	18	16	17	162
ALCOHOL ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	8	6	6	4	9	7	5	13	58
No	13	21	1	19	21	10	11	4	100
Unknown	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	4
TOTAL ALCOHOL ABUSE	22	29	7	23	30	18	16	17	162
EMPLOYMENT STATUS**									
Employed	5	7	N/A	9	8	8	7	5	49
Unemployed	6	14	N/A	10	12	6	5	7	60
Unable to be Employed	0	0	N/A	1	0	1	0	1	3
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	11	21	N/A	20	20	15	12	13	112
EDUCATION									
Grade School Only	3	2	3	0	8	4	2	1	23
Some High School	3	9	1	8	9	3	7	5	45
High School Diploma or Equivalency	1	3	0	2	1	3	1	3	14
Some College	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
Unknown	15	15	3	11	12	8	6	8	78
TOTAL EDUCATION	22	29	7	23	30	18	16	17	162
SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY OFFENSE									
Yes	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	4
No	21	29	7	23	30	17	16	15	158
TOTAL SEX OFFENDER	22	29	7	23	30	18	16	17	162
TOTAL CASES	22	29	7	23	30	18	16	17	162

Notes:

The table represents Juvenile Offenders released from OCFS and DOCCS facilities.

* NYC Absconder Caseloads assigned to the Warrant Squads and Bureau of Special Services.

** Employment status is based on streeted offenders under supervision only so this information is not available for absconders.

**TABLE 12: COMPAS SUPERVISION LEVEL BY REGION FOR PAROLEES IN THE COMMUNITY
December 31, 2018**

	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Pending		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent								
Queens-LI	1,072	26%	653	16%	1,126	27%	1,272	31%	45	1%	4,168	100%
Brooklyn	1,001	26%	435	12%	1,028	27%	1,268	34%	50	1%	3,782	100%
Manhattan	1,046	33%	292	9%	771	24%	1,010	32%	40	1%	3,159	100%
Bronx	1,230	34%	515	14%	838	23%	1,038	28%	34	1%	3,655	100%
Hudson Valley	925	28%	513	15%	863	26%	1,022	30%	36	1%	3,359	100%
Central NY	1,433	34%	618	15%	1,106	26%	1,061	25%	19	0%	4,237	100%
Western	1,783	34%	692	13%	1,223	23%	1,477	28%	39	1%	5,214	100%
Total	8,490	31%	3,718	13%	6,955	25%	8,148	30%	263	1%	27,574	100%

Note: this table reflects parolees supervised on the street in New York state and excludes those in the violation process, incarcerated in DOCCS facilities and out of state or in ICE custody, and absconders at large.

Note: Percentage totals may not equal 100% due to rounding.

**TABLE 13: VETERAN STATUS BY GENDER FOR PAROLEES
ON DECEMBER 31, 2018**

Veteran Status	Male			Female			Total		
	Non Veteran	Veteran	Total	Non Veteran	Veteran	Total	Non Veteran	Veteran	Total
Active Parolee Population	32,233	1,404	33,637	2,451	39	2,490	34,684	1,443	36,127
<i>Streeted Parolees*</i>	24,360	1,220	25,580	2,044	36	2,080	26,404	1,256	27,660
Incarcerated Parolees	688	29	717	97	1	98	785	30	815
Total	32,921	1,433	34,354	2,548	40	2,588	35,469	1,473	36,942
Active Parolee Population	95.8%	4.2%	100.0%	98.4%	1.6%	100.0%	96.0%	4.0%	100.0%
<i>Streeted Parolees*</i>	95.2%	4.8%	100.0%	98.3%	1.7%	100.0%	95.5%	4.5%	100.0%
Incarcerated Parolees	96.0%	4.0%	100.0%	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	96.3%	3.7%	100.0%
Total	95.8%	4.2%	100.0%	98.5%	1.5%	100.0%	96.0%	4.0%	100.0%

*Streeted parolees are a subset of active parolees and represent parolees currently supervised in the community.

