PREA AUDIT: AUDITOR'S SUMMARY REPORT ADULT PRISONS & JAILS





Name of facility:	Watertown Correc	tional I	Facility		
Physical address:	23147 Swan Road	l Water	town, New York 13601	-9340	
Date report submitted:	October 18, 2016				
Auditor Information An	nerican Correctio	nal As	ssociation Jeffrey B.	Noble	
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Date of facility visit:	September 21-23,	, 2016			
Facility Information					
Facility mailing address: (if different from above)	Same as above				
Telephone number:	(315)782-7490				
The facility is:	☐ Military		☐ County	☐ Federa	<u> </u>
	☐ Private for prof	fit	☐ Municipal	State	
	☐ Private not for	profit			
Facility Type:	☐ Jail	□ Pris	son		
Name of PREA Complia	nce Manager: Ste	ephen \	Noodward		
Title: Captain/PREA Point Person					
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Agency Information					
Name of agency:	New York State D	epartm	ent of Corrections and	Community	Supervision
Governing authority or parent agency: (if applicable)	N/A				
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AUDIT FINDINGS

NARRATIVE:

On, September 21-23, 2016, an audit was conducted at Watertown Correctional Facility in Watertown, New York to determine compliance with the Prison Rape Elimination Act standards finalized August 2012.

A complete tour of the facility was conducted September 21, 2016. The following areas of the operation were visited and observed for PREA compliance: SHU, Medical Infirmary, Academic School, Powerhouse, Library, Chapel, Reception, Law Library, Grievance Office, Records Office, Gymnasium, Vocational School, Maintenance Shop, Commissary, Building Maintenance Classroom, Clothing Issue Area, Transportation Area, Electrical Vocational Area, Small Engine Repair Area, Food Service Area, Housing Units (A, B, C, D, E) and Tier Office. I checked the availability of PREA reporting information in each housing area, the level of privacy from the opposite gender in the restroom and shower areas, reviewing sign-in ledgers, and had informal discussions with staff assigned to each housing unit. The other areas of the institution were evaluated by observing blind spots, reviewing staff sign in ledgers, reviewing PREA reporting information posted in area, and having informal discussions with staff assigned to each area. Inmates were interviewed informally concerning their knowledge of reporting procedures for PREA related incidents, confidence in staff handling PREA related incidents, and general safety concerns.

The documents reviewed for this audit included department policy, institution policy, contracts, staff training records, personnel records, volunteer training records, sexual abuse and harassment complaints, memorandums, and training curriculums. Formal interviews were conducted with the Warden, PREA Compliance Manager/Coordinator (facility/departmental), three medical staff, one human resources staff member, seven corrections officers (7 1st/3 2nd/ 1 3rd 3), five random facility staff, three correctional supervisors, four first responders, two investigative staff, one intake staff, one volunteer, two incident review team members, one retaliation monitors, one segregation supervisors, and two segregation staff. Forty nine staff members were met during the tour of the facility. Interviews were conducted with fifteen randomly selected inmates. One LGBTI identified inmates were interviewed. Twenty three inmates were interviewed informally throughout the tour and visit at the facility. The

agency head was not interviewed due to the finding of 100% of prior audits as it relates to the Agency head interview.

The auditor was provided access to the facility day and night during the audit and provided documentation as requested. 1st, 2nd, and 3rd shifts were visited.

DESCRIPTION OF FACILITY CHARACTERISTICS:

Watertown Correctional Facility is located within the town of Watertown, New York. The facility was converted from a United States Air Force facility. The physical address of the facility is 23147 Swan Road Watertown, New York 13601-9340.

Watertown Vincent Correctional Facility is an all-male, adult facility. The facility consists of 90 buildings with 51 inside the compound and 39 outside the compound. Several buildings outside the facility were old military housing units. The facility has 10 (A1, A2, B1, B2, C1, C2, D1, D2, E1, E2) housing areas in an open dormitory format.

The facility has a design capacity of 670 offenders and currently houses 526 offenders. Offenders range in age from 19 to 77. The average length of stay is 283 days. Offenders arrive at the facility from reception centers and other facilities within the New York Correctional System. Watertown houses inmates of medium security level.

Watertown Correctional Facility employs 335 staff members to include security, non-security, medical, and treatment providers. The facility didn't employee mental health staff.

SUMMARY OF AUDIT FINDINGS:

During the visit, the auditor interviewed fifteen random inmates, four limited english proficient inmates, with assistance of a Spanish speaking supervisor at the facility, one inmates identified as gay, lesbian, or bisexual, and all specialized staff. Inmates and staff interviewed were aware of the Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA). Inmates interviewed were aware of methods of reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment and indicated they felt the PREA requirements were concerned important at this facility. Most inmates indicated that PREA information was received in writing and via video orientation. Most staff were knowledgeable of PREA requirements and reporting responsibilities. All staff members questioned were aware of evidence preservation and medical considerations required by PREA protocal. Informational posters were posted throughout the facility in English and Spanish. The State of New York Department of Corrections and Community Supervision had policies and procedures in place to report, investigative, and complete corrective action on PREA related incidents.

Number of standards exceeded: 5

Number of standards met: 36

Number of standards not met: 0

Number of Non-Applicable Standards 2

Zero tolerance of Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment; PREA Coordinator □ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard) □ Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period) □ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the noted policies and procedures: Directive 4027A-Sexual Abuse Prevention and Intervention (inmate on inmate), Directive 4028A-Sexual Abuse Prevention and Intervention (staff on inmate), Employee Manual, (2.19, 2.20), Memo from Commissioner (Appointment of Associate Counsel as agency PREA Coordinator-3/14/2012), DOCCS Organizational Chart, Memo Deputy Commissioner (Re: Facility Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) Point Person), Email announcement from Associate Commissioner dated 4/23/2013 (Re: Assistant Deputy Superintendent/PREA Compliance Manager Appointment with Duties Description), and Watertown Organizational Chart. I was accompanied on the site visit at Watertown by the Associate Commissioner and the Regional PREA Coordinator. The Commissioner provided insight on the statewide PREA Compliance effort along with written responses to his PREA questionnaire.

