



Corrections and Community Supervision

Community Supervision

Legislative Report

2018

Community Supervision Legislative Report 2018

This annual report was produced in response to legislation enacted in 2011 that merged the former Department of Correctional Services and the former Division of Parole into the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision (see Correction Law Section 201 (15)).

That legislation required the Commissioner of the new agency to provide an annual report to the legislature regarding: parolees released from prison to community supervision, parolees supervised on community supervision, parolees whose community supervision was revoked for violating the conditions of release, parolees who were returned to prison for a new offense, and parolees under community supervision who were transferred out of state to be supervised. This report provides the legislature with the required information. The Department has issued six previous reports and they can be found at <http://www.doccs.ny.gov/Research/Research.html>. All references to community supervision refer to parole supervision; parolees on probation are not included in the report.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- There were 20,695 releases to supervision during 2017. This was a decrease of 20% from the 25,908 releases in 2008 (Table 1).
- In 2017, 5,530 or 27% of releases to community supervision were Board Releases. This was a decrease of 41% from the 9,394, Board Releases in 2008 (Table 1). This decrease was primarily a result of the change in drug offender sentencing from indeterminate to determinate beginning in 2004.
- Between 2008 and 2017, the proportion of Violent Felony Offenders (VFO) and A-I Violent Offenders released to community supervision increased from 32% to 42%. During the same period of time, the proportion of Drug Offenders released to community supervision decreased from 38% to 23% (Table 2).
- Since 2013, the active parolee population under community supervision has declined from 35,969 to 35,531, which represents a decrease of 1%. This reduction is lower than the 7% decrease in the prison population during the same time period (Figure 1).
- While the total number of parolees under community supervision decreased between 2008 and 2017, the number and proportion of parolees under community supervision for violent offenses increased from 16,299 (40%) at the end of 2008 to 18,961 (53%) at the end of 2017 (Table 7).
- On December 31, 2017, 29% of parolees on the street were supervised at COMPAS Supervision Level 1 (25:1), 15% at Level 2 (40:1), 26% at Level 3 (80:1), and 28% at Level 4 (160:1) (Table 12).
- The number of ultimate violation process outcomes for parole violators with sustained charges decreased by 7%, from 13,224 in 2013 to 12,252 during 2017. The majority of violation outcomes in 2017 (80%) were ordered to prison, Willard or an Alternative 90 or 45 Day Program, while 20% were revoked and restored to the street or a program in the community (Table 15).
- The number of parolees returned to prison for new felony convictions declined 23% between 2008 and 2017. The number of parolees returned to prison for violating the conditions of parole decreased 25% during the same time period (Table 17).
- While 29% of the parolees being supervised were Level 1, 44% of the parolees returned to prison were Level 1. Conversely, 28% of parolees were supervised at Level 4, but only 8% of parolees returned to prison were Level 4 (Table 22).

- Among 2017 returns to prison for violating the conditions of parole, the largest proportion started the violation process with an absconder warrant (41%), followed by a technical warrant (31%) (Table 23).
- At the end of 2017, there were 1,488 parolees from New York who were being supervised out of state under the Interstate Compact. This was an increase of 34% since 2013 (Table 24).
- At the end of 2017, there were 1,194 parolees from other states who were being actively supervised in New York under the Interstate Compact. This was an increase of 7% since 2013 (Table 25).

Section 1 – Parolees Released to Community Supervision

There are four major mechanisms through which parolees are released to parole supervision in the community: 1) Board of Parole decision, 2) Presumptive Release, 3) Conditional Release, and 4) Other Release.

Board releases are the result of the Parole Board making decisions to release parolees from prison to parole supervision. Board releases include releases as a result of Final Deportation and Shock hearings.

Presumptive releases are releases from prison in which the Commissioner of the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision (DOCCS) makes determinations that inmates should be released from prison after having served at least 5/6 of their minimum sentences. For these releases, the Board of Parole sets the conditions of parole supervision in the community.

Conditional releases are releases in which inmates have reached their conditional release dates (typically 6/7 of a determinate sentence; 2/3 of an indeterminate sentence) and are automatically released from prison on that date, unless good time has been lost while in prison.

The Other Release category includes: being on parole supervision in another state and requesting transfer to New York (Co-op cases), being judicially sentenced to parole supervision (i.e., Judicially Sentenced to the Willard Drug Treatment Campus), being a juvenile offender released to parole supervision directly from The Office of Children and Family Services (OCFS), being placed on parole supervision directly from local jail, and being placed on a specialized sex offender caseload in the community after a determination is made by the court (SIST¹).

- There were 20,695 releases to supervision during 2017, a decrease of 1% from the 20,945 releases in 2016 and a decrease of 20% from the 25,908 releases in 2008 (Table 1).
- In 2017, 5,530 or 27% of releases to community supervision were Board releases. This was a decrease of 41% (3,864) since 2008, when 36% of releases were Board releases, and an increase of 7% since 2016. This decrease of 3,864 releases since 2008 was primarily a result of changes in drug offender sentencing from indeterminate to determinate beginning in 2004 (Table 1).

¹ SIST stands for Strict and Intensive Supervision and Treatment. Sex offender parolees can be placed on this type of community supervision caseload as part of the civil management process in New York. Parolees must be referred (usually by DOCCS) for civil management prior to release from prison or discharge from parole supervision and evaluated by the Office of Mental Health (OMH). If OMH determines that the parolee suffers from a “mental abnormality”, the case is referred to the Attorney General for possible litigation. If the Attorney General proceeds with litigation, the parolee is entitled to a jury trial; a unanimous verdict is required for a parolee to be involuntarily confined or placed under intensive supervision. If the court finds that the parolee warrants Civil Management, but can safely be supervised in the community, he or she will be allowed to live in the community while supervised on a SIST caseload, as long as he or she complies with all the conditions set by the Board of Parole, does not break the law and receives the treatment he or she needs. For additional information on this topic, the following report can be referenced:

http://www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/nsor/somta_report_april2008.pdf

- There were 13,655 conditional releases during 2017, which was a decrease of 4% from 2016 (Table 1).
- The number of Conditional releases decreased by 1,007 or 7% between 2008 and 2017. During this time period, the proportion of Conditional releases among parole releases increased from 57% to 66% (Table 1).
- Presumptive releases began in 2003. There were 20 presumptive releases during 2017. This was a decrease of 94% from the 751 presumptive releases in 2008 (Table 1).
- Among Other Releases, the number of Judicially Sanctioned (JS) offender releases increased by 4% from 429 in 2008 to 834 in 2017 (Table 1).
- In 2017, there were 548 Co-Ops released from other states to Community Supervision, representing an increase of 51% since 2008 (Table 1).
- The number of Juvenile Offender releases decreased by 57% from 141 releases in 2008 to 61 releases in 2017 (Table 1).
- Between 2008 and 2017, the proportion of VFO and A-I Violent Offenders released to community supervision increased from 32% to 42%. During the same period of time, the proportion of Drug Offenders released to community supervision decreased from 38% to 23% (Table 2).
- The COMPAS supervision model was implemented in January 2012. The four supervision levels and the accompanying supervision ratios (25:1, 40:1, 80:1, and 160:1) and reporting requirements were determined based on a number of risk factors, including: risk of absconding, risk of any arrest, and risk of VFO arrest. SIST cases are supervised at a 10:1 ratio and are included in the Level 1 category. Sex offenders and discretionary mental health cases are also supervised at Level 1.
- During 2017, 31% of offenders released to supervision were supervised at Level 1 (25:1), 17% were supervised at Level 2 (40:1), 28% at Level 3 (80:1) and 23% at Level 4 (160:1) (Table 3).
- Among 2017 releases, the Western region had the largest proportion of offenders supervised at Level 1, with 35%. Queens had the smallest proportion of offenders supervised at Level 1, with 27% (Table 3).
- Among 2017 releases, the Brooklyn region had the largest proportion of offenders supervised at Level 4 (27%), while the Hudson Valley region had the smallest proportion (19%) (Table 3).

TABLE 1: OFFENDERS RELEASED TO COMMUNITY SUPERVISION 2008-2017

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Releases to Community Supervision										
Board Releases	8,570	6,490	6,024	5,673	5,433	4,688	4,663	4,359	4,624	5,004
Final Deportations	83	74	48	65	54	40	29	23	15	23
Shock Board	741	706	790	868	719	778	659	547	530	503
Total Board	9,394	7,270	6,862	6,606	6,206	5,506	5,351	4,929	5,169	5,530
<i>Board Percent of Total Releases</i>	36%	29%	29%	29%	27%	25%	25%	24%	25%	27%
Presumptive Release	751	541	268	158	80	94	56	35	21	20
Total Board/Presumptive Release	10,145	7,811	7,130	6,764	6,286	5,600	5,407	4,964	5,190	5,550
<i>Board/Presumptive Percent of Total Releases</i>	39%	32%	30%	29%	28%	25%	25%	24%	25%	27%
Conditional Releases	14,662	15,501	15,595	15,230	15,298	15,179	14,759	14,064	14,296	13,655
<i>Conditional Percent of Total Releases</i>	57%	63%	65%	66%	67%	69%	68%	69%	68%	66%
Co-Ops from Other States	364	522	481	515	518	631	540	589	508	548
Judicially Sanctioned	429	535	539	527	586	624	741	763	828	834
Juvenile Offenders	141	131	102	86	70	84	92	62	69	61
Local Releases	154	117	52	27	20	15	22	11	16	14
SIST	13	30	15	21	23	19	22	38	38	33
Total Other Releases	1,101	1,335	1,189	1,176	1,217	1,373	1,417	1,463	1,459	1,490
<i>Other Percent of Total Releases</i>	4%	5%	5%	5%	5%	6%	7%	7%	7%	7%
GRAND TOTAL RELEASES	25,908	24,647	23,914	23,170	22,801	22,152	21,583	20,491	20,945	20,695