Section 3 - Violation Process

There are three major outcomes associated with violations of the conditions of parole supervision: return to prison, placement in an alternative program, and restoration to the community. A parolee can be ordered to return to prison to serve a time assessment imposed at a parole revocation hearing. It is possible that a parolee will serve the full time assessment in local jail rather than prison because he or she was also facing local criminal charges. Another sanction that can be imposed for the violation of parole supervision is placement in an alternative program, such as drug treatment at the Willard Drug Treatment Campus. Finally, a parolee can have his or her parole supervision revoked, but be restored to community supervision, frequently with an additional condition to participate in specified programming in the community.

- Of the 17,085 warrants issued in 2018, 43% were issued to parolees supervised at Level 1, 21% at Level 2, 24% at Level 3 and 8% at Level 4. Nearly half (44%) of the parolees under supervision were supervised at Level 1 or 2, but nearly two-thirds (64%) of warrants issued were to individuals supervised at Levels 1 or 2. Nearly three-quarters (72%) of technical warrants were issued to Level 1 or 2 parolees (Table 14).
- Between 2014 and 2018, the number of ultimate violation process outcomes for parole violators with sustained charges increased by 5%, from 12,202 in 2014 to 12,822 in 2018 (Table 15).
- In 2018, the majority (72%) of violation outcomes were ordered to prison, Willard or an Alternative 90 or 45 Day Program², while 28% were revoked and restored to the street or a program in the community (Table 15).
- Since 2014, parolees who had a parole violation that resulted in the revocation of parole supervision and return to prison consistently made up the largest category of violation process outcomes. In 2018, 53% of violations resulted in a decision of Revoke and Ordered Returned to Prison. This was a decrease from 61% in 2014 (Table 15).
- Between 2014 and 2018, the number of violations resulting in parolees being returned to prison decreased by 9% (Table 15).
- Between 2014 and 2018, the number of violations that were revoked and restored increased by 91% (Table 15).
- In 2014, 24% of violations resulted in placement at Willard (including the Alt 90 program) or in the Edgecombe Alt 45 program. In 2017, the proportion of violations resulting in placement in these programs decreased to 20% (Table 15).

² Alternative 90 and 45 Day Programs include violators participating in alternative drug treatment programs at both the Willard Drug Treatment Campus and Edgecombe Residential Treatment Facility as DOCCS inmates.

TABLE 14: 2018 WARRANTS ISSUED BY SUPERVISION LEVEL

Supervision Level	Type of Warrant							
	Absconder		New Arrest		Rule Violation		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1 (25:1)	2,499	39%	2,214	39%	2,706	54%	7,419	43%
2 (40:1)	1,594	25%	1,115	20%	918	18%	3,627	21%
3 (80:1)	1,642	25%	1,561	28%	916	18%	4,119	24%
4 (160:1)	681	11%	758	13%	396	8%	1,835	8%
Pending	28	0%	23	0%	34	1%	85	0%
TOTAL	6,444	100%	5,671	100%	4,970	100%	17,085	100%

Supervision Level for Parolees in the Community	
December 31, 2018	
1 (25:1)	31%
2 (40:1)	13%
3 (80:1)	25%
4 (160:1)	30%
Pending	1%
TOTAL	100%

*Percentage total may not equal 100% due to rounding.

**TABLE 15: ULTIMATE DISPOSITIONS FOR VIOLATIONS
WITH CHARGES SUSTAINED**

	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	
	Number	Percent								
Revoke and Ordered Returned to Prison*	7,460	61.1%	7,504	61.8%	7,375	58.2%	6,766	55.2%	6,755	52.7%
Revoke and Restore to Willard - Mandatory	852	7.0%	904	7.4%	952	7.5%	889	7.3%	794	6.2%
Revoke and Restore to Willard - Voluntary	159	1.3%	143	1.2%	143	1.1%	159	1.3%	123	1.0%
Alternative 90 Day Program	1,714	14.0%	1,758	14.5%	1,887	14.9%	1,723	14.1%	1,485	11.6%
Alternative 45 Day Program	164	1.3%	112	0.9%	188	1.5%	217	1.8%	127	1.0%
TOTAL ORDERED TO PRISON, WILLARD OR ALT PROGRAM	10,349	84.8%	10,421	85.8%	10,545	83.2%	9,754	79.6%	9,284	72.4%
Revoke and Restore to Street or Program	1,853	15.2%	1,720	14.2%	2,132	16.8%	2,498	20.4%	3,538	27.6%
TOTAL OUTCOMES	12,202	100%	12,141	100%	12,677	100%	12,252	100%	12,822	100%