The agency had a written policy mandating zero tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in facilities it operates directly (Directive 4027A/4028A). Watertown Correctional Facility had a process to implement the department PREA related directives into the facility day to day operation. The facility had an identified PREA Point Person (Captain) at the facility to coordinate PREA related investigations, compliance, etc. The agency had definitions of prohibited behaviors defined in employee policies, and employee manuals (Directive 4027A/4028A, Employee Manual 2.19). The agency has strategies to reduce sexual abuse in the New York prison system. This was written into policy and monitored per reported incident, review of institution staffing plans, and review of yearly reports. As noted earlier, New York has a centralized PREA Coordinator, Associate Commissioner Effman and an institution Point Person, Captain Woodward, who assisted me with the PREA audit throughout the visit. I interviewed the PREA Coordinator at Watertown Correctional Facility utilizing the PREA pre-determined interview questions and was provided with an interview of the Agency PREA coordinator on prior audits. Both agency coordinator and institution coordinator discussed issues throughout the audit as they arose.

Contracting with Other Entities for the Confinement of Inmates
☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
☐ Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)
☑ Non-Applicable
☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)
e facility is a state of New York managed facility. The standard is non-applicable.
Supervision and Monitoring
Supervision and Monitoring Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
<u> </u>
☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Employee Manual-2.44, Directive #4001 (Facility Administrative Coverage and Supervisory Rounds, dated 8/26/2015), Watertown Correctional Facility Annual Security Chart/Staffing Review Report with Recommended Changes to Facility Plot Plan, Watertown Post Closure Report, Annual Staffing Audit Review with Associate Commissioner, Examples of log book entries (Executive staff and security supervisors completing announced and unannounced rounds), Examples of Weekly Administrator Activity Report (Form 4001) for Tour 1, Tour, and Tour 3, Examples of Security Supervisor Report (Form 4001B) for Tour 1, Tour 2, and Tour 3, and Officer of the day supervisory rounds schedule. The facility was toured with every building being walked through with the exception of the outside military housing. Each buildings log books were reviewed for announced and unannounced rounds. Unannounced rounds were being made regularly by supervisory staff. The facility also provided weekly activity reports that showed who had been to the different areas in the past week. The watch supervisor submitted a daily report of rounds completed, noting any incidents that occur. The facility had Executive staff assigned as Officer of the Day on a weekly rotating schedule to provide increased rounds in the various areas. I was provide a copy of the yearly staffing review, which addressed PREA related concerns. The yearly staffing plan requested the addition of two officers and one supervisor.

The facility documented its efforts to comply with the staffing plan by documenting any post closings on their supervisory report, daily. The closed post were recorded and occurred periodically for medical or mental transports. These closing were made in non-housing areas. All unannounced rounds by executive staff and supervisory staff were documented in a weekly

report by executive staff and a shift report daily by shift supervisors. All executive and supervisory staff also documented their rounds in each area by signing in red ink unannounced rounds. All shifts were required to make unannounced rounds. I interviewed shift supervisors on all shifts and this was confirmed verbally and by reviewing supervisor reports, reviewing area ledgers, and interviewing various supervisors and staff. The supervisors explained methods they employ to conduct supervisory rounds, while pointing out that it was against their employee code of conduct to alert staff of supervisory rounds. The inmate population of Watertown Correctional Facility at the time of the audit was 526 inmates, with a capacity of 670. The PREA staffing plan was written to accommodate 670 inmates. The New York Department of Corrections and Community Supervision reviewed staffing plans with Watertown Correctional Facility on a yearly basis. I was provided the yearly review.

115.1	4 Youthful Inmates	
	☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)	
	$\hfill\square$ Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)	
	□ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)	
	The facility doesn't house youthful offenders. Coxsackie, Woodbourne, and Greene facilities were identified as the designated facilities to house juvenile offenders.	
115.1	5 Limits to Cross-Gender Viewing and Searches	_
	□ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)	
	oxtimes Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)	
	☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)	

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: HSPM 1.37 (Body Cavity Searches), Directive #4910 (Control and Search for Contraband), Directive #2230 (Guidelines for Assignment of Male and Female Correction Officers, Directive #4001 (Facility Administrative Coverage and Supervisory Rounds), HSPM 1.19 (Health Appraisals) and Watertown FOM showing transgender shower policy. Watertown Correctional Facility is an all-male facility. Training records were provided by the facility showing all staff had been trained on the proper shakedown procedures for cross gender inmates. Interviews with various staff at the facility demonstrated their knowledge of that training.

Watertown Correctional Facility doesn't house female inmates. The facility requires all cross gender strip searches be documented, but have not had any in this audit cycle. Each restroom and shower were visually inspected and shower curtains in each shower and urinal.