**TABLE 2: ORIGINAL CRIME OF COMMITMENT
OFFENDERS RELEASED TO COMMUNITY SUPERVISION 2008 TO 2017**

Calendar Year	A-I Violent and Legislative VFO		Other Coercive		Drug Offenses		Major Property		Other Felony		YO/JO		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2008	8,168	32%	1,738	7%	9,810	38%	3,423	13%	1,793	7%	822	3%	25,754	100%
2009	8,120	33%	1,727	7%	8,935	37%	3,257	13%	1,733	7%	758	3%	24,530	100%
2010	8,227	34%	1,604	7%	8,085	34%	3,355	14%	1,891	8%	700	3%	23,862	100%
2011	8,613	37%	1,607	7%	7,215	31%	3,085	13%	1,956	9%	667	3%	23,143	100%
2012	8,840	39%	1,726	8%	6,181	27%	3,208	14%	2,106	9%	720	3%	22,781	100%
2013	9,001	41%	1,620	7%	5,498	25%	3,279	15%	2,062	9%	677	3%	22,137	100%
2014	9,094	42%	1,642	8%	5,022	23%	3,256	15%	1,947	9%	600	3%	21,561	100%
2015	8,574	42%	1,636	8%	4,715	23%	3,123	15%	1,871	9%	563	3%	20,482	100%
2016	8,974	43%	1,891	9%	4,665	22%	3,195	15%	1,670	8%	535	3%	20,930	100%
2017	8,648	42%	1,962	9%	4,576	23%	3,172	15%	1,788	9%	535	3%	20,681	100%

Note: CY 2008 excludes 154 Local Releases. CY 2009 excludes 117 Local Releases. CY 2010 excludes 52 Local Releases. CY 2011 excludes 27 Local Releases. CY 2012 excludes 20 Local Releases. CY 2013 excludes 15 Local Releases. CY 2014 excludes 22 Local Releases. CY 2015 excludes 11 Local Releases. CY 2016 excludes 16 Local Releases. CY 2017 excludes 14 Local Releases.

**TABLE 3: COMPAS SUPERVISION LEVEL BY REGION FOR PAROLEES
RELEASED TO COMMUNITY SUPERVISION IN 2017**

Region	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Pending		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Queens-LI	770	27%	491	17%	862	30%	718	25%	59	2%	2,900	100%
Brooklyn	655	28%	278	12%	684	30%	627	27%	55	2%	2,299	100%
Manhattan	673	30%	312	14%	606	27%	568	26%	48	2%	2,207	100%
Bronx	678	31%	329	15%	566	26%	564	26%	40	2%	2,177	100%
Hudson Valley	949	34%	578	21%	695	25%	534	19%	33	1%	2,789	100%
Central NY	1,148	28%	762	19%	1,241	30%	835	20%	103	3%	4,089	100%
Western	1,437	35%	720	17%	1,098	26%	842	20%	57	1%	4,154	100%
Total	6,310	31%	3,470	17%	5,752	28%	4,688	23%	395	2%	20,615	100%

Note: These figures exclude 80 out-of-state releases. Releases to Willard are included in the Central NY figures.

Section 2 – Parolees Under Community Supervision

This section presents information about parolees who were under supervision on December 31 of a particular year. This population reflects parolees under active supervision and, except where specifically reported, excludes parolees who are incarcerated in DOCCS facilities. Parolees on temporary release from prison and in community preparation status are also excluded from the figures.

- Since 2013, the active parolee population under community supervision has declined 1% from 35,969 to 35,531. This reduction is smaller than the 7% decrease in the prison population during the same time period (Figure 1).
- On December 31, 2017, the total parolee population was 45,796. Sixty percent (27,274) were streeted, or actively reporting to a parole officer. Out-of-state parolees made up 21% (9,467) of the parolee population. Thirteen percent (5,816) were confined in local jails, federal or other facilities or in a DOCCS facility (Table 4).
- On December 31, 2017, there were 798 parolees incarcerated in DOCCS facilities. The majority of these individuals (65%) were housed in Parole Program Facilities, including Willard, Edgecombe Residential Treatment, Hale Creek PDP, and Orleans PDP (Table 5).
- On December 31, 2017, Property Offenses accounted for 34% of the 798 incarcerated parolees were under supervision (Table 6).
- The number of parolees under community supervision for drug offenses decreased 52% from 14,958 at the end of 2008 to 7,145 at the end of 2017. In 2008, 36% of parolees were drug offenders, compared to only 20% in 2017 (Table 7).
- While the total number of parolees under community supervision decreased between 2008 and 2017, the number of parolees under community supervision for violent offenses increased by 16% from 16,299 at the end of 2008 to 18,961 at the end of 2017. The proportion of parolees under supervision for violent offenses increased from 40% to 53% during the same time period. (Table 7).
- Almost half (47%) of the parolees under community supervision on December 31, 2017 were African-American. The median age of parolees was 38 and over half (51%) were from New York City. The large majority (93%) of parolees under supervision were male (Table 8).
- Fifty-five percent of parolees under community supervision had a drug abuse history (Table 8).
- Of the parolees under community supervision, 3,179 or 9% were registered sex offenders (Tables 9A and 9B).

- Among the 2,426 female parolees under community supervision at the end of 2017, 32% were convicted of a Legislative VFO. The next largest crime category was Drug Offenses, which represented 24% of the female parolees (Tables 10A and 10B).
- On December 31, 2017, there were 174 Juvenile Offenders under community supervision. Nearly half (47%) of these Juvenile Offenders were age 25 or older (Table 11).
- On December 31, 2017, 29% of parolees on the street were supervised at COMPAS Supervision Level 1 (25:1), 15% at Level 2 (40:1), 26% at Level 3 (80:1), and 28% at Level 4 (160:1) (Table 12).
- Of the 35,531 active parolees on December 31, 2017, 4% or 1,442 were reported as veterans. The percentage of veterans among streeted parolees on December 31, 2017, was slightly higher at 5% (Table 13).

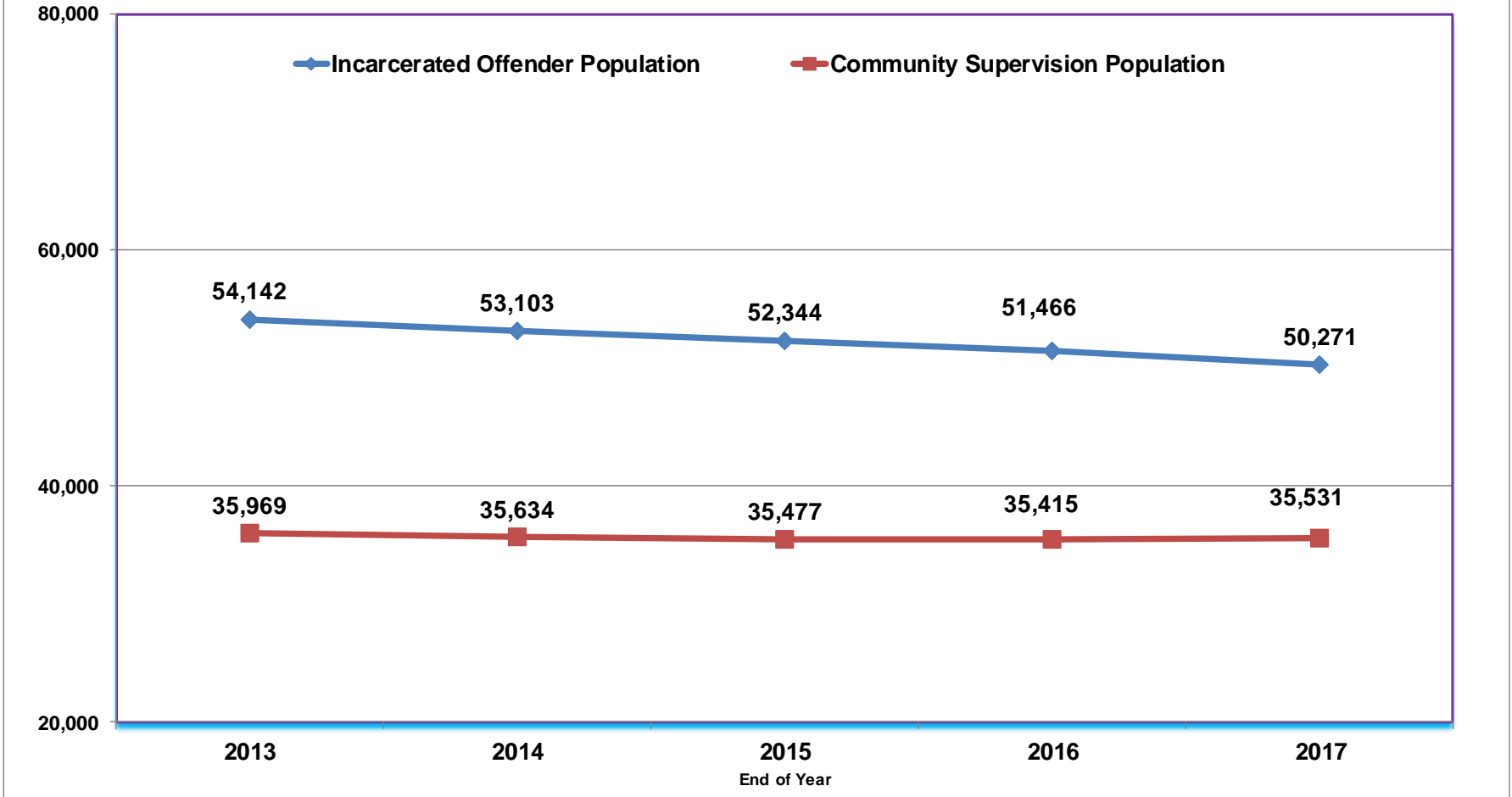
TABLE 4: COMMUNITY SUPERVISION POPULATION ALLOCATION
December 31, 2017

Total Streeted Parolees	27,274	60.1%
Absconders	3,203	6.9%
Other Active ¹	36	0.1%
In Violation Proceedings	5,018	10.5%
Total Active Parolee Population	35,531	77.6%
Incarcerated Parolees in DOCCS Facilities	798	1.6%
Out of State Parolees ²	9,467	20.8%
Total Parolee Population	45,796	100%

¹ Parolees whose deaths have not yet been verified or are in inactive supervision status.