Revoke and Restore to Street - Time Served	379	464	476	412	485
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Notes: *Revoke and Ordered Returned to Prison includes some cases that were ultimately restored to supervision after serving the complete time assessment while in local jail, with no return to prison. The subset of these case is presented immediately above in the Revoke and Restore to Street - Time Served category.

Alternative 90 and 45 Day Programs include violators participating in alternative drug treatment programs at both Willard Drug Treatment Campus and Edgecombe Residential Treatment Facility as DOCCS inmates.

Cases included in the table had their VIOLATORS record closed during the year reported.

Section 4 – Parolees Removed from Community Supervision

Parolees are removed from community supervision as a result of being returned to prison for violating the conditions of release, being convicted of a new offense, or being successfully discharged. Parolees are successfully discharged after reaching their Maximum Expiration date, thereby completing their sentence, or prior to the completion of their sentence through one of the early discharge mechanisms, including Merit Termination³, Mandatory Termination⁴, and Board Three Year Discharge⁵.

- In 2018, 57% of parolees removed from Community Supervision were discharged after successfully completing the terms of supervision. This was a small increase from 56% in 2017 (Table 16).
- Twenty-one percent of parolees discharged in 2018 (2,397) received an early discharge by way of either Merit or Mandatory Termination of sentence. This was a decrease from 2009, when 23% (3,733) of parolees discharged received either a Merit or Mandatory Merit discharge (Table 16).
- In 2018, 43% of parolees removed from Community Supervision were returned to prison. This was a slight decrease from 44% in 2017 (Table 16).
- The number of parolees returned to prison for new felony convictions declined 14% since 2009, from 1,553 to 1,330 in 2018 (Table 16).
- There were 7,438 removals from community supervision as a result of violations of the conditions of parole in 2018, including 1,651 parolees sent to the Alternate 90 Day and Alternate 45 Day programs. This represented a decrease of 20% from 2009 and 5% from 2017. These returns comprised 37% of all removals from supervision in 2018, down from 38% in 2017 (Table 16).
- Among the 50,545 parolees who spent time under active supervision in 2018, 3% were returned to prison with new court convictions, which has been consistent over the last 10 years (Table 17).
- In 2018, 7,438 (15%) of the 50,545 parolees who spent time under active supervision were returned to prison for violations of the conditions of parole, a decrease of 20% from the 9,332 returned in 2009 (Table 17).

³ DOCCS has the discretionary authority to discharge eligible non-violent offenders from their sentence after either one or two continuous years of unrevoked supervision, depending upon the felony class of the instant offense.

⁴ For those under DOCCS community supervision for a felony drug conviction, a mandatory termination of sentence must be granted, by law, after either two or three continuous years of unrevoked suspension, with the time period dependent upon the felony class of the instant offense.

⁵ The Board of Parole has the authority to grant discharge prior to the expiration of sentence to statutorily eligible offenders under DOCCS community supervision following three continuous years of unrevoked suspension.