115.16	Inmates with Disabilities and Inmates who are Limited English Proficient
	□ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
	$\hfill\square$ Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)
	□ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)
	The facility exceeds this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #2612 (Inmates with Sensorial Disabilities), Directive #4490 (Cultural and Language Access Services), Memo from Associate Commissioner dated 10/26/2015 (Ending Sexual Abuse Behind the Walls: An Orientation-DVD), Inmate Pamphlet (What Inmates Need to Know-English, Chinese, Spanish, Polish, Russian, Haitian-Creole, Italian, Korean/Help for Victims of Sexual Abuse in Prison), Language Access Plan and Facility specific Spanish version of Pamphlet. I interviewed 4 inmates at the facility with the assistance of a social service supervisor who was bi-lingual. All indicated that they had received the initial orientation and understood their rights as it relates to reporting sexual abuse. I also observed bi-lingual PREA posters in all dormitories and general activity areas. The variety of inmate orientation material in foreign languages was outstanding. It was one of the best I have seen in my audits of facilities. The availability was also outstanding. PREA related material was available in the reception area (laminated), the library, the re-entry classrooms, etc.
	The agency had services for translation if needed. The agency also had educational and informational material available to inmates upon arrival at the facility, for review in housing and common areas, in the library, and at orientation. The agency prohibits the use of inmate translators in the investigation and reporting of sexual abuse. I interviewed both staff and inmate to confirm this. I had the opportunity to interview an inmate of Russian nationality and he confirm he had read the Russian version of the pamphlet.
115.17	Hiring and Promotion Decisions
	☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #2216 (Fingerprinting/Criminal History Inquiry-New Employees and Contractors), NYS Department of Correctional Services Personnel Procedure Manual #406A Recruitment Process (Forms PPM 406A1, PPM 406A2), Memo from Director of Personnel (Personnel Procedure #407, Personnel Procedure Manual #407 Security Promotions), Memo from Deputy Commissioner and Counsel (Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA)-Background Checks), Directive #2112 (Report of Criminal Charges), Form 1253 (Personal History and Interview Record), Availability Inquiry Correction Sergeant and Lieutenant, Form EIU23

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

(Personal History Questionnaire, Fair Chance Hiring Application Revisions and Statewide Employment Application, Directive #2012 (Release of Employee Personnel and Payroll Information). The Human Resources Supervisor was interviewed and provided a complete example of the hiring process from start to finish. New York State has background processes in place to complete a background check of all new hires and promotions.

The agency has a policy in place that prohibits hiring or promoting staff or contractors who have engaged in sexual abuse in prisons and the community. These questions are ask in the initial hiring or promotion process and a criminal background check is completed to substantiate their responses. Watertown Correctional Facility provided an example of a contractor background check, which met PREA standards.

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115.18	Upgrades to Facilities and Technology
	☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
	⊠Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard
	for the relevant review period)
	□ Non-Applicable
	☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)
	The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #3053 (Alterations and Construction Request-Form 1612). Watertown

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #3053 (Alterations and Construction Request-Form 1612). Watertown Correctional Facility has not installed or updated any video monitoring systems, electronic systems or monitoring technology during the PREA audit year. Watertown did make construction alterations in their activities building. They remodeled a room to serve as a music room. It was remodeled to improve site lines and reduce blind spots, which reduced the risk of PREA related incidents.

The facility has not had any major new construction or modifications since August 2012. To date, no additional video modifications have been made since August 2012.

Evidence Protocol and Forensic Medical Examinations ☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard) ☐ Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period) ☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #4027B (Sexual Abuse Reporting and Investigation), Statement of Non-Applicability, Department of Health Protocol for the Acute Care of the Adult Patient Reporting Sexual Assault, HSPM 1.60 (Sexual Assault), Operational Guidelines-Office of Special Investigations Immediate Dispatch, Inmate on Inmate/Staff on Inmate, Power Point Presentation on PREA Specialized Training, and Letter to Superintendent of New York State

Police (Implementation of the PRE Standards). The New York Department of Corrections and Community Supervision does not conduct on-site forensic examinations. Inmates are transported to hospitals with SANE and SAFE nurse on-site or on call. I interviewed the medical administrator, a nurse, and nursing administrator and they explained their involvement in this process. The Investigators were interviewed during the Cape Vincent audit and confirmed training on responses to inmate on inmate and staff on inmate investigative techniques.

The agency has a protocol in place to conduct criminal and administrative investigations (#4027B, HSPM 1.60). The Office of Special Investigations (OSI) is responsible for investigating PREA related cases within the New York prison system, with assistance of the New York State Police. The protocol for Forensic Examinations is developed by the New York Department of Health. Inmates are provided the opportunity for forensic examinations if they experience sexual abuse without charge. A SANE/SAFE examiner is provided if available. SANE/SAFE examiners are provided through agreements with local hospitals upon request. Watertown Correctional Facility have had no forensic examinations in this audit cycle. A victim advocate is available on a contractual basis, if needed.

115.22 Policies to Ensure Referrals of Allegations for Investigations

- ☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
- ☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #4027A/B (Sexual Abuse Reporting and Investigation-Inmate on Inmate), Directive #4028A/B (Sexual Abuse Reporting and Investigation-Staff on Inmate), Directive #0700 (Office of Special Investigations), Directive #4026A (Sexual Abuse and Intervention-Inmate on Inmate), and Directive #4028A (Sexual Abuse Prevention and Intervention-Staff on Inmate). The Office of Special Investigations conducts all PREA related investigations in the New York Department of Corrections and Community Supervision. The Investigator and his Supervisor met with me during the Cape Vincent Audit and discussed how PREA related investigations are handled and processed if reported. Both OSI staff were very knowledgeable of the PREA requirements and proactive in their approach to their jobs.

The agency has assigned the Office of Special Investigations (OSI) the responsibility to investigate PREA related sexual abuse and sexual harassment allegations (4026A, 4027B, and 4028A/B). The Office of Special Investigations specifically assigned to investigate sexually related crimes. Watertown had no incidents to report during the audit cycle, but had reporting mechanisms in place.