² Parolees who have been deported, transferred to another state via the Interstate Compact or are incarcerated out of state.

**Figure 1: Incarcerated Offender Population Down 7%;
Community Supervision Population Down 1%**



**TABLE 5: SECURITY LEVEL AND FACILITY BY GENDER
INCARCERATED PAROLEES UNDER CUSTODY DECEMBER 31, 2017**

		GENDER		TOTAL
		MALE	FEMALE	
MAXIMUM SECURITY	AUBURN	3	0	3
	BEDFORD HILLS	0	14	14
	CLINTON	1	0	1
	DOWNSTATE	24	0	24
	EASTERN	1	0	1
	ELMIRA	20	0	20
	FISHKILL SHU200	5	0	5
	FIVE POINTS	29	0	29
	GREAT MEADOW	1	0	1
	GREEN HAVEN	21	0	21
	MOHAWK (WALSH)	1	0	1
	SULLIVAN	3	0	3
	WENDE	6	0	6
		SUBTOTAL	115	14
MEDIUM SECURITY	ALBION FEMALE	0	4	4
	CAYUGA	3	0	3
	FISHKILL	88	0	88
	MARCY	4	0	4
	MID-STATE	7	0	7
	MOHAWK (WALSH)	1	0	1
	TACONIC	0	1	1
	ULSTER	16	0	16
	WOODBOURNE	9	0	9
	SUBTOTAL	128	5	133
MINIMUM SECURITY	QUEENSBORO GENERAL	21	0	21
	SUBTOTAL	21	0	21
PAROLE PROGRAM FACILITY	EDGECOMBE RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT	62	0	62
	HALE CREEK PDP	33	0	33
	ORLEANS PDP	49	0	49
	WILLARD	312	0	312
	WILLARD FEMALE	0	59	59
	SUBTOTAL	456	59	515
GRAND TOTAL		720	78	798

**TABLE 6: CRIME BY GENDER
INCARCERATED PAROLEES UNDER CUSTODY ON DECEMBER 31, 2017**

COMMITMENT OFFENSE TYPE		GENDER		TOTAL
		MALE	FEMALE	
VIOLENT FELONY	MURDER	3	0	3
	MANSLT 1ST, AG 2ND	4	0	4
	RAPE 1ST	16	0	16
	ROBBERY 1ST	15	0	15
	ROBBERY 2ND	19	0	19
	ASSAULT 1ST	8	0	8
	ASSAULT 2ND	11	0	11
	BURGLARY 1ST	5	0	5
	BURGLARY 2ND	25	0	25
	ARSON 1ST, 2ND	1	0	1
	SODOMY 1ST	5	0	5
	SEX AB 1ST, AG 2	39	0	39
	WEAPONS OFFENSES	12	0	12
	KIDNAPPING 1ST, 2ND	4	1	5
	OTHER VFO SEX OFFENSES	15	0	15
	OTHER VIOLENT	1	0	1
	SUBTOTAL	183	1	184
	<i>PERCENT VIOLENT FELONY</i>	<i>25%</i>	<i>1%</i>	<i>23%</i>
	OTHER COERCIVE	ROBBERY 3RD	18	3
ATT ASSAULT 2ND		5	0	5
CONSPIRACY 2,3,4		4	2	6
OTHER WEAPONS		12	0	12
OTHER SEX OFFENSES		29	0	29
OTHER COERCIVE		4	2	6
SUBTOTAL		72	7	79
<i>PERCENT OTHER COERCIVE</i>	<i>10%</i>	<i>9%</i>	<i>10%</i>	
DRUG OFFENSES	DRUG SALE	80	18	98
	DRUG POSSESSION	129	18	147
	SUBTOTAL	209	36	245
<i>PERCENT DRUG OFFENSES</i>	<i>29%</i>	<i>46%</i>	<i>31%</i>	
PROPERTY & OTHER	BURGLARY 3RD	89	8	97
	GRAND LARCENY	43	10	53
	FORGERY	24	9	33
	STOLEN PROPERTY	14	0	14
	DRIVE INTOXICATED	13	3	16
	CONTEMPT 1ST	7	1	8
	ALL OTHER FELONIES	45	3	48
	SUBTOTAL	235	34	269
<i>PERCENT PROPERTY AND OTHER OFFENSES</i>	<i>33%</i>	<i>44%</i>	<i>34%</i>	
YOUTHFUL OFFENDER	SUBTOTAL	21	0	21
<i>PERCENT YOUTHFUL OFFENDER</i>	<i>3%</i>	<i>0%</i>	<i>3%</i>	
GRAND TOTAL	720	78	798	

Figure 2: Community Supervision Population by Crime Type

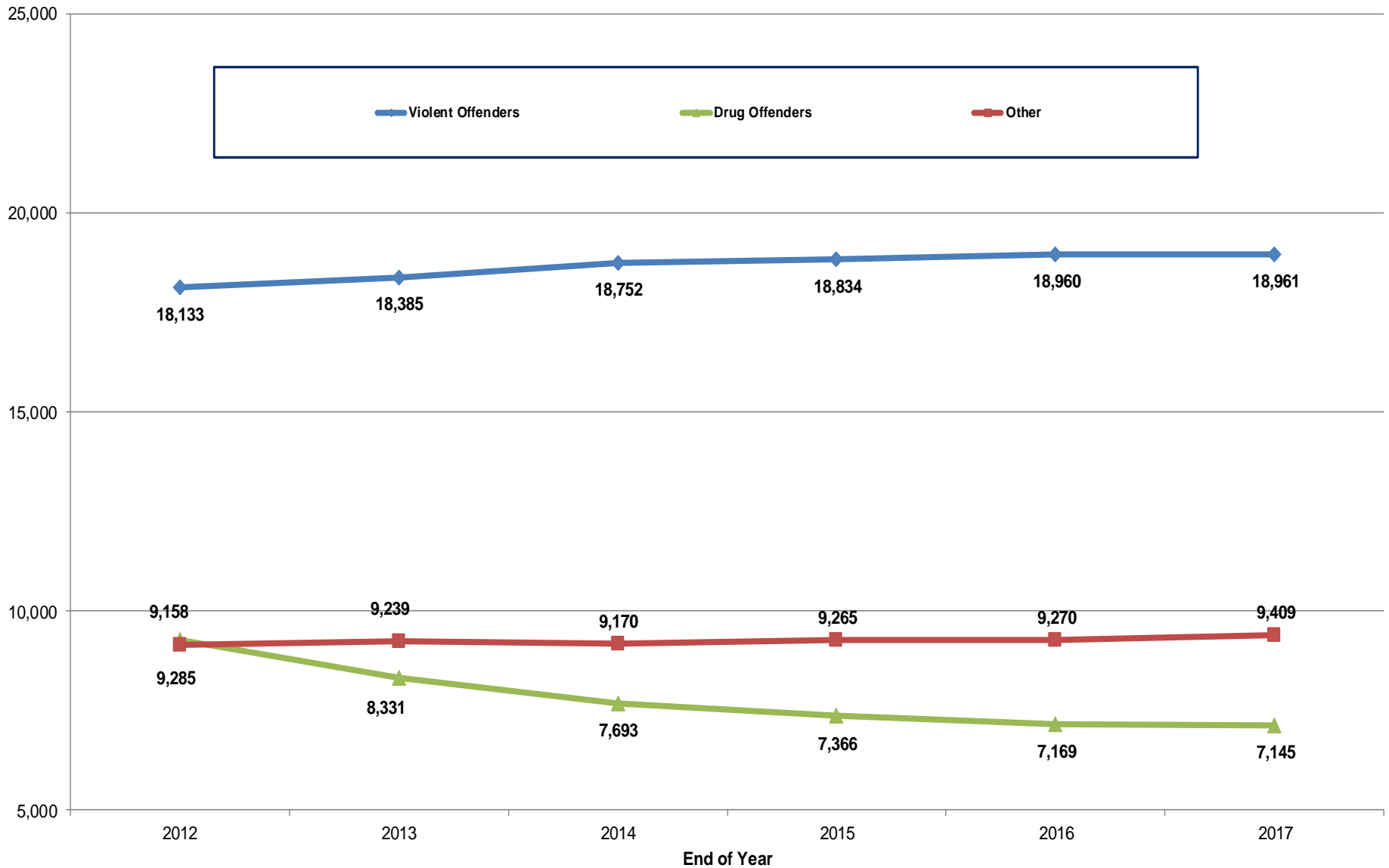


TABLE 7: ORIGINAL CRIME OF COMMITMENT

**OFFENDERS UNDER COMMUNITY SUPERVISION
DECEMBER 31**

The proportion of Violent Felony Offenders and A-I Violent Offenders among those under supervision has increased in recent years primarily due to early discharge options for non-violent offenders. As of December 31, 2017 half (53%) of all offenders under Community Supervision were Violent Felony Offenders while one-fifth (20%) were Drug Offenders.

December 31	A-I Violent and Legislative VFO		Other Coercive		Drug Offenses		Major Property		Other Felony		YO/JO		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2008	16,299	40%	2,192	5%	14,958	36%	4,473	11%	2,263	6%	952	2%	41,137	100%
2009	16,665	43%	2,170	6%	13,062	33%	4,130	11%	2,124	5%	937	2%	39,088	100%
2010	16,857	44%	2,065	5%	11,913	31%	4,127	11%	2,276	6%	815	2%	38,053	100%
2011	17,495	47%	2,044	6%	10,587	29%	3,858	10%	2,293	6%	778	2%	37,055	100%
2012	18,133	50%	2,170	6%	9,285	25%	3,851	11%	2,377	6%	760	2%	36,576	100%
2013	18,385	51%	2,070	6%	8,331	23%	3,930	11%	2,493	7%	746	2%	35,955	100%
2014	18,752	53%	2,166	6%	7,693	22%	3,942	11%	2,361	7%	701	2%	35,615	100%
2015	18,834	53%	2,223	6%	7,366	21%	3,964	11%	2,335	7%	743	2%	35,465	100%
2016	18,960	54%	2,671	8%	7,169	20%	3,939	11%	1,982	6%	678	2%	35,399	100%
2017	18,961	53%	2,737	8%	7,145	20%	3,925	11%	2,088	6%	659	2%	35,515	100%

Note: Table 131 locals on December 31, 2008, 121 locals on December 31, 2009, 54 locals on December 31, 2010, 28 locals on December 31, 2011, 23 locals on December 31, 2012, 14 locals on December 31, 2013, 19 locals on December 31, 2014, 12 locals on December 31, 2015, 16 locals on December 31, 2016 and 16 locals on December 31, 2017.