- Between 2009 and 2018, the proportion of A-I Violent/Legislative VFO offenders among parolees returned with new convictions increased from 33% to 50%, while the proportion of Drug Offenders decreased from 39% to 22%. This is consistent with the changes in the representation of these offenses among the supervised population (Table 18).
- Similar to returns for new convictions, between 2009 and 2018, the proportion of A-I Violent/Legislative VFO offenders amongst rule violators returned to prison has steadily increased from 33% to 47%, while the proportion of Drug Offenders has decreased from 37% to 17% (Table 20).
- Among returns to prison for violating conditions of parole has steadily increased, there was an inverse relationship between supervision level and rate of return. Specifically, 45% of returns were among offenders supervised at Level 1, while 9% of returns were among offenders supervised at Level 4 (Table 22).
- While 45% of parolees under supervision in the community on December 31, 2018 were supervised at Level 1 or 2, 68% of parolees returned to prison were supervised at Levels 1 or 2 (Table 22).
- Abscorder warrants made up the highest proportion of returns to prison for violating conditions of parole between 2016 and 2018 at approximately 40% each year (Table 23).
- About one-third of the returns to prison for violating conditions of parole between 2016 and 2018 started the violation process with a technical warrant (Table 23).

TABLE 16: PAROLEES REMOVED FROM COMMUNITY SUPERVISION: 2009-2018

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Removals from Community Supervision										
Returned Rule Violations	7,970	7,546	7,427	7,479	7,321	6,612	6,401	6,362	5,872	5,787
<i>ALT 90 Day</i>	1,190	1,403	1,696	1,689	1,780	1,726	1,734	1,882	1,734	1,522
<i>ALT 45 Day</i>	172	138	63	124	183	164	94	175	196	129
Total Returned Rule Violations	9,332	9,087	9,186	9,292	9,284	8,502	8,229	8,419	7,802	7,438
<i>Rule Violations Percent of Total Removals</i>	35%	36%	38%	39%	40%	39%	40%	40%	38%	37%
Returned New Felony Convictions	1,553	1,538	1,496	1,363	1,406	1,401	1,275	1,319	1,322	1,330
<i>New Felony Percent of Total Removals</i>	6%	7%								
Total Returned to Prison	10,885	10,625	10,682	10,655	10,690	9,903	9,504	9,738	9,124	8,768
<i>Returned Percent of Total Removals</i>	41%	42%	44%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%	44%	43%
Discharged From Supervision	12,234	11,837	10,917	10,336	10,326	9,878	9,406	9,460	9,506	9,188
Merit Termination	2,375	1,964	2,276	2,496	2,100	1,846	1,726	1,811	1,871	2,363
Mandatory Termination	1,358	853	543	258	163	127	87	69	49	34
Total Discharges	15,967	14,654	13,736	13,090	12,589	11,851	11,219	11,340	11,426	11,585
<i>Discharge Percent of Total Removals</i>	59%	58%	56%	55%	54%	54%	54%	54%	56%	57%
GRAND TOTAL REMOVALS	26,852	25,279	24,418	23,745	23,279	21,754	20,723	21,078	20,550	20,353

**TABLE 17: PAROLEES RETURNED TO PRISON: 2009 to 2018
AS A PROPORTION OF THE PAROLEE DYNAMIC POPULATION**

Return Reason	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
New Court Conviction	1,553	1,538	1,496	1,363	1,406	1,401	1,275	1,319	1,322	1,330
	2.7%	2.7%	2.7%	2.6%	2.7%	2.7%	2.5%	2.6%	2.6%	2.6%
Violating Conditions of Parole¹	9,332	9,087	9,186	9,292	9,284	8,502	8,228	8,419	7,802	7,438
	16.0%	16.1%	16.8%	17.4%	17.7%	16.6%	16.4%	16.7%	15.5%	14.7%
Total Prison Returns During Year	10,885	10,625	10,682	10,655	10,690	9,903	9,503	9,738	9,124	8,768
	18.6%	18.9%	19.6%	20.0%	20.4%	19.3%	18.9%	19.3%	18.1%	17.3%
Dynamic Population²	58,461	56,267	54,553	53,284	52,307	51,274	50,254	50,403	50,424	50,545

¹ Included in the number of offenders returned for violating conditions of Parole are cases ordered to the Department's Alternative 90 and Alternative 45 day programs. The number of Alt 90 entrants was 1,190 for 2009; 1,403 for 2010; 1,696 for 2011; 1,689 for 2012; 1,781 for 2013; 1,726 for 2014; 1,734 for 2015; 1,882 for 2016; and 1,734 for 2017. The number of Alt 45 entrants was 30 for 2008; 172 for 2009; 138 for 2010; 63 for 2011; 124 for 2012; 183 for 2013; 164 for 2014; 94 for 2015; 175 for 2016; 196 for 2017, and 129 for 2018.