115.31 Employee Training □Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Memo from Deputy Commissioner and Associate Commissioner (Sexual Abuse Prevention and Response Training), Training Manual Subject 0.100 (PREA: Sexual Abuse Prevention and Response), Sexual Abuse Prevention and Response Lesson Plan, Training manual (Initial Employee Training/40 Hour Orientation), Training Manual Subject 6.500 (Facility Familiarization), Memo from Acting Commissioner (Policies and Standards Generally Applicable to all Employees), KHRT Percent Complete Report for Course (Sexual Abuse Prevention and Response), and Report of Training Form (Sexual Abuse Prevention and Response). The facility provided documentation that substantiated all employees have been trained on a yearly basis on Sexual Abuse Prevention and Response. I interviewed thirty-five staff formally and it was clear that they had received training on sexual abuse prevention and response. The department also provided each employee a pocket card to carry with them outlining the appropriate response steps to prevent and respond to sexual abuse allegations. The training PowerPoint provided was very professionally done and relevant to the Corrections environment.

The employee training curriculum covers all items that are mandated by the Prison Rape Elimination Act. I reviewed the departmental training curriculum and interviewed several staff members to confirm the training. The training curriculum was tailored to address the male population at the facility. Training is provided at yearly in-service and orientation of newly transferred employees. The training records were provided for my review and confirmed yearly training on this issue. Watertown employees interviewed formally and informally were aware of their legal requirements in the handling of PREA cases.

115.32 Volunteer and Contractor Training

☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)

Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #4027A (Sexual Abuse Prevention and Intervention: Inmate on Inmate), Directive #4028A (Sexual Abuse and Intervention: Staff on Inmate), Directive #4750 (Volunteer Services Program), Memo from Acting Commissioner (Policy on the Prevention of Sexual Abuse of Offenders to all Employees, Contractors, and Interns), Directive #4071 (Guidelines for Construction Projects), Standards of Conduct for Volunteers

within the New York State Department of Corrections and Community Supervision: Form #4750C), and Form 4071A. The training material for volunteers and construction project contractors had the information indicating a zero tolerance for sexual abuse of inmates. I interviewed one volunteer and they verified that they had received Volunteer training and PREA reporting requirements and responsibilities. Three other examples of training records for volunteers were provided for review and met the standard.

The agency training curriculum was provided to me pre-audit and reviewed. It contained information related to PREA related reporting responsibilities and conduct expectations. The records of volunteers were also reviewed at the Watertown facility.

☐ Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard

for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The facility exceeds this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #4021 (Offender Reception/Classification), Directive #4027A (Sexual Abuse Prevention and Intervention: Inmate on Inmate), Memo from Deputy Commissioner and Associate Commissioner (PREA: Inmate Orientation Film Implementation-General Population and Special Housing Units), Memo from Associate Commissioner (New and Updated PREA Materials), Memo from Associate Commissioner (Reasonable Accommodations PREA Information), Inmate Orientation Outline (Report of Inmate Training Participation and Report of Inmate Participation), Inmate Orientation Handbooks Inserts, and Watertown Facility Orientation Packet/signed acknowledgement of receipt. I toured the reception/intake areas and talked to the assigned staff in the area and it was obvious that they were familiar with the PREA training requirements for inmates. The reception area had pamphlets prepared for incoming transfers and the officers were very versed on the requirements. The reception officers were extremely knowledgeable and well organized. I attended inmate orientation to observe the PREA presentation. It was very informative and presented extremely well. Multiple inmates were interviewed formally and informally concerning the initial PREA related orientation and most recalled the process. The reception unit issued laminated copies of their PREA brochure and several inmates showed the laminated copies to me when interviewing them informally, which supported the availability of the educational material. This was the best presentation of educational material related to prevention and reporting of sexual abuse that I have seen. I reviewed documentation of the educational component and verification is logged in their reception computer program, a signed class list, and an individual orientation form.

The institution had 526 inmates and all had been provided PREA orientation. This was confirmed by the review of inmate records, interviews of inmates, and interview with the

reception coordinators. All inmates I had interviewed informally and formally confirmed they had PREA related orientation.

115.34	Specialized Training: Investigations
	☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
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	☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)
	The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Office of Special Investigations Policy and Procedure (Training Requirements for Sex Crimes Investigators), National Institute of Corrections Training (PREA: Investigating Sexual Abuse in Confinement Settings), Power Point Presentation (PREA Specialized Training), Power Point Presentation (Sexual Abuse Investigations and PREA), KHRT Training Report for Course #17072 National Institute of Corrections Training (PREA: Investigating Sexual Abuse in Confinement Settings), Report of Training Form for PREA Specialized Training (Investigations), and Report of Training Form for Sexual Abuse Investigations and PREA Update. I reviewed training documentation to support compliance with this standard during my visit to the facility. I also had a comprehensive interview with the OSI investigator assigned to this facility and his supervisor during the Cape Vincent Audit. They discussed the specialized training they had received related to PREA investigations and provided documentation of their training.
	The facility provided documentation confirming investigator training in the National Institute of Corrections training in "Investigating Sexual Abuse in Confinement Settings". OSI investigators were also interviewed to confirm the training. The investigators indicated that they had received training on proper techniques to interview sexual abuse victims.
115.35	Specialized Training: Medical and Mental Health Care
	☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
	☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: PowerPoint Presentation (PREA: Medical and Mental Health Care), Training Manual (Mandatory Initial Training: Non-Security Staff at Facilities), Office of Mental Health Memorandum of Understanding, Directive #4750 (Volunteer Services Program-Division of Health Services acknowledgement form), Training Manual Subject (40 Hour Orientation Program for Full-time Non-Security Staff at Facilities), Facility Specific KHRT (Medical), OMH Staff RTF03 for Medical/Mental Health Training, and Facility Specific Example (Division of Health Service Form for Directive #4750). Watertown Correctional Facility doesn't employee

mental health professionals on site. The initial assessment for PREA related incidents are completed by the medical department. I interviewed three medical professionals at the facility and all were aware of PREA requirements as it relates to patient care. The doctor at the facility was extremely knowledgeable on PREA requirements. The training records for medical staff was provided and reviewed with no concerns noted.