The data in this table reflects parolees under community supervision in New York state and excludes parolees incarcerated in DOCCS facilities.

The sums of the percentage subtotals may not equal 100% due to rounding.

Major Property includes Burglary 3, Grand Larceny, Forgery and Stolen Property.

TABLE 8: COMMUNITY SUPERVISION OFFENDER FACTS*

The community supervision offender population is largely minority, poorly educated and underemployed. Over half (58%) of parolees live in New York City and Long Island.

December 31, 2017

Ethnicity	Service Needs
47% - African American	55% - Drug Abuse
23% - Hispanic	41% - Alcohol Abuse
26% - White	46% - Unemployment
4% - Other	37% - No High School Diploma or Equivalency
Sex	Residence
93% - Male	51% - New York City
7% - Female	7% - Long Island
Age	42% - Upstate
Median - 38	
Mean - 40	
Conviction Crime**	
<u>A-I Violent*** and VFO Offenses 53%</u>	<u>Drugs 20%</u>
14% - Robbery	11% - Sale
9% - Weapons	9% - Possession
9% - Burglary	
8% - Assault	<u>Property/Other 17%</u>
7% - Murder/Manslaughter	6%-Burglary
5% - Sex Offenses	4% - Larceny
1% - Kidnapping/Arson	2% - Other theft
	2% - DWI
	3% - Other
<u>Other Violent 8%</u>	<u>YO/JO 2%</u>
2% - Robbery	2% - YO/JO
6% - Other	

* This information is for parolees under supervision in New York State and excludes parolees incarcerated in New York state correctional facilities.

**All conviction crimes reflect top charge.

***A-1 violent offenses include Murder, Attempted Murder 1st, Arson 1st and Kidnapping 1st. VFOs include other legislatively-designated violent felony offenses.

TABLE 9A: COMMUNITY SUPERVISION OFFENDER CHARACTERISTICS (NUMBERS)
December 31, 2017

The following table presents the characteristics of offenders supervised within New York State by Region. The figures exclude temporary release, community preparation and parolees incarcerated in DOCCS facilities.

	QUEENS/ LI	BROOKLYN	NYC ABSCONDERS*	MANHATTAN	BRONX	HUDSON VALLEY	CENTRAL NY	WESTERN NY	IN-STATE TOTAL
GENDER									
Male	5,119	4,413	2,072	3,717	4,150	3,611	4,495	5,528	33,105
Female	272	198	135	213	194	303	519	592	2,426
AGE									
16-17 years	4	2	0	0	2	2	1	4	15
18-20 years	72	43	9	34	36	60	77	88	419
21-29 years	1,325	1,073	268	870	1,012	1,048	1,395	1,613	8,604
30-39 years	1,745	1,350	412	1,039	1,293	1,252	1,751	2,084	10,926
40-49 years	1,077	969	477	895	896	797	920	1,176	7,207
50-59 years	878	919	588	796	829	537	606	829	5,982
60 years or older	290	255	453	296	276	218	264	326	2,378
RACE/ETHNICITY									
African American	2,794	3,065	896	2,107	2,147	1,814	1,336	2,645	16,804
Hispanic	1,178	1,115	1,022	1,341	1,890	681	434	595	8,256
White	1,144	287	206	362	192	1,278	3,098	2,714	9,281
Other	259	131	81	111	110	129	135	162	1,118
Unknown	16	13	2	9	5	12	11	4	72
DRUG ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	2,804	1,726	1,234	1,770	2,199	2,433	3,342	4,121	19,629
No	2,451	2,754	644	2,032	2,025	1,364	1,513	1,738	14,521
Unknown	136	131	329	128	120	117	159	261	1,381
ALCOHOL ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	1,954	1,128	827	1,090	1,301	1,810	2,715	3,567	14,392
No	3,300	3,348	1,035	2,714	2,922	1,986	2,140	2,292	19,737
Unknown	137	135	345	126	121	118	159	261	1,402
EMPLOYMENT STATUS**									
Employed	1,959	1,468	0	1,037	1,417	1,614	1,508	2,186	11,189
Unemployed	1,827	1,773	0	1,577	1,632	1,334	2,199	2,306	12,648
Unable to be Employed	174	201	0	309	192	175	344	343	1,738
Unknown	194	262	0	189	230	175	217	384	1,651
EDUCATION									
No Degree	1,804	1,855	1,209	1,708	1,992	1,101	1,466	1,919	13,054
High School Grad/GED	3,268	2,494	925	2,011	2,103	2,525	3,396	4,006	20,728
At Least Some College	319	262	73	211	249	288	152	195	1,749
ORIGINAL CONVICTION OFFENSE									
A-1 Violent	233	358	28	195	255	157	86	186	1,498
Legislative VFO	2,896	2,519	883	2,161	2,343	1,877	1,845	2,939	17,463
Other Coercive	438	364	98	283	328	278	468	481	2,738
Drug Offenses	946	668	912	815	894	772	1,183	962	7,152
Major Property	532	475	185	318	323	474	827	793	3,927
Other Felony	227	155	61	113	128	284	499	627	2,094
Youthful Offender	104	49	38	40	52	59	98	124	564
Juvenile Offender	15	23	2	5	21	13	8	8	95
SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY OFFENSE									
Yes	321	158	80	383	258	359	870	750	3,179
No	5,070	4,453	2,127	3,547	4,086	3,555	4,144	5,370	32,352
TOTAL CASES	5,391	4,611	2,207	3,930	4,344	3,914	5,014	6,120	35,531 ***

Notes:

* NYC Absconder Caseloads assigned to the Bureau of Special Services.

** Employment status is based on active offenders under supervision only so this information is not available for absconders.

*** Excludes 16 Local releases.

TABLE 9B: COMMUNITY SUPERVISION OFFENDER CHARACTERISTICS (PERCENTS)
December 31, 2017

The following table presents the characteristics of offenders supervised within New York State by Region. The figures exclude temporary release, community preparation and incarcerated parolees and have been adjusted for missing information.

	QUEENS/ LI	BROOKLYN	NYC ABSCONDERS*	MANHATTAN	BRONX	HUDSON VALLEY	CENTRAL NY	WESTERN NY	IN-STATE TOTAL
GENDER									
Male	95%	96%	94%	95%	96%	92%	90%	90%	93%
Female	5%	4%	6%	5%	4%	8%	10%	10%	7%
AGE									
16-17 years	<1%	<1%	0%	0%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%
18-20 years	1%	1%	<1%	1%	1%	2%	2%	1%	1%
21-29 years	25%	23%	12%	22%	23%	27%	28%	26%	24%
30-39 years	32%	29%	19%	26%	30%	32%	35%	34%	31%
40-49 years	20%	21%	22%	23%	21%	20%	18%	19%	20%
50-59 years	16%	20%	27%	20%	19%	14%	12%	14%	17%
60 years or older	5%	6%	21%	8%	6%	6%	5%	5%	7%
RACE/ETHNICITY									
African American	52%	66%	41%	54%	49%	46%	27%	43%	47%
Hispanic	22%	24%	46%	34%	44%	17%	9%	10%	23%
White	21%	6%	9%	9%	4%	33%	62%	44%	26%
Other	5%	3%	4%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Unknown	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%
DRUG ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	52%	37%	56%	45%	51%	62%	67%	67%	55%
No	45%	60%	29%	52%	47%	35%	30%	28%	41%
Unknown	3%	3%	15%	3%	3%	3%	3%	4%	4%
ALCOHOL ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	36%	24%	37%	28%	30%	46%	54%	58%	41%
No	61%	73%	47%	69%	67%	51%	43%	37%	56%
Unknown	3%	3%	16%	3%	3%	3%	3%	4%	4%
EMPLOYMENT STATUS**									
Employed	47%	40%	N/A	33%	41%	49%	35%	42%	41%
Unemployed	44%	48%	N/A	51%	47%	40%	52%	44%	46%
Unable to be Employed	4%	5%	N/A	10%	6%	5%	8%	7%	6%
Unknown	5%	7%	N/A	6%	7%	5%	5%	7%	6%
EDUCATION									
No Degree	33%	40%	55%	43%	46%	28%	29%	31%	37%
High School Grad/GED	61%	54%	42%	51%	48%	65%	68%	65%	58%
At Least Some College	6%	6%	3%	5%	6%	7%	3%	3%	5%
ORIGINAL CONVICTION OFFENSE									
A-1 Violent	4%	8%	1%	5%	6%	4%	2%	3%	4%
Legislative VFO	54%	55%	40%	55%	54%	48%	37%	48%	49%
Other Coercive	8%	8%	4%	7%	8%	7%	9%	8%	8%
Drug Offenses	18%	14%	41%	21%	21%	20%	24%	16%	20%
Major Property	10%	10%	8%	8%	7%	12%	16%	13%	11%
Other Felony	4%	3%	3%	3%	3%	7%	10%	10%	6%
Youthful Offender	2%	1%	2%	1%	1%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Juvenile Offender	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%
SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY OFFENSE									
Yes	6%	3%	4%	10%	6%	9%	17%	12%	9%
No	94%	97%	96%	90%	94%	91%	83%	88%	91%
TOTAL CASES									
	5,391	4,611	2,207	3,930	4,344	3,914	5,014	6,120	35,531 ***
REGIONAL PERCENT									
	15%	13%	6%	11%	12%	11%	14%	17%	100% ***

Notes:

* NYC Absconder Caseloads assigned to the Warrant Squads and Bureau of Special Services.