² The dynamic population reflects the number of people who spent at least some time under active supervision (start of year active population plus all releases to supervision) over the course of the year.

TABLE 18: PAROLEES RETURNED TO PRISON AS NEW COMMITMENTS: 2009 TO 2018
ORIGINAL CRIME OF COMMITMENT

The number of returns to prison for new felonies declined by 14% between 2009 and 2018. The number of Drug Offenders returned to prison after conviction of a new felony has decreased by 51% since 2009. This reflects the combined impact of decreases in the drug offender population under supervision and significant numbers of drug offenders returned for rule violations before they commit new crimes. In 2018, 296 Drug Offenders were returned to DOCCS for committing new crimes.

Year	A-I Violent and Legislative VFO		Other Coercive		Drug Offenses		Major Property		Other Felony		Youthful Offenders		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2009	516	33%	70	5%	601	39%	254	16%	69	4%	43	3%	1,553	100%
2010	631	41%	70	5%	493	32%	248	16%	51	3%	45	3%	1,538	100%
2011	599	40%	57	4%	470	31%	257	17%	69	5%	44	3%	1,496	100%
2012	583	43%	61	4%	386	28%	230	17%	75	6%	28	2%	1,363	100%
2013	652	46%	68	5%	380	27%	200	14%	70	5%	36	3%	1,406	100%
2014	643	46%	54	4%	349	25%	255	18%	64	5%	36	3%	1,401	100%
2015	585	46%	69	5%	317	25%	206	16%	53	4%	45	4%	1,275	100%
2016	663	50%	64	5%	271	21%	216	16%	74	6%	31	2%	1,319	100%
2017	668	51%	75	6%	309	23%	189	14%	60	5%	21	2%	1,322	100%
2018	664	50%	79	6%	296	22%	196	15%	58	4%	37	3%	1,330	100%