The facility provided training records to confirm training in PREA related medical care. I interviewed three medical personnel to confirm this training. I toured the medical facility, which had PREA informational signs posted and the nursing staff were knowledgeable of their responsibilities in a PREA related incident.

115.41	Screening for Risk of Victimization and Abusiveness	
	☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)	

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

for the relevant review period)

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Memo from Deputy Commissioner for Correctional Facilities, Deputy Commissioner of Program Services, and Associate Commissioner (Prison Rape Elimination Act Risk Screening), Memo from Associate Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner (New/Revised Other Security Characteristics regarding Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity), PREA Risk Screening, Facility Specific Example. I reviewed the process for risk screening at the facility and interviewed the Sergeant who screens inmates for risk of victimization and abusiveness. The screening process was completed on arrival at the facility. I discussed PREA related information with several inmates throughout the facility and all them recalled being interviewed for victimization upon arrival.

The agency has a process in place to screen every inmate arriving at the facility within 72 hours. All inmates were screened immediately upon arrival at the facility by the reception sergeants. All inmates interviewed indicated that they had received their initial PREA informational brochure and interview on the day of arrival.

115.42	Use of Screening Information	
	☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)	

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

for the relevant review period)

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #4027A (Sexual Abuse Prevention and Intervention-Inmate on Inmate), Memo from Deputy Commissioners (New Procedure Necessitated by Directive 4027A), Memo from Associate Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner (New/Revised)

Other Security Characteristics Regarding Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity), Directive #4401 (Guidance and Counseling Services), and Directive #4009 (Minimum Provisions for Health and Morale). I interviewed one inmate who identified himself as bi-sexual and he indicated that he had no concerns at the facility.

I interviewed one inmate who identified himself as bi-sexual and he indicated that he hasn't received any discriminatory treatment at the facility. He indicated that he had not requested any individual accommodations, nor needed any.

115.43 Protective Custody

- ☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
- ☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #4948 (Protective Custody Status). Watertown Correctional Facility reported had not placed an inmate in involuntary or voluntary protective custody solely due to being a high risk for sexual victimization. I interviewed the Supervisor over SHU and one officers assigned to SHU. Both staff interviewed indicated that no inmate had been assigned to protective control solely based on their risk of victimization. Several staff were interviewed formally and informally and no staff member indicated that any inmate was placed in protective control based on his victimization risk.

115.51 Inmate Reporting

☐ Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The facility exceeds this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #4027A (Sexual Intervention-Inmate on Inmate), Directive #4028A (Sexual Abuse and Intervention), Employee Manual Section-2.20), Letter to Acting Commissioner from State Commission of Correction (Inmate and Resident Reporting), Sexual Abuse Prevention and Response Lesson Plan, General Confinement: The Prevention of Sexual Abuse in Prison: "What inmates Need to Know" pamphlet, and Facility Specific Example of third party reporting from Office of Mental Health. I reviewed the pamphlet provided to inmates statewide and feel it was very professionally done. It provide methods of reporting internally and externally. Inmates interviewed formally and informally were aware of receiving the pamphlet or showed me their copies on several occasions.

The agency has policies in place for inmate reporting of sexual abuse and sexual harassment (#4027A, 4028A, Employee Manual 2.20). I reviewed training records, spoke to staff, and

spoke to inmates during my visit to the facility. It was evident that staff and inmates were aware of the reporting process at the facility. Several inmates indicated that the facility was very safe and staff were trustworthy.

115.52	Exhaustion of Administrative Remedies
	☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
	☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)
	The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #4040 (Inmate Grievance Program). The State of New York Department of Corrections and Community Supervision has an inmate grievance system in place. PREA related complaints submitted in this manner are handled immediately. It is clear in policy that an inmate is not required to file a grievance involving a PREA related charge for it to be investigated. A grievance process was another mechanism in place to prevent sexual abuse and harassment of inmates.
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115.53 Inmate Access to Outside Confidential Support Services

- ☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
- ☑ Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)
- ☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #4423 (Inmate Telephone Calls), Directive #4404 (Inmate Legal Visits), Directive #4421 (Privileged Correspondence), Memo from Associate Commissioner to All Superintendents (Just Detention Resource Guide), Contract extension between DOCCS and designated rape crisis program, and NYS DOCCS Help for Victims of Sexual Abuse in Prison Pamphlet. Watertown Correctional facility had Victim Assistance pamphlets available in the library along with a resource manual from Just Detention. Safe Harbors of the Finger Lakes, Inc. was their 1st choice for victim support. The inmate legal visit policy mandated that Rape Crisis Center Personnel were to be treated as a legal visit if requested. Confidentiality in the legal visit area was to be provided. The privileged correspondence policy also mandated that outgoing mail addressed to a rape crisis center could not be opened and read without approval from the Superintendent.

Inmates are provided a list of victim support agencies throughout the state in the library. Contact information for outside support agencies are posted in the housing units. A resource guide published by Just Detention is also available in the library. The agency has a policy flagging this type of correspondence as confidential (#4421). Inmates are provided the limits to confidentiality. Inmates may add a Rape Crisis Center to their call list at any time.

Third Party Reporting □ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard) □ Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period) □ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action) The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: DOCCS PREA Policy Web Page. The DOCCS website has a mechanism for third party reporting. Watertown did not have an incident that was reported via third party in the last year. The DOCCS website had departmental policies, links to memos to employees, links to posters provided to the facilities, and links to pamphlets provided to inmates for the public to access and view. There was a mechanism in place for third party advocates to submit concerns in writing, via phone call, and via email.

The agency provides a mechanism for third party reporting through the Office of Special Investigations. The agency provides third party reporting information throughout the facility. Several staff and inmates mentioned posters, and pamphlets that were available throughout the facility with third party reporting information.