** Employment status is based on active offenders under supervision only so this information is not available for absconders.

*** Excludes 16 Local releases.

**** Subtotal percentages may not equal 100% due to rounding.

TABLE 10A: CHARACTERISTICS OF FEMALE OFFENDERS UNDER COMMUNITY SUPERVISION (NUMBERS)

December 31, 2017

The following table presents the characteristics of offenders supervised within New York State by Region. The figures exclude temporary release, community preparation and parolees incarcerated in DOCCS facilities.

	QUEENS/ LI	BROOKLYN	NYC ABSCONDERS*	MANHATTAN	BRONX	HUDSON VALLEY	CENTRAL NY	WESTERN NY	IN-STATE TOTAL
AGE									
16-17 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18-20 years	4	3	1	1	1	3	5	3	21
21-29 years	67	51	12	44	44	69	152	150	589
30-39 years	81	58	36	57	65	108	184	223	812
40-49 years	56	38	22	52	40	81	109	127	525
50-59 years	44	36	44	46	39	33	55	67	364
60 years or older	20	12	20	13	5	9	14	22	115
RACE/ETHNICITY									
African American	112	126	59	114	111	95	82	145	844
Hispanic	48	47	47	53	62	25	15	26	323
White	100	21	25	43	19	177	410	403	1,198
Other	12	3	3	3	1	6	11	16	55
Unknown	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	2	6
DRUG ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	125	70	78	103	97	205	401	419	1,498
No	141	123	35	104	94	91	105	148	841
Unknown	6	5	22	6	3	7	13	25	87
ALCOHOL ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	90	45	49	73	53	140	303	336	1,089
No	176	148	63	134	138	156	203	231	1,249
Unknown	6	5	23	6	3	7	13	25	88
EMPLOYMENT STATUS**									
Employed	86	57	0	45	63	126	137	189	703
Unemployed	117	88	0	102	84	114	274	266	1,045
Unable to be Employed	12	12	0	21	8	23	31	58	165
Unknown	10	10	0	8	6	12	22	32	100
EDUCATION									
No Degree	89	95	83	95	84	74	139	161	820
High School Grad/GED	154	84	44	103	94	206	361	390	1,436
At Least Some College	29	19	8	15	16	23	19	41	170
ORIGINAL CONVICTION OFFENSE									
A-1 Violent	15	9	0	7	5	4	3	5	48
Legislative VFO	116	90	28	92	97	103	97	152	775
Other Coercive	28	18	5	14	14	21	38	33	171
Drug Offenses	33	29	73	48	37	57	175	128	580
Major Property	54	42	21	38	29	77	142	156	559
Other Felony	20	7	4	13	8	38	60	109	259
Youthful Offender	6	3	4	1	1	3	4	9	31
Juvenile Offender	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY OFFENSE									
Yes	5	0	0	2	1	5	22	15	50
No	267	198	135	211	193	298	497	577	2,376
TOTAL CASES	272	198	135	213	194	303	519	592	2,426 ***

Notes:

* NYC Absconder Caseloads assigned to the Warrant Squads and Bureau of Special Services.

** Employment status is based on active offenders under supervision only so this information is not available for absconders.

*** Includes 1 Local release.

TABLE 10B: CHARACTERISTICS OF FEMALE OFFENDERS UNDER COMMUNITY SUPERVISION (PERCENTS)
December 31, 2017

The following table presents the characteristics of offenders supervised within New York State by Region. The figures exclude temporary release, community preparation and incarcerated parolees and have been adjusted for missing information.

	QUEENS/ LI	BROOKLYN	NYC ABSCONDERS*	MANHATTAN	BRONX	HUDSON VALLEY	CENTRAL NY	WESTERN NY	IN-STATE TOTAL
AGE									
16-17 years	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
18-20 years	1%	1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
21-29 years	25%	26%	9%	21%	23%	23%	29%	25%	24%
30-39 years	30%	29%	27%	27%	34%	36%	35%	38%	33%
40-49 years	21%	19%	16%	24%	21%	27%	21%	21%	22%
50-59 years	16%	18%	33%	22%	20%	11%	11%	11%	15%
60 years or older	7%	6%	15%	6%	3%	3%	3%	4%	5%
RACE/ETHNICITY									
African American	41%	64%	44%	54%	57%	31%	16%	24%	35%
Hispanic	18%	24%	35%	25%	32%	8%	3%	4%	13%
White	37%	11%	19%	20%	10%	58%	79%	68%	49%
Other	4%	2%	2%	1%	1%	2%	2%	3%	2%
Unknown	0%	<1%	<1%	0%	<1%	0%	<1%	<1%	<1%
DRUG ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	46%	35%	58%	48%	50%	68%	77%	71%	62%
No	52%	62%	26%	49%	48%	30%	20%	25%	35%
Unknown	2%	3%	16%	3%	2%	2%	3%	4%	4%
ALCOHOL ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	33%	23%	36%	34%	27%	46%	58%	57%	45%
No	65%	75%	47%	63%	71%	51%	39%	39%	51%
Unknown	2%	3%	17%	3%	2%	2%	3%	4%	4%
EMPLOYMENT STATUS**									
Employed	38%	34%	N/A	26%	39%	46%	30%	35%	35%
Unemployed	52%	53%	N/A	58%	52%	41%	59%	49%	52%
Unable to be Employed	5%	7%	N/A	12%	5%	8%	7%	11%	8%
Unknown	4%	6%	N/A	5%	4%	4%	5%	6%	5%
EDUCATION									
No Degree	33%	48%	61%	45%	43%	24%	27%	27%	34%
High School Grad/GED	57%	42%	33%	48%	48%	68%	70%	66%	59%
At Least Some College	11%	10%	6%	7%	8%	8%	4%	7%	7%
ORIGINAL CONVICTION OFFENSE									
A-1 Violent	6%	5%	0%	3%	3%	1%	<1%	1%	2%
Legislative VFO	43%	45%	21%	43%	50%	34%	19%	26%	32%
Other Coercive	10%	9%	4%	7%	7%	7%	7%	6%	7%
Drug Offenses	12%	15%	54%	23%	19%	19%	34%	22%	24%
Major Property	20%	21%	16%	18%	15%	25%	27%	26%	23%
Other Felony	7%	4%	3%	6%	4%	13%	12%	18%	11%
Youthful Offender	2%	2%	3%	0%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%
Juvenile Offender	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	2%
SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY OFFENSE									
Yes	2%	0%	0%	1%	1%	2%	4%	3%	2%
No	98%	100%	100%	99%	99%	98%	96%	97%	98%
TOTAL CASES									
	272	198	135	213	194	303	519	592	2,426
REGIONAL PERCENT									
	11%	8%	6%	9%	8%	12%	21%	24%	100% ***

Notes:

* NYC Absconder Caseloads assigned to the Warrant Squads and Bureau of Special Services.

** Employment status is based on active offenders under supervision only so this information is not available for absconders.

*** Includes 1 Local release.

*** Subtotal percentages may not equal 100% due to rounding.

Table 11: CHARACTERISTICS OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS UNDER COMMUNITY SUPERVISION
December 31, 2017

The following table presents the characteristics of Juvenile Offenders supervised within New York State by Region. The figures exclude temporary release, community preparation and unassigned cases and have been adjusted for missing information.

	QUEENS/ LI	BROOKLYN	NYC ABSCONDERS*	MANHATTAN	BRONX	HUDSON VALLEY	CENTRAL NY	WESTERN NY	IN-STATE TOTAL
GENDER									
Male	33	37	8	10	24	23	13	15	163
Female	0	1	3	1	4	2	0	0	11
TOTAL GENDER	33	38	11	11	28	25	13	15	174
AGE									
16-17 years	2	2	0	0	2	2	1	2	11
18-20 years	15	8	3	4	4	10	4	3	51
21-22 years	2	9	1	2	4	0	0	1	19
23-24 years	3	1	0	1	3	1	2	1	12
25 years or Older	11	18	7	4	15	12	6	8	81
TOTAL AGE	33	38	11	11	28	25	13	15	174
RACE/ETHNICITY									
African American	23	31	6	7	14	17	10	10	118
Hispanic	6	6	2	4	13	5	0	2	38
White	2	1	0	0	1	3	3	2	12
Other	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	6
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL RACE/ETHNICITY	33	38	11	11	28	25	13	15	174
DRUG ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	19	16	9	2	10	13	8	10	87
No	14	22	2	8	17	12	5	4	84
Unknown	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	3
TOTAL DRUG ABUSE	33	38	11	11	28	25	13	15	174
ALCOHOL ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	9	8	8	0	7	7	4	9	52
No	24	30	3	10	20	18	9	5	119
Unknown	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	3
TOTAL ALCOHOL ABUSE	33	38	11	11	28	25	13	15	174
EMPLOYMENT STATUS**									
Employed	10	11	N/A	4	12	10	4	8	59
Unemployed	10	18	N/A	2	9	6	5	3	53
Unable to be Employed	0	0	N/A	1	1	1	0	1	4
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	20	29	N/A	7	22	17	9	12	116
EDUCATION									
Grade School Only	4	4	3	0	7	5	1	1	25
Some High School	12	13	1	4	7	4	4	4	49
High School Diploma or Equivalency	1	3	0	0	2	1	0	3	10
Some College	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Unknown	16	18	7	7	11	15	8	7	89
TOTAL EDUCATION	33	38	11	11	28	25	13	15	174
SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY OFFENSE									
Yes	1	1	0	0	0	4	1	1	8
No	32	37	11	11	28	21	12	14	166
TOTAL SEX OFFENDER	33	38	11	11	28	25	13	15	174
TOTAL CASES	33	38	11	11	28	25	13	15	174

Notes:

The table represents Juvenile Offenders released from OCFS and DOCCS facilities.

* NYC Absconder Caseloads assigned to the Warrant Squads and Bureau of Special Services.

** Employment status is based on active offenders under supervision only so this information is not available for absconders.