TABLE 19: ORIGINAL COMMITMENT OFFENSE OF NEW FELONY RETURNS TO PRISON: 2014 TO 2018

COMMITMENT OFFENSE	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
A-I VIOLENT OFFENSES										
Murder, Murder 1st & 2nd, Att. Murder 1st	13	1%	7	<1%	13	1%	10	1%	11	1%
Kidnapping 1st	0	--	0	--	1	<1%	0	--	0	--
Arson 1st	0	--	0	--	0	--	0	--	0	--
TOTAL A-I Violent	13	1%	7	<1%	14	1%	10	1%	11	1%
LEGISLATIVE VFO										
Attempted Murder 2nd	11	1%	8	1%	6	<1%	13	1%	12	1%
Manslaughter 1st	10	1%	8	1%	13	1%	12	1%	10	1%
Rape 1st	7	0%	6	<1%	2	<1%	9	1%	4	<1%
Robbery 1st	99	7%	95	7%	95	7%	87	7%	88	7%
Robbery 2nd	133	9%	109	8%	127	10%	110	8%	121	9%
Assault 1st	23	2%	28	2%	20	2%	48	4%	34	3%
Other Assault	49	3%	64	5%	59	4%	47	4%	60	5%
Burglary 1st	19	1%	14	1%	15	1%	14	1%	15	1%
Burglary 2nd	144	10%	126	9%	159	12%	146	11%	147	11%
Attempted Arson 1st, Arson 2nd	1	<1%	1	<1%	2	<1%	1	<1%	2	<1%
Sodomy 1st	2	<1%	1	<1%	2	<1%	2	<1%	2	<1%
Sexual Abuse	7	<1%	9	1%	11	1%	8	1%	10	1%
Weapons Offense	121	9%	109	8%	134	10%	158	12%	145	11%
Terrorism/False Bombing	2	<1%	0	--	1	<1%	1	<1%	0	--
Attempted Kidnapping 1st, Kidnapping 2nd	2	<1%	0	--	3	<1%	2	<1%	3	<1%
TOTAL Legislative VFO	630	45%	578	41%	649	49%	658	50%	653	49%
OTHER COERCIVE										
Manslaughter 2nd	0	--	0	--	1	<1%	2	<1%	2	<1%
Other Homicide	0	--	0	--	0	--	0	--	2	<1%
Robbery 3rd	39	3%	41	3%	31	2%	45	3%	40	3%
Attempted Assault 2nd	4	<1%	9	1%	12	1%	12	1%	7	1%
Other Sex Offenses	5	<1%	9	1%	6	<1%	8	1%	10	1%
Other Coercive	6	<1%	10	1%	14	1%	8	1%	18	1%
TOTAL Other Coercive	54	4%	69	5%	64	5%	75	6%	79	6%
DRUG OFFENSES										
Drug Sale	191	14%	165	12%	148	11%	137	10%	144	11%
Drug Possession	158	11%	152	11%	123	9%	172	13%	152	11%
TOTAL Drug Offenses	349	25%	317	23%	271	21%	309	23%	296	22%
MAJOR PROPERTY										
Burglary 3rd	117	8%	103	7%	110	8%	100	8%	106	8%
Grand Larceny	85	6%	52	4%	58	4%	51	4%	53	4%
Forgery	32	2%	23	2%	26	2%	16	1%	18	1%
Stolen Property	21	1%	28	2%	22	2%	22	2%	19	1%
TOTAL Major Property	255	18%	206	15%	216	16%	189	14%	196	15%
OTHER FELONY										
Driving While Intoxicated	16	1%	16	1%	16	1%	17	1%	16	1%
Non-Violent Weapons Offense	15	1%	17	1%	16	1%	13	1%	9	1%
All Other Felonies	33	2%	20	1%	42	3%	30	2%	33	2%
TOTAL Other Felony	64	5%	53	4%	74	6%	60	5%	58	4%
YOUTHFUL										
Youthful Offenders	36	3%	45	3%	31	2%	21	2%	37	3%
TOTAL YO	36	3%	45	3%	31	2%	21	2%	37	3%
GRAND TOTAL	1,401	100%	1,275	100%	1,319	100%	1,322	100%	1,330	100%

TABLE 20: PAROLEES RETURNED TO PRISON FOR RULE VIOLATIONS: 2009 TO 2018
ORIGINAL CRIME OF COMMITMENT

The number of returns to prison for rule violations declined by 20% between 2009 and 2018. In 2018, 3,484 Violent Felony Offenders were returned to prison for rule violations. As the proportion of Drug Offenders under supervision has decreased, the number of Drug Offenders returned to prison for rule violations has also decreased. In 2009, one-third of all rule violation returns were violent felony offenders and 37% were Drug Offenders. In 2018, less than one-fifth of rule violation returns were Drug Offenders and almost half were Violent Felony Offenders.

Calendar Year	A-I Violent and Legislative VFO		Other Coercive		Drug Offenses		Major Property		Other Felony		Youthful Offenders		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2009	3,119	33%	617	7%	3,418	37%	1,351	14%	544	6%	283	3%	9,332	100%
2010	3,268	36%	642	7%	3,045	34%	1,328	15%	534	6%	270	3%	9,087	100%
2011	3,487	38%	586	6%	2,886	31%	1,373	15%	575	6%	279	3%	9,186	100%
2012	3,889	42%	620	7%	2,539	27%	1,319	14%	614	7%	311	3%	9,292	100%
2013	4,078	44%	719	8%	2,186	24%	1,385	15%	625	7%	291	3%	9,284	100%
2014	3,865	45%	629	7%	1,832	22%	1,321	16%	597	7%	258	3%	8,502	100%
2015	3,857	47%	611	7%	1,589	19%	1,324	16%	579	7%	269	3%	8,229	100%
2016	4,082	48%	614	7%	1,541	18%	1,366	16%	586	7%	230	3%	8,419	100%
2017	3,686	47%	641	8%	1,371	18%	1,290	17%	582	7%	232	3%	7,802	100%
2018	3,484	47%	608	8%	1,262	17%	1,261	17%	635	9%	188	3%	7,438	100%