115.61 Staff and Agency Reporting Duties □ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)

- ☑ Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)
- ☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #4027A (Sexual Prevention and Intervention-Inmate on Inmate), Directive #4028A (Sexual Abuse Prevention and Intervention-Staff on Inmate), Employee Manual (2.20), Email: PREA-Office of Mental Health Memorandum of Understanding to All Superintendents, Directive #0700 (Office of Special Investigations), and Memo from Associate Commissioner (Sexual Abuse Response and Containment Checklist). The DOCCS has a process in place to provide a coordinated response to a PREA related incident. There is a required report in place that must be completed with a checklist of required functions. The Office of Special Investigations has a Sexual Crimes Unit that responded to PREA related incidents with trained investigators in sexual abuse cases. The investigator and his supervisor was interviewed for the audit.

All staff internally and externally were informed through initial training and annual in-service of their requirement to report PREA violations immediately. I interviewed several staff and they were aware of this requirement. All staff interviewed were aware of the need to report an allegation immediately while being aware of the sensitive nature of a PREA related allegation.

115.62 **Agency Protection Duties** ☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard) Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period) ☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action) The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #4040 (Inmate Grievance Program), and Directive #4948 (Protective Custody Status). The New Department of Corrections and Community Supervision has a process in place to document involuntary segregation. A form (2168A) must be completed to place an inmate into involuntary protective custody. Watertown Correctional Facility had no incident of involuntary protective custody placement within the last year. The SHU supervisor and shift supervisors were interviewed and all were aware of the process to place an inmate into involuntary protective custody. The facility staff interviewed were aware of the requirement to find alternative solutions to involuntary segregation of a victimized inmate. All employees interviewed were aware that immediate action must take place to protect an inmate who faced an imminent threat of sexual abuse. Watertown had no incident within the last twelve months. The facility provided pocket cards to all staff which provided step by step instructions on handling PREA related allegations. 115.63 Reporting to Other Confinement Facilities ☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard) ☑ Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard) for the relevant review period) ☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Memo from Associate Commissioner (Reporting to Other Confinement Facilities), Report of Sexual Abuse (Form 115.63), Sexual Abuse Threat Incident Log books. Watertown Correctional Facility has not received any reports of an inmate at their facility being sexually abused at another facility. The Warden, PREA Point Person, and Sergeant over Reception were interviewed. The reporting process was discussed and examples of the reporting forms were provided. All staff responsible for reporting to other facilities were aware of the required process and documentation.

115.64 Staff Responder Duties

☐Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The facility exceeds this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #4027B (Sexual Abuse Reporting and Investigation-Inmate on Inmate), Directive #4028B (Sexual Abuse Reporting and Investigation-Staff on Inmate), Memo from Deputy Commissioner, Deputy Commissioner Chief Medical Officer, Associate Commissioner PREA Coordinator (Response to Inmate Sexual Activity), Memo from Associate Commissioner (PREA Coordinated Response Plan), Sexual Abuse Prevention and Response Lesson Plan, Sample KHRT for Course # 35029, Watertown Coordinated Response Plan to an Incident of Inmate Sexual Abuse. All First Responders interviewed were versed in how to maintain physical evidence preservation. There is a checklist required to follow if an incident were to occur. All staff and officers interviewed were versed in the actions to take to protect the victim, while maintaining a secure scene for preservation purposes. All interviewed knew to maintain sensitivity while preserving evidence for possible criminal processing.

115.65 Coordinated Response

- ☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
- ☑ Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)
- ☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Memo from Associate Commissioner (PREA Coordinated Response Plan), Sexual Abuse Response and Containment Checklist, and Watertown Coordinated Response Plan to an Incident of Inmate Sexual Abuse. The DOCCS has a protocol in place to provide a coordinated response to incident of inmate sexual abuse. It directed initial responders to direct participants to cease activity, assess situation for need for on-site medical care, and need to notify the supervisor, instruct participants to avoid destroying evidence, and complete reports in detail. I interviewed First Responders, nurses, supervisors and random staff and all were very knowledgeable of their responsibilities in an allegation of inmate sexual abuse. I also talked to the Physician and Nursing Administrator, who were aware of their responsibilities in a PREA alleged incident. First responders were instructed to ensure participants and witnesses were removed, separated, and isolated for interview.

115.66	Preservation of Ability to Protect Inmates from Contact with Abusers
	☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
	☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)
	The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #2110 (Employee Discipline-Suspension from Duty During the Continuation of Disciplinary Proceedings), Directive #2114 (Functions of the Bureau of Labor Relations), New York State Governors Office of Employee Relations (Administrative Services Unit, Operations Service Unit, Institutional Services Unit, Professional, Scientific and Technical Services Unit, Security Supervisors Unit), and Union Contracts continuation after expiration (Taylor Law Triborough Amendment). New York has a process in place through their various union contract agreements that allow them to suspend institutional staff from contact with victimized inmates. A staff member can be removed from their post until completion of an investigation is completed.
115.67	Agency Protection Against Retaliation
	☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
	Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)
	☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)
	The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Employee Manual (2.19), Memo from Associate Commissioner (Agency Protection Against Retaliation), Retaliation Monitoring Form (115.67A). Watertown Correctional Facility has had one reported incidents that required monitoring. The follow-up was completed on the using the DOCCS approved form. The facility had processes in place to monitor retaliation. The monitoring period is ninety days.
115.68	Post-Allegation Protective Custody
	 □ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard) □ Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard
	for the relevant review period)
	☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)
	The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #4948 (Protective Custody Status). Watertown Correctional Facility has not utilized Voluntary or Involuntary Protective placement solely for the purpose of protecting an inmate who is alleged to have been a victim of sexual abuse. I interviewed the

SHU supervisor and they were aware the requirements to avoid involuntary segregation of a

sexual abuse victim. Supervisors interviewed were aware of the requirement against involuntary protective control.