**TABLE 12: COMPAS SUPERVISION LEVEL BY REGION FOR PAROLEES IN THE COMMUNITY
December 31, 2017**

	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Pending		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Queens-LI	1,041	25%	630	15%	1,198	29%	1,228	30%	57	1%	4,154	100%
Brooklyn	920	25%	474	13%	1,052	28%	1,207	33%	51	1%	3,704	100%
Manhattan	1,075	35%	361	12%	695	22%	943	30%	38	1%	3,112	100%
Bronx	1,077	31%	546	16%	824	24%	993	29%	31	1%	3,471	100%
Hudson Valley	903	27%	672	20%	853	26%	829	25%	41	1%	3,298	100%
Central NY	1,322	31%	667	16%	1,181	28%	1,080	25%	18	0%	4,268	100%
Western	1,526	29%	774	15%	1,406	27%	1,462	28%	51	1%	5,219	100%
Total	7,864	29%	4,124	15%	7,209	26%	7,742	28%	287	1%	27,226	100%

Note: this table reflects parolees supervised on the street in New York state and excludes those in the violation process, incarcerated in DOCCS facilities and out of state or in ICE custody, and absconders at large.

Note: Percentage totals may not equal 100% due to rounding.

**TABLE 13: VETERAN STATUS BY GENDER FOR PAROLEES
ON DECEMBER 31, 2017**

Veteran Status	Male			Female			Total		
	Non Veteran	Veteran	Total	Non Veteran	Veteran	Total	Non Veteran	Veteran	Total
Active Parolee Population	31,702	1,403	33,105	2,387	39	2,426	34,089	1,442	35,531
<i>Streeted Parolees*</i>	24,033	1,226	25,259	1,980	35	2,015	26,013	1,261	27,274
Incarcerated Parolees	704	16	720	78	0	78	782	16	798
Total	32,406	1,419	33,825	2,465	39	2,504	34,871	1,458	36,329
Active Parolee Population	95.8%	4.2%	100.0%	98.4%	1.6%	100.0%	95.9%	4.1%	100.0%
<i>Streeted Parolees*</i>	95.1%	4.9%	100.0%	98.3%	1.7%	100.0%	95.4%	4.6%	100.0%
Incarcerated Parolees	97.8%	2.2%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	98.0%	2.0%	100.0%
Total	95.8%	4.2%	100.0%	98.4%	1.6%	100.0%	96.0%	4.0%	100.0%

*Streeted parolees are a subset of active parolees and represent parolees currently supervised in the community.

Section 3 - Violation Process

There are three major outcomes associated with violations of the conditions of parole supervision: return to prison, placement in an alternative program, and restoration to the community. A parolee can be ordered to return to prison to serve a time assessment imposed at a parole revocation hearing. It is possible that a parolee will serve the full time assessment in local jail rather than prison because he or she was also facing local criminal charges. Another sanction that can be imposed for the violation of parole supervision is placement in an alternative program, such as drug treatment at the Willard Drug Treatment Campus. Finally, a parolee can have his or her parole supervision revoked, but be restored to community supervision, frequently with an additional condition to participate in specified programming in the community.

- Of the 15,944 warrants issued in 2017, 41% were issued to parolees supervised at Level 1, 24% at Level 2, 25% at Level 3 and 8% at Level 4. Nearly half (44%) of the parolees under supervision were supervised at Level 1 or 2, but nearly two-thirds (65%) of warrants issued were to individuals supervised at Levels 1 or 2 (Table 14).
- Between 2013 and 2017, the number of ultimate violation process outcomes for parole violators with sustained charges decreased by 7%, from 13,224 in 2013 to 12,252 in 2017 (Table 15).
- In 2017, the majority (80%) of violation outcomes were ordered to prison, Willard or an Alternative 90 or 45 Day Program², while 20% were revoked and restored to the street or a program in the community (Table 15).
- Since 2013, parolees who had a parole violation that resulted in the revocation of parole supervision and return to prison consistently made up the largest category of violation process outcomes. In 2017, 55% of violations resulted in a decision of Revoke and Ordered Returned to Prison. This was a decrease from 64% in 2013 (Table 15).
- Between 2013 and 2017, the number of violations resulting in parolees being returned to prison decreased by 20%; between 2016 and 2017, the number decreased by 8% (Table 15).
- In 2013, 23% of violations resulted in placement at Willard (including the Alt 90 program) or in the Edgecombe Alt 45 program. In 2017, the proportion of violations resulting in placement in these programs increased slightly to 24% (Table 15).

² Alternative 90 and 45 Day Programs include violators participating in alternative drug treatment programs at both the Willard Drug Treatment Campus and Edgecombe Residential Treatment Facility as DOCCS inmates.

TABLE 14: 2017 WARRANTS ISSUED BY SUPERVISION LEVEL

Supervision Level	Type of Warrant							
	Absconder		New Arrest		Rule Violation		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1 (25:1)	2,183	37%	1,922	36%	2,398	51%	6,503	41%
2 (40:1)	1,615	27%	1,197	22%	958	20%	3,770	24%
3 (80:1)	1,502	26%	1,528	29%	940	20%	3,970	25%
4 (160:1)	556	9%	658	12%	388	8%	1,602	8%
Pending	23	0%	34	1%	42	1%	99	1%
TOTAL	5,879	100%	5,339	100%	4,726	100%	15,944	100%

Supervision Level for Parolees in the Community	
December 31, 2017	
1 (25:1)	29%
2 (40:1)	15%
3 (80:1)	26%
4 (160:1)	28%
Pending	1%
TOTAL	100%

*Percentage total may not equal 100% due to rounding.

**TABLE 15: ULTIMATE DISPOSITIONS FOR VIOLATIONS
WITH CHARGES SUSTAINED**

	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Revoke and Ordered Returned to Prison*	8,415	63.6%	7,460	61.1%	7,504	61.8%	7,375	58.2%	6,766	55.2%
Revoke and Restore to Willard - Mandatory	877	6.6%	852	7.0%	904	7.4%	952	7.5%	889	7.3%
Revoke and Restore to Willard - Voluntary	163	1.2%	159	1.3%	143	1.2%	143	1.1%	159	1.3%
Alternative 90 Day Program	1,804	13.6%	1,714	14.0%	1,758	14.5%	1,887	14.9%	1,723	14.1%
Alternative 45 Day Program	197	1.5%	164	1.3%	112	0.9%	188	1.5%	217	1.8%
TOTAL ORDERED TO PRISON, WILLARD OR ALT PROGRAM	11,456	86.6%	10,349	84.8%	10,421	85.8%	10,545	83.2%	9,754	79.6%
Revoke and Restore to Street or Program	1,768	13.4%	1,853	15.2%	1,720	14.2%	2,132	16.8%	2,498	20.4%
TOTAL OUTCOMES	13,224	100%	12,202	100%	12,141	100%	12,677	100%	12,252	100%

Revoke and Restore to Street - Time Served

411

379

464

476

412

Notes: *Revoke and Ordered Returned to Prison includes some cases that were ultimately restored to supervision after serving the complete time assessment while in local jail, with no return to prison. The subset of these case is presented immediately above in the Revoke and Restore to Street - Time Served category.

Alternative 90 and 45 Day Programs include violators participating in alternative drug treatment programs at both Willard Drug Treatment Campus and Edgecombe Residential Treatment Facility as DOCCS inmates.

Cases included in the table had their VIOLATORS record closed during the year reported.

Section 4 – Parolees Removed from Community Supervision

Parolees are removed from community supervision as a result of being returned to prison for violating the conditions of release, being convicted of a new offense, or being successfully discharged. Parolees are successfully discharged after reaching their Maximum Expiration date, thereby completing their sentence, or prior to the completion of their sentence through one of the early discharge mechanisms, including Merit Termination³, Mandatory Termination⁴, and Board Three Year Discharge⁵.

- In 2017, 56% of parolees removed from Community Supervision were discharged after successfully completing the terms of supervision. This was an increase from 54% in 2016 (Table 16).
- Seventeen percent of parolees discharged in 2017 (1,920) received an early discharge by way of either Merit or Mandatory Termination of sentence. This was a decrease from 2008, when 19% (2,883) of parolees received either a Merit or Mandatory Merit discharge (Table 16).
- In 2017, 44% of parolees removed from Community Supervision were returned to prison. This was an increase from a 10-year low of 41% in 2009 and a decrease from 46% in 2016 (Table 16).
- The number of parolees returned to prison for new felony convictions declined 23% since 2008, from 1,710 to 1,322 in 2017. These returns consistently represented 6% of all removals from supervision from 2008 to 2017 (Table 16).
- There were 7,802 removals from community supervision as a result of violations of the conditions of parole in 2017, including 1,930 parolees sent to the Alternate 90 Day and Alternate 45 Day programs. This represented a decrease of 25% from 2008 and 7% from 2016. These returns comprised 38% of all removals from supervision in 2017, down from 40% in 2016 (Table 16).
- Among the 50,424 parolees who spent time under active supervision in 2017, 3% were returned to prison with new court convictions, which has been consistent over the last 10 years (Table 17).

³ DOCCS has the discretionary authority to discharge eligible non-violent offenders from their sentence after either one or two continuous years of unrevoked supervision, depending upon the felony class of the instant offense.

⁴ For those under DOCCS community supervision for a felony drug conviction, a mandatory termination of sentence must be granted, by law, after either two or three continuous years of unrevoked suspension, with the time period dependent upon the felony class of the instant offense.

⁵ The Board of Parole has the authority to grant discharge prior to the expiration of sentence to statutorily eligible offenders under DOCCS community supervision following three continuous years of unrevoked suspension.