TABLE 21: ORIGINAL COMMITMENT OFFENSE OF RULE RETURNS TO PRISON: 2014 TO 2018

COMMITMENT OFFENSE	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	
	NUMBER	PERCENT								
A-I VIOLENT OFFENSES										
Murder, Murder 1st & 2nd, Att. Murder 1st	53	1%	53	1%	84	1%	63	1%	57	1%
Kidnapping 1st	1	<1%	1	<1%	1	<1%	2	<1%	2	<1%
Arson 1st	0	--	0	--	2	<1%	0	--	1	<1%
TOTAL A-I Violent	54	1%	54	1%	87	1%	65	1%	60	1%
LEGISLATIVE VFO										
Attempted Murder 2nd	56		48	1%	53	1%	46	1%	38	1%
Manslaughter 1st	57	1%	68	1%	66	1%	61	1%	43	1%
Rape 1st	101	1%	128	2%	110	1%	119	1%	110	1%
Robbery 1st	501	6%	457	6%	482	6%	422	5%	375	5%
Robbery 2nd	803	9%	768	9%	749	9%	630	7%	549	7%
Assault 1st	159	2%	155	2%	132	2%	127	2%	134	2%
Other Assault	398	5%	368	4%	402	5%	343	4%	353	5%
Burglary 1st	80	1%	88	1%	92	1%	85	1%	77	1%
Burglary 2nd	787	9%	761	9%	823	10%	814	10%	799	11%
Attempted Arson 1st, Arson 2nd	15	<1%	24	<1%	24	<1%	23	<1%	22	<1%
Sodomy 1st	81	1%	66	1%	80	1%	79	1%	75	1%
Sexual Abuse	184	2%	245	3%	299	4%	286	3%	291	4%
Weapons Offense	575	7%	606	7%	667	8%	570	7%	551	7%
Terrorism/False Bombing	3	<1%	8	<1%	4	<1%	2	<1%	1	<1%
Attempted Kidnapping 1st, Kidnapping 2nd	11	<1%	13	<1%	12	<1%	14	<1%	6	<1%
TOTAL Legislative VFO	3,811	45%	3,803	46%	3,995	47%	3,621	46%	3,424	46%
OTHER COERCIVE										
Manslaughter 2nd	15	<1%	11	<1%	11	<1%	8	<1%	11	<1%
Other Homicide	5	<1%	3	<1%	10	<1%	6	<1%	8	<1%
Robbery 3rd	290	3%	240	3%	250	3%	262	3%	251	3%
Attempted Assault 2nd	95	1%	113	1%	101	1%	86	1%	90	1%
Other Sex Offenses	141	2%	175	2%	169	2%	213	3%	184	2%
Other Coercive	83	1%	69	1%	73	1%	66	1%	64	1%
TOTAL Other Coercive	629	7%	611	7%	614	7%	641	8%	608	8%
DRUG OFFENSES										
Drug Sale	1,172	14%	971	12%	923	11%	753	9%	680	9%
Drug Possession	660	8%	618	8%	618	7%	618	7%	582	8%
TOTAL Drug Offenses	1,832	22%	1,589	19%	1,541	18%	1,371	18%	1,262	17%
MAJOR PROPERTY										
Burglary 3rd	656	8%	684	8%	653	8%	612	7%	616	8%
Grand Larceny	378	4%	365	4%	408	5%	389	5%	369	5%
Forgery	149	2%	125	2%	160	2%	159	2%	136	2%
Stolen Property	138	2%	150	2%	145	2%	130	2%	140	2%
TOTAL Major Property	1,321	16%	1,324	16%	1,366	16%	1,290	17%	1,261	17%
OTHER FELONY										
Driving While Intoxicated	124	1%	114	1%	129	2%	109	1%	129	2%
Non-Violent Weapons Offense	120	1%	100	1%	94	1%	108	1%	120	2%
All Other Felonies	353	4%	365	4%	363	4%	365	4%	386	5%
TOTAL Other Felony	597	7%	579	7%	586	7%	582	7%	635	9%
YOUTHFUL OFFENDERS										
Youthful Offenders	258	3%	269	3%	230	3%	232	3%	188	3%
TOTAL YO	258	3%	269	3%	230	3%	232	3%	188	3%
GRAND TOTAL	8,502	100%	8,229	100%	8,419	100%	7,802	100%	7,438	100%