115.71	Criminal and Administrative Agency Investigations
	☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
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	☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)
	The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #0700 (Office of Special Investigations), OSI Policy and Procedure (Training Requirements for Sex Crimes Investigators), Office of Special Investigations Sex Crime Unit-Inmate on Inmate Dispatch and Operational Guidelines), Office of Special Investigations-Staff on Inmate Dispatch and Operational Guidelines), Letter to Superintendent of New York State Police (Implementation of the PREA Standards), New York Criminal Procedural Law (160.45 Polygraph Tests-Prohibition Against), Directive #2011 (Disposition of Departmental Records), OSI Policy and Procedure (Intake and Case Management Unit-Entire Complaint Process and Case File Management), and Power Point Presentation (PREA Specialized Training Investigations). The Coordinated Response Plan procedure was in place to contact the Office of Special Investigations if a PREA related concern were to take place at Watertown Correctional Facility. An agreement and understanding was in place for the Office of Investigations, the New York State Police, and Watertown Correctional Facility to work cooperatively in PREA related investigations. Policy was in place to maintain physical records involving investigations until the investigation was completed and state records retention timelines were reached (7 years). Files were maintained electronically permanently. I interviewed the Office of Special Investigations Regional Investigator and his Supervisor during the audit visit. They were well aware of the requirements involving PREA investigations and provided their training records to allow them to investigate PREA related cases. Both investigators were aware that a polygraph could not be made mandatory by the victim for a case to proceed.
115.72	Evidentiary Standard for Administrative Investigations
	☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
	☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Memo from Deputy Chief of Investigations (Sex Crimes Division-Close Out Procedures), and Sexual Abuse Prevention and Response Lesson Plan. The DOCCS has policies in place for evidentiary standards for PREA related cases. There were notification

requirements for substantiated, unsubstantiated, and unfounded cases. The lesson plan provided a definition for preponderance of the evidence and beyond a reasonable doubt.

115.73	Reporting to Inmate
	☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
	oxtimes Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)
	☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The facility meets this standard. The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Memorandum from Chief, Office of Special Investigations (Notification of Investigative Determination), Memo from Deputy Chief, and Office of Special Investigations (Sex Crimes Division Close Out Procedures). The Office of Special Investigations has a process in place to notify the inmate upon close out of a case, which will indicated substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded. The OSI investigator will notify the inmate directly in cases of substantiated or unsubstantiated cases and record in the case file. Unfounded cases decisions are sent to the inmate's facility and provided to the inmate via legal mail process. I interviewed the Warden, PREA Point Person, and OSI investigators and they were aware of this process and had been trained on the process.

115.76 Disciplinary Sanctions for Staff

- ☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
- ☑ Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)
- ☐ The facility meets this standard.

The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #4028A (Sexual Abuse Prevention and Intervention (Inmate on Inmate), Directive #4028B (Sexual Abuse Reporting and Investigation (Staff on Inmate), Directive #2110 (Employee Discipline (Suspension from Duty During the Continuation of Disciplinary Proceedings), Employee Manual (2.19), Directive #2605 (Sexual Harassment in the Workplace), Memo Deputy Commissioner for Administrative Services (Prison Rape Elimination Act/Presumptive Disciplinary Sanction for Staff Sexual Misconduct), and Directive #2111 (Report of Employee Misconduct). The DOCCS has policies in place for disciplinary sanctions of employees up to removal for PREA related convictions. The employee manual given to all employees explains that process to employees. Watertown Correctional Facility has had no incidents of employee suspension or termination for issues of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. Several members of the executive staff along with security supervisors were interviewed during the audit. They were aware of the zero tolerance level for correctional staff in inmate sexual abuse. The Superintendent and Deputy Superintendent were interviewed specifically and were aware of the staff disciplinary process.

115.77 Corrective Action for Contractors and Volunteers ☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard) ☑ Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard) for the relevant review period) ☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action) The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #4750 (Volunteer Services Program), Office of Special Investigations (Reporting of Misconduct to Outside Agencies), Directive #2605 (Sexual Harassment in the Workplace), Memo from Acting Commissioner (Policy on the Prevention of Sexual Abuse of Offenders), and Division of Ministerial, Family and Volunteer Services (Volunteer Information Packet). The DOCCS policies address zero tolerance involving sexual abuse and sexual harassment of inmate by contractors and volunteer. I reviewed the Volunteer Information Packet and it indicated that there was zero tolerance for sexual abuse or sexual harassment by volunteers. I interviewed one volunteer and he was aware of the zero tolerance against sexual abuse and harassment. He explained the process he would use to report an allegation of sexual abuse to the DOCCS authorities. I reviewed this volunteers training records and it substantiated that he had attended training. The policy outlined criminal actions taken in the event of a volunteer or contractor sexual abuse or sexual harassment. 115.78 **Disciplinary Sanctions for Inmates**

☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)

⊠Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Memo from Deputy Commissioner (Disciplinary Disposition Guidelines), Directive #4932 (Chapter V, Standards Behavior and Allowances), Sex Offender Counseling and Treatment Program Guidelines, Directive #4028A (Sexual Abuse Prevention and Intervention-Staff on Inmate), and Directive #4027A (Sexual Abuse Prevention and Invention-Inmate on Inmate). The DOCCS policy clearly outlines disciplinary sanctions that can be implemented on inmates who violate PREA related violations. Watertown Correctional Facility has not had an inmate found guilty of a sex offense. The facility has had no inmate in need of sex offender counseling in the general population.

Inmates are subject to discipline internally for inmate on inmate sexual abuse (#4932). The inmate disciplinary process prohibits any sexual activity between inmates. Inmates are only disciplined for sexual relations with staff in cases where it is determined to be without consent from staff. I discussed this standard with the Supervisor over hearing inmate rule

violations and he was well versed on the disciplinary expectations for inmate on inmate sexual convictions.