- In 2017, 7,802 (16%) of the 50,424 parolees who spent time under active supervision were returned to prison for violations of the conditions of parole, a decrease of 25% from the 10,350 returned in 2008 (Table 17).
- Between 2008 and 2017, the proportion of A-I Violent/Legislative VFO offenders among parolees returned with new convictions increased from 31% to 51%, while the proportion of Drug Offenders decreased from 42% to 23%. This is consistent with the changes in the representation of these offenses among the supervised population (Table 18).
- Similar to returns for new convictions, between 2008 and 2017, the proportion of A-I Violent/Legislative VFO offenders amongst returns to prison for violating conditions of parole has steadily increased from 33% to 47%, while the proportion of Drug Offenders has decreased from 37% to 18% (Table 20).
- Among 2017 returns to prison, there was an inverse relationship between supervision level and rate of return. Specifically, 44% of returns were among offenders supervised at Level 1, while 8% of returns were among offenders supervised at Level 4 (Table 22).
- While 44% of parolees under supervision in the community on December 31, 2017 were supervised at Level 1 or 2, 69% of parolees returned to prison were supervised at Levels 1 or 2 (Table 22).
- Absconder warrants made up the highest proportion of returns to prison for violating conditions of parole between 2016 and 2017, at approximately 42% each year (Table 23).
- About one-third of the returns to prison for violating conditions of parole between 2016 and 2017 started the violation process with a technical warrant (Table 23).

TABLE 16: PAROLEES REMOVED FROM COMMUNITY SUPERVISION: 2008-2017

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Removals from Community Supervision										
Returned Rule Violations	8,997	7,970	7,546	7,427	7,479	7,321	6,612	6,401	6,362	5,872
<i>ALT 90 Day</i>	1,323	1,190	1,403	1,696	1,689	1,780	1,726	1,734	1,882	1,734
<i>ALT 45 Day</i>	30	172	138	63	124	183	164	94	175	196
Total Returned Rule Violations	10,350	9,332	9,087	9,186	9,292	9,284	8,502	8,229	8,419	7,802
<i>Rule Violations Percent of Total Removals</i>	38%	35%	36%	38%	39%	40%	39%	40%	40%	38%
Returned New Felony Convictions	1,710	1,553	1,538	1,496	1,363	1,406	1,401	1,275	1,319	1,322
<i>New Felony Percent of Total Removals</i>	6%	6%	6%	6%	6%	6%	6%	6%	6%	6%
Total Returned to Prison	12,060	10,885	10,625	10,682	10,655	10,690	9,903	9,504	9,738	9,124
<i>Returned Percent of Total Removals</i>	44%	41%	42%	44%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%	44%
Discharged From Supervision	12,354	12,234	11,837	10,917	10,336	10,326	9,878	9,406	9,460	9,506
Merit Termination	1,022	2,375	1,964	2,276	2,496	2,100	1,846	1,726	1,811	1,871
Mandatory Termination	1,861	1,358	853	543	258	163	127	87	69	49
Total Discharges	15,237	15,967	14,654	13,736	13,090	12,589	11,851	11,219	11,340	11,426
<i>Discharge Percent of Total Removals</i>	56%	59%	58%	56%	55%	54%	54%	54%	54%	56%
GRAND TOTAL REMOVALS	27,297	26,852	25,279	24,418	23,745	23,279	21,754	20,723	21,078	20,550

**TABLE 17: PAROLEES RETURNED TO PRISON: 2008 to 2017
AS A PROPORTION OF THE PAROLEE DYNAMIC POPULATION**

Return Reason	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
New Court Conviction	1,710 2.8%	1,553 2.7%	1,538 2.7%	1,496 2.7%	1,363 2.6%	1,406 2.7%	1,401 2.7%	1,275 2.5%	1,319 2.6%	1,322 2.6%
Violating Conditions of Parole¹	10,350 17.1%	9,332 16.0%	9,087 16.1%	9,186 16.8%	9,292 17.4%	9,284 17.7%	8,502 16.6%	8,228 16.4%	8,419 16.7%	7,802 15.5%
Total Prison Returns During Year	12,060 19.9%	10,885 18.6%	10,625 18.9%	10,682 19.6%	10,655 20.0%	10,690 20.4%	9,903 19.3%	9,503 18.9%	9,738 19.3%	9,124 18.1%
Dynamic Population²	60,526	58,461	56,267	54,553	53,284	52,307	51,274	50,254	50,403	50,424

¹ Included in the number of offenders returned for violating conditions of Parole are cases ordered to the Department's Alternative 90 and Alternative 45 day programs. The number of Alt 90 entrants was 1,323 for 2008; 1,190 for 2009; 1,403 for 2010; 1,696 for 2011; 1,689 for 2012; 1,781 for 2013; 1,726 for 2014; 1,734 for 2015; 1,882 for 2016; and 1,734 for 2017. The number of Alt 45 entrants was 30 for 2008; 172 for 2009; 138 for 2010; 63 for 2011; 124 for 2012; 183 for 2013; 164 for 2014; 94 for 2015; 175 for 2016, and 196 for 2017.

² The dynamic population reflects the number of people who spent at least some time under active supervision (start of year active population plus all releases to supervision) over the course of the year.

**TABLE 18: PAROLEES RETURNED TO PRISON AS NEW COMMITMENTS: 2008 TO 2017
ORIGINAL CRIME OF COMMITMENT**

The number of Drug Offenders returned to prison after conviction of a new felony has decreased by 57 percent since 2008.

This reflects the combined impact of decreases in the drug offender population under supervision and significant numbers of drug offenders returned for rule violations before they commit new crimes. In 2017, 309 Drug Offenders were returned to DOCCS for committing new crimes.

Year	A-I Violent and Legislative VFO		Other Coercive		Drug Offenses		Major Property		Other Felony		Youthful Offenders		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2008	533	31%	78	5%	722	42%	257	15%	70	4%	50	3%	1,710	100%
2009	516	33%	70	5%	601	39%	254	16%	69	4%	43	3%	1,553	100%
2010	631	41%	70	5%	493	32%	248	16%	51	3%	45	3%	1,538	100%
2011	599	40%	57	4%	470	31%	257	17%	69	5%	44	3%	1,496	100%
2012	583	43%	61	4%	386	28%	230	17%	75	6%	28	2%	1,363	100%
2013	652	46%	68	5%	380	27%	200	14%	70	5%	36	3%	1,406	100%
2014	643	46%	54	4%	349	25%	255	18%	64	5%	36	3%	1,401	100%
2015	585	46%	69	5%	317	25%	206	16%	53	4%	45	4%	1,275	100%
2016	663	50%	64	5%	271	21%	216	16%	74	6%	31	2%	1,319	100%
2017	668	51%	75	6%	309	23%	189	14%	60	5%	21	2%	1,322	100%

TABLE 19: ORIGINAL COMMITMENT OFFENSE OF NEW FELONY RETURNS TO PRISON: 2013 TO 2017

COMMITMENT OFFENSE	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017	
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
A-I VIOLENT OFFENSES										
Murder, Murder 1st & 2nd, Att. Murder 1st	14	1%	13	1%	7	<1%	13	1%	10	1%
Kidnapping 1st	0	--	0	--	0	--	1	<1%	0	--
Arson 1st	0	--	0	--	0	--	0	--	0	--
TOTAL A-I Violent	14	1%	13	1%	7	<1%	14	1%	10	1%
LEGISLATIVE VFO										
Attempted Murder 2nd	18	1%	11	1%	8	1%	6	<1%	13	1%
Manslaughter 1st	16	1%	10	1%	8	1%	13	1%	12	1%
Rape 1st	7	<1%	7	0%	6	<1%	2	<1%	9	1%
Robbery 1st	111	8%	99	7%	95	7%	95	7%	87	7%
Robbery 2nd	153	11%	133	9%	109	8%	127	10%	110	8%
Assault 1st	25	2%	23	2%	28	2%	20	2%	48	4%
Other Assault	36	3%	49	3%	64	5%	59	4%	47	4%
Burglary 1st	13	1%	19	1%	14	1%	15	1%	14	1%
Burglary 2nd	125	9%	144	10%	126	9%	159	12%	146	11%
Attempted Arson 1st, Arson 2nd	0	--	1	<1%	1	<1%	2	<1%	1	<1%
Sodomy 1st	2	<1%	2	<1%	1	<1%	2	<1%	2	<1%
Sexual Abuse	9	1%	7	<1%	9	1%	11	1%	8	1%
Weapons Offense	121	9%	121	9%	109	8%	134	10%	158	12%
Terrorism/False Bombing	1	<1%	2	<1%	0	--	1	<1%	1	<1%
Attempted Kidnapping 1st, Kidnapping 2nd	1	<1%	2	<1%	0	--	3	<1%	2	<1%
TOTAL Legislative VFO	638	45%	630	45%	578	41%	649	49%	658	50%
OTHER COERCIVE										
Manslaughter 2nd	2	<1%	0	--	0	--	1	<1%	2	<1%
Other Homicide	1	<1%	0	--	0	--	0	--	0	--
Robbery 3rd	35	2%	39	3%	41	3%	31	2%	45	3%
Attempted Assault 2nd	12	1%	4	<1%	9	1%	12	1%	12	1%
Other Sex Offenses	7	<1%	5	<1%	9	1%	6	<1%	8	1%
Other Coercive	11	1%	6	<1%	10	1%	14	1%	8	1%
TOTAL Other Coercive	68	5%	54	4%	69	5%	64	5%	75	6%
DRUG OFFENSES										
Drug Sale	221	16%	191	14%	165	12%	148	11%	137	10%
Drug Possession	159	11%	158	11%	152	11%	123	9%	172	13%
TOTAL Drug Offenses	380	27%	349	25%	317	23%	271	21%	309	23%
MAJOR PROPERTY										
Burglary 3rd	93	7%	117	8%	103	7%	110	8%	100	8%
Grand Larceny	51	4%	85	6%	52	4%	58	4%	51	4%
Forgery	24	2%	32	2%	23	2%	26	2%	16	1%
Stolen Property	32	2%	21	1%	28	2%	22	2%	22	2%
TOTAL Major Property	200	14%	255	18%	206	15%	216	16%	189	14%
OTHER FELONY										
Driving While Intoxicated	16	1%	16	1%	16	1%	16	1%	17	1%
Non-Violent Weapons Offense	17	1%	15	1%	17	1%	16	1%	13	1%
All Other Felonies	37	3%	33	2%	20	1%	42	3%	30	2%
TOTAL Other Felony	70	5%	64	5%	53	4%	74	6%	60	5%
YOUTHFUL										
Youthful Offenders	36	3%	36	3%	45	3%	31	2%	21	2%
TOTAL YO	36	3%	36	3%	45	3%	31	2%	21	2%
GRAND TOTAL	1,406	100%	1,401	100%	1,275	100%	1,319	100%	1,322	100%

**TABLE 20: PAROLEES RETURNED TO PRISON FOR RULE VIOLATIONS: 2008 TO 2017
ORIGINAL CRIME OF COMMITMENT**

In 2017, 3,686 Violent Felony Offenders were returned to prison for rule violations. As the proportion of Drug Offenders under supervision has decreased, the number of Drug Offenders returned to prison for rule violations has also decreased. In 2008, one-third (33%) of all rule violation returns were violent felony offenders and 37% were Drug Offenders. In 2017, less than one-quarter (18%) of rule violation returns were drug offenders and almost half (47%) were violent felony offenders.