TABLE 22: PAROLEES RETURNED TO PRISON DURING 2018 BY SUPERVISION LEVEL

Supervision Level	Return Reason						Supervision Level for Parolees in the Community December 31, 2018	
	New Court Conviction		Violating Conditions of Parole		Total			
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
1 (25:1)	505	38%	3,401	46%	3,906	45%	1 (25:1)	31%
2 (40:1)	285	21%	1,688	23%	1,973	23%	2 (40:1)	14%
3 (80:1)	378	28%	1,659	22%	2,037	23%	3 (80:1)	25%
4 (160:1)	155	12%	642	9%	797	9%	4 (160:1)	30%
Pending	7	<1%	48	1%	55	1%	Pending	1%
TOTAL	1,330	100%	7,438	100%	8,768	100%	TOTAL	100%

TABLE 23: PAROLEES RETURNED TO PRISON FOR VIOLATING CONDITIONS OF PAROLE BY WARRANT TYPE: 2016 - 2018

Year	Type of Warrant							
	Absconder		New Arrest		Technical Violation		TOTAL	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2016	3,548	42%	2,300	27%	2,571	31%	8,419	100%
2017	3,189	41%	2,196	28%	2,417	31%	7,802	100%
2018	2,982	40%	2,059	28%	2,397	32%	7,438	100%
TOTAL	9,719	41%	6,555	28%	7,385	31%	23,659	100%

Note: Absconders are sometimes apprehended as a result of a new arrest and technical warrants may also be related to an arrest, therefore, new arrest warrants are not the only warrant type associated with misdemeanor and felony arrest activity.

Section 5 – Parolees Supervised Out-of-State

- At the end of 2018, there were 1,512 parolees from New York who were being actively supervised out-of-state under the Interstate Compact (Table 23).
- Between 2014 and 2018, the number of parolees being supervised out-of-state increased by 213 or 16% (Table 23).
- Between 2017 and 2018, the number of parolees supervised out-of-state increased by only 24 (Table 23).
- During 2018, 444 parolees were transferred out of New York to complete their community supervision under the Interstate Compact. This remained consistent with the 442 transfers in 2017.

**TABLE 24: PAROLEES SUPERVISED OUT-OF-STATE
UNDER THE INTERSTATE COMPACT
December 31, 2018**

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
1,299	1,374	1,479	1,488	1,512

Section 6 – Parolees Supervised from Other States

- At the end of 2018, there were 1,193 parolees from other states who were being actively supervised in New York under the Interstate Compact (Table 24).
- Between 2014 and 2018, the number of parolees from other states being supervised increased by 91 or 8% (Table 24).
- During 2018, 548 parolees were transferred from other states to New York to complete their community supervision under the Interstate Compact. This was a decrease of 35 or 6% from the 583 transfers in 2017.
- The majority of parolees from other states (60%) are supervised as Level 3 and 4 (Table 25).

TABLE 25: PAROLEES FROM OTHER STATES SUPERVISED IN NEW YORK UNDER THE INTERSTATE COMPACT DECEMBER 31, 2018

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
1,102	1,191	1,185	1,194	1,193

TABLE 26: PAROLEES FROM OTHER STATES SUPERVISED IN NEW YORK BY COMPAS SUPERVISION LEVEL

Supervision Level	Number	Percent
1 (25:1)	175	15%
2 (40:1)	90	8%
3 (80:1)	221	19%
4 (160:1)	499	42%
Pending	208	17%
TOTAL	1,193	100%

*Percentage total may not equal 100% due to rounding.

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