115.81	Medical and Mental Health Screenings; History of Sexual Abuse
	☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
	\boxtimes Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)
	☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)
	The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Memo from Deputy Commissioner/Chief Medical Officer (Health Screening Forms), Directive #4301 (Mental Health Satellite Services and Commitments to CNYPC (Mental Health Referral), HSPM 1.12B (Inmate Blood borne Pathogens Significant Exposure Protocols), PREA-Office of Mental Health-Memorandum Of Understanding, and HSPM 1.44 (Health Screening of Inmates). The DOCCS had a protocol in place for medical and mental health screenings related to PREA requirements. Watertown Correctional Facility has protocol in place to respond to a mental health needs, if needed. It is set up in institution catchment region in conjunction with the Department of Mental Health. Each inmate is screened by medical staff upon arrival at the facility from other facilities. The inmates are ask three PREA related questions upon arrival. An example of a completed review form was provided for review. The DOCCS has protocol in place to provide inmates medical and mental health treatment for sexual abuse victims within their correctional system. I discussed the screening process with medical staff and all were aware of the screening process. The Associate Commissioner also explained the mental services provisions set-up for facilities without mental health staff.
115.82	Access to Emergency Medical and Mental Health Services
	☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
	⊠Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)
	☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Directive #4027B (Sexual Abuse Reporting and Investigation-Inmate on Inmate), Directive #4028B (Sexual Abuse Reporting and Investigation-Staff on Inmate), and HSPM 1.60 (Sexual Assault-SANE/Safe Hospitals). The DOCCS had protocol in place to transport a victim of sexual abuse to a predetermined hospital with SANE/SAFE certified nurses for medical examined if required. The DOCCS also have procedural protocol in place to provide emergency prophylactic medications if deemed appropriate by medical staff in consultation with the victimized inmate. All services were provided free of charge to the inmate. All interviewed staff at the facility understood the need for immediate action to protect evidence and the health of the inmate if a sexual assault were to occur. Ambulatory care was provided to and from a certified hospital for treatment if needed. Watertown Correctional Facility had no

incidents that required an inmate being transported to a SANE/SAFE certified hospital for a medical examination.

115.83	Ongoing Medical and Mental Health Care for Sexual Abuse Victims and Abusers
	☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
	☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)
	The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: HSPM 1.60, PREA-Office of Mental Health Memorandum of Understanding to all Superintendents), HSPM 1.12B (Inmate Blood borne Pathogens Significant Exposure Protocol), and HSPM 1.44 (Health Screening of Inmates). The DOCCS had protocol in place to provide immediate medical examination of inmates who claim sexual abuse. The Physician, Nursing Administrator and nurse were interviewed and were versed in the emergency protocol to follow with sexual abuse victims. The facility did not have mental health staff on site but had memorandums of understanding with the New York Department of Mental Health and Victim Crisis Providers for services. Watertown currently had no inmates in their population who have records of sexual abuse.
	The agency had protocol in place to offer tests for sexually transmitted infections if a sexual assault were to occur at the facility. A multi-discipline approach to dealing with inmates who are victimized was evident throughout DOCCS policy.
115.86	Sexual Abuse Incident Reviews
	$\hfill\square$ Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)
	☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Memo from Deputy Commissioner and Associate Commissioner (Prison Rape Elimination Act Procedural Enhancements Sexual Abuse Response and Containment Checklist-Sexual Abuse Incident Reviews and Security Staffing Audits/Sexual Abuse Incident Checklist). There is a process in place to complete incident reviews of Sexual abuse cases. This process is utilized throughout the DOCCS. There was no cases at Watertown Correctional Facility that required incident review in this audit cycle. The Superintendent, Deputy Superintendent, PREA Point Person, and Shift Supervisors were aware of the review process that the DOCCS had placed in departmental protocol. The process reporting requirements, report, and review process exceeds standard. It is a very detailed process and thorough process.

115.87 **Data Collection** ☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard) Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period) ☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action) The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Office of Program Planning and Evaluation (PREA Data Collection, Review, Retention and Publication Manual, Data Dictionary, and Facility Specific Examples. The State of New York Department of Corrections and Community Supervision have a centralized method of reporting PREA related accusations, investigations, and cases. The Deputy Superintendent of Security is required to submit reports monthly containing data related to PREA related investigations. Watertown Correctional Facility had no cases to report in this audit cycle. Examples were provided of monthly reports being filed with the Superintendents signature. The DOCCS had a method of tracking incidents statewide as they are investigated also for review of trends, commonalities, etc. Data Review for Corrective Action 115.88 ☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard) Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Office of Program Planning Research and Evaluation (PREA Data Collection, Review, Retention and Publication Manual), PREA Page with the link to Annual Report on the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision Website (Link to Annual Report on Sexual Victimization), and Copy of the Annual Report. The agency has a centralized reporting mechanism in place for reporting, review, and corrective action. The agency utilizes this report to make enhancements to reduce sexual victimization throughout the New York prison system. A copy of the 2013-2014 Annual Report on Sexual Victimization was provided to me. I also viewed it on the State of New York Department of Corrections and Community Supervision website, where it was available for public review. The website was very easy to navigate and find PREA related information.

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)

115.89	Data Storage, Publication, and Destruction	
	☐ Exceeds Standard (substantially exceeds requirement of standard)	
	⊠Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard	
	for the relevant review period)	
	☐ Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective action)	
	The standard is addressed in the following policies and procedures: Office of Program Planning Research and Evaluation (PREA Data Collection, Review, Retention and Publication Manual). The DOCCS removes all personal identifiers prior to posting them publicly. Records are maintained for 10 years after completion of cases.	
AUDITOR CERTIFICATION:		
The auditor certifies that the contents of the report are accurate to the best of his/her knowledge and		

10/18/2016

Date

review.

Auditor Signature Jeffrey B. Noble