Calendar Year	A-I Violent and Legislative VFO		Other Coercive		Drug Offenses		Major Property		Other Felony		Youthful Offenders		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2008	3,382	33%	652	6%	3,808	37%	1,566	15%	615	6%	327	3%	10,350	100%
2009	3,119	33%	617	7%	3,418	37%	1,351	14%	544	6%	283	3%	9,332	100%
2010	3,268	36%	642	7%	3,045	34%	1,328	15%	534	6%	270	3%	9,087	100%
2011	3,487	38%	586	6%	2,886	31%	1,373	15%	575	6%	279	3%	9,186	100%
2012	3,889	42%	620	7%	2,539	27%	1,319	14%	614	7%	311	3%	9,292	100%
2013	4,078	44%	719	8%	2,186	24%	1,385	15%	625	7%	291	3%	9,284	100%
2014	3,865	45%	629	7%	1,832	22%	1,321	16%	597	7%	258	3%	8,502	100%
2015	3,857	47%	611	7%	1,589	19%	1,324	16%	579	7%	269	3%	8,229	100%
2016	4,082	48%	614	7%	1,541	18%	1,366	16%	586	7%	230	3%	8,419	100%
2017	3,686	47%	641	8%	1,371	18%	1,290	17%	582	7%	232	3%	7,802	100%

TABLE 21: ORIGINAL COMMITMENT OFFENSE OF RULE RETURNS TO PRISON: 2013 TO 2017

COMMITMENT OFFENSE	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017	
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
A-I VIOLENT OFFENSES										
Murder, Murder 1st & 2nd, Att. Murder 1st	54	1%	53	1%	53	1%	84	1%	63	1%
Kidnapping 1st	1	<1%	1	<1%	1	<1%	1	<1%	2	<1%
Arson 1st	1	<1%	0	--	0	--	2	<1%	0	--
TOTAL A-I Violent	56	1%	54	1%	54	1%	87	1%	65	1%
LEGISLATIVE VFO										
Attempted Murder 2nd	53	1%	56		48	1%	53	1%	46	1%
Manslaughter 1st	93	1%	57	1%	68	1%	66	1%	61	1%
Rape 1st	125	1%	101	1%	128	2%	110	1%	119	1%
Robbery 1st	533	6%	501	6%	457	6%	482	6%	422	5%
Robbery 2nd	829	9%	803	9%	768	9%	749	9%	630	7%
Assault 1st	146	2%	159	2%	155	2%	132	2%	127	2%
Other Assault	396	4%	398	5%	368	4%	402	5%	343	4%
Burglary 1st	86	1%	80	1%	88	1%	92	1%	85	1%
Burglary 2nd	758	8%	787	9%	761	9%	823	10%	814	10%
Attempted Arson 1st, Arson 2nd	24	<1%	15	<1%	24	<1%	24	<1%	23	<1%
Sodomy 1st	97	1%	81	1%	66	1%	80	1%	79	1%
Sexual Abuse	259	3%	184	2%	245	3%	299	4%	286	3%
Weapons Offense	599	6%	575	7%	606	7%	667	8%	570	7%
Terrorism/False Bombing	6	<1%	3	<1%	8	<1%	4	<1%	2	<1%
Attempted Kidnapping 1st, Kidnapping 2nd	18	<1%	11	<1%	13	<1%	12	<1%	14	<1%
TOTAL Legislative VFO	4,022	43%	3,811	45%	3,803	46%	3,995	47%	3,621	46%
OTHER COERCIVE										
Manslaughter 2nd	11	<1%	15	<1%	11	<1%	11	<1%	8	<1%
Other Homicide	6	<1%	5	<1%	3	<1%	10	<1%	6	<1%
Robbery 3rd	312	3%	290	3%	240	3%	250	3%	262	3%
Attempted Assault 2nd	119	1%	95	1%	113	1%	101	1%	86	1%
Other Sex Offenses	161	2%	141	2%	175	2%	169	2%	213	3%
Other Coercive	110	1%	83	1%	69	1%	73	1%	66	1%
TOTAL Other Coercive	719	8%	629	7%	611	7%	614	7%	641	8%
DRUG OFFENSES										
Drug Sale	1,416	15%	1,172	14%	971	12%	923	11%	753	9%
Drug Possession	770	8%	660	8%	618	8%	618	7%	618	7%
TOTAL Drug Offenses	2,186	24%	1,832	22%	1,589	19%	1,541	18%	1,371	18%
MAJOR PROPERTY										
Burglary 3rd	695	7%	656	8%	684	8%	653	8%	612	7%
Grand Larceny	355	4%	378	4%	365	4%	408	5%	389	5%
Forgery	178	2%	149	2%	125	2%	160	2%	159	2%
Stolen Property	157	2%	138	2%	150	2%	145	2%	130	2%
TOTAL Major Property	1,385	15%	1,321	16%	1,324	16%	1,366	16%	1,290	17%
OTHER FELONY										
Driving While Intoxicated	128	1%	124	1%	114	1%	129	2%	109	1%
Non-Violent Weapons Offense	100	1%	120	1%	100	1%	94	1%	108	1%
All Other Felonies	397	4%	353	4%	365	4%	363	4%	365	4%
TOTAL Other Felony	625	7%	597	7%	579	7%	586	7%	582	7%
YOUTHFUL OFFENDERS										
Youthful Offenders	291	3%	258	3%	269	3%	230	3%	232	3%
TOTAL YO	291	3%	258	3%	269	3%	230	3%	232	3%
GRAND TOTAL	9,284	100%	8,502	100%	8,229	100%	8,419	100%	7,802	100%

TABLE 22: PAROLEES RETURNED TO PRISON DURING 2017 BY SUPERVISION LEVEL

Supervision Level	Return Reason						Supervision Level for Parolees in the Community December 31, 2017	
	New Court Conviction		Violating Conditions of Parole		Total			
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
1 (25:1)	508	38%	3,501	45%	4,009	44%	1 (25:1)	29%
2 (40:1)	325	25%	1,972	25%	2,297	25%	2 (40:1)	15%
3 (80:1)	338	26%	1,648	21%	1,986	22%	3 (80:1)	26%
4 (160:1)	146	11%	609	8%	755	8%	4 (160:1)	28%
Pending	5	<1%	72	1%	77	1%	Pending	1%
TOTAL	1,322	100%	7,802	100%	9,124	100%	TOTAL	100%

**TABLE 23: PAROLEES RETURNED TO PRISON FOR VIOLATING CONDITIONS OF PAROLE
BY WARRANT TYPE: 2016 - 2017**

Year	Type of Warrant							
	Absconder		New Arrest		Technical Violation		TOTAL	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2016	3,548	42%	2,300	27%	2,571	31%	8,419	100%
2017	3,189	41%	2,196	28%	2,417	31%	7,802	100%
TOTAL	6,737	42%	4,496	28%	4,988	31%	16,221	100%

Note: Absconders are sometimes apprehended as a result of a new arrest and technical warrants may also be related to an arrest, therefore, new arrest warrants are not the only warrant type associated with misdemeanor and felony arrest activity.

Section 5 – Parolees Supervised Out-of-State

- At the end of 2017, there were 1,488 parolees from New York who were being actively supervised out-of-state under the Interstate Compact (Table 24).
- Between 2013 and 2017, the number of parolees being supervised out-of-state increased by 375 or 34% (Table 24).
- Between 2016 and 2017, the number of parolees supervised out-of-state remained consistent with an increase of only 9 (Table 24).
- During 2017, 442 parolees were transferred out of New York to complete their community supervision under the Interstate Compact. This was a decrease of 21 or 5% from the 463 transfers in 2016.

**TABLE 24: PAROLEES SUPERVISED OUT-OF-STATE
UNDER THE INTERSTATE COMPACT
December 31, 2017**

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1,113	1,299	1,374	1,479	1,488

Section 6 – Parolees Supervised from Other States

- At the end of 2017, there were 1,194 parolees from other states who were being actively supervised in New York under the Interstate Compact (Table 25).
- Between 2013 and 2017, the number of parolees from other states being supervised increased by 83 or 7% (Table 25).
- During 2017, 583 parolees were transferred from other states to New York to complete their community supervision under the Interstate Compact. This was an increase of 20 or 4% from the 563 transfers in 2016.
- The majority of parolees from other states (61%) are supervised as Level 3 and 4 (Table 26).

TABLE 25: PAROLEES FROM OTHER STATES SUPERVISED IN NEW YORK UNDER THE INTERSTATE COMPACT DECEMBER 31, 2017

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1,111	1,102	1,191	1,185	1,194

TABLE 26: PAROLEES FROM OTHER STATES SUPERVISED IN NEW YORK BY COMPAS SUPERVISION LEVEL

Supervision Level	Number	Percent
1 (25:1)	165	14%
2 (40:1)	90	8%
3 (80:1)	247	21%
4 (160:1)	477	40%
Pending	215	18%
TOTAL	1,194	100%

*Percentage total may not equal 100% due to rounding.